

YANKEE MAJOR LOSSES 56,592

39,158 Dead Is U. S. Toll in War
Against Germany and
Her Allies.

27,762 KILLED IN ACTION

11,386 Yanks Died of Wounds; 14,649
Missing in Action; 2,785 Taken
Prisoner—Losses by Divi-
sions Given.

Washington, Feb. 1.—An official tabulation of casualties by divisions for the American expeditionary forces, 95 per cent complete to date, was made public by the war department. The totals for all divisions, exclusive of the two regiments of marines in the second division, are: Killed in action, 27,762; died of wounds, 11,386; missing in action, 14,649; prisoners, 2,785; grand total of major casualties, 56,592.

Major casualties of the Thirty-fifth division (Missouri and Kansas National Guard) "practically complete." General March announced were 1,738 men, divided as follows:

Killed, 593; died of wounds, 217; missing in action, 808; prisoners, 112. The figures for each of the 30 combat divisions included show the following totals of major casualties:

First (regular), 5,245.
Second (regular), 2,565.
Third (regular), 4,617.
Fourth (regular), 2,500.
Fifth (regular), 2,591.
Sixth (regular), 122.
Seventh (regular), 324.
Twenty-sixth (New England National Guard), 2,864.
Twenty-seventh (New York National Guard), 2,194.
Twenty-eighth (Pennsylvania National Guard), 2,860.
Twenty-ninth (New Jersey, Virginia, Maryland, Delaware and District of Columbia National Guard), 1,177.
Thirtieth (Tennessee, North Carolina and South Carolina National Guard), 1,772.
Thirty-first (Michigan and Wisconsin National Guard), 3,212.
Thirty-second (Illinois, Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, North and South Dakota National Guard), 1,171.
Thirty-third (Missouri and Kansas National Guard), 1,738.
Thirty-fourth (Texas and Oklahoma National Guard), 1,270.
Thirty-fifth (Indiana), 2,890.
Thirty-sixth (New York metropolitan National army), 2,002.
Thirty-seventh (New York and northern Pennsylvania National army), 1,025.
Thirty-eighth (southern Pennsylvania National army), 2,300.
Thirty-ninth (New Jersey, Virginia, Maryland, Delaware and District of Columbia National army), 1,555.
Fortieth (Tennessee, North Carolina and South Carolina National army), 370.
Forty-first (Georgia, Alabama and Florida National army), 1,592.
Forty-second (Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, North Dakota and South Dakota National army), 60.
Forty-third (Kansas, Missouri and Colorado National army), 1,526.
Forty-fourth (Texas, Arizona, New Mexico and Oklahoma National army), 1,585.
Forty-fifth (Washington, Oregon, California, Nevada, Utah, Idaho, Montana and Wyoming), 1,702.
Forty-sixth (National army, negroes), 211.
Forty-seventh (National army, negroes), 400.

As to other reported heavy casualties, General March said, 15 divisions in France had sustained losses greater than the Thirty-fifth. In that list the Ninety-second (National army, negroes) division, also reported to have suffered severely, stood 28th and the Ninety-third division stood 25th.

UKRAINE SENDS ULTIMATUM

Tells Poles They Must Evacuate Disputed Territories or Fight, Geneva Reports.

Geneva, Feb. 4.—The government of the Ukraine has threatened war on Poland if the latter government does not withdraw its troops from disputed territories, according to word received here.

YANKS IN BERLIN ON MISSION

Twenty-One U. S. Army Officers Go to Capital to Study Situation.

London, Feb. 4.—Twenty-one American officers have arrived in Berlin from Cologne to study the political situation in Germany, according to a news agency dispatch from Amsterdam.

Yanks Arrest 219 Germans.

American Headquarters in Germany, Feb. 5.—Two hundred and nineteen Germans have been arrested and tried by American courts-martial during the two months of American occupation, according to figures made public.

Chicago Greets Its Heroes.

Chicago, Feb. 5.—Returning heroes of the Blackhawk division, 1,500 strong, and composing the 81st anti-aircraft brigade, were welcomed by a throng of friends and relatives.

Body Is Identified.

Englewood, N. J., Feb. 4.—The body of the young woman found in a crevice on the edge of the Palisades one week ago was positively identified as that of Azele Packwood of Tampa, Fla., by her brother, George Packwood.

Ship Hits Mine; 11 Killed.

Copenhagen, Feb. 4.—Eleven persons were killed when a fishing steamer struck a floating mine off Stavanger, it is reported. Many others are afloat in the North Sea, giving fishermen great anxiety.

Breadstuffs for Germany.

New York, Feb. 2.—Under the general food program outlined by the allies Germany will be allowed about 6,000,000 bushels of breadstuffs a month, mostly from the United States, if she can find the money to pay for it.

Won't Tax Campaign Funds.

Washington, Feb. 2.—By a vote of 244 to 91 the house instructed its conferees on the war revenue bill to refuse to concur in the senate amendment imposing a 100 per cent tax on political contributions exceeding \$500.



Joseph J. Grew is secretary and supervising director of the American commission to negotiate peace, with the rank of minister plenipotentiary.

HITS U. S. RAIL RULE

HINES OPPOSED TO GOVERNMENT OWNERSHIP.

Director General Says He Favors Federal Supervision of Few Big Companies.

Washington, Feb. 5.—Director General Hines, testifying before the senate interstate commerce committee for the first time since his appointment as railroad head, declared he did not believe in government ownership, but in organization of a few big railway companies subject to close government supervision.

"I do not believe there is anything substantial in the argument that a five-year extension of government operation would necessarily mean government ownership. I believe there can be a form of radically reconstituted private ownership with such close government representation on the boards of directors as will give the public and labor all the benefit of government ownership and at the same time will preserve the benefits of private and self-interest initiative and will avoid the political difficulties which perhaps are inseparable from government ownership."

To permit development of a comprehensive and permanent solution Mr. Hines renewed Mr. McAdoo's recommendation for a five-year extension of government control and explained that if this were not done he believed it would be best for all interests concerned to relinquish government control without waiting for expiration of the 21-month period provided by existing law.

GIVE BELGIUM \$2,000,000,000

Sum Advanced by Allies to Be Paid Out of First Indemnity Received From Germany.

Paris, Feb. 3.—Two billion dollars have been advanced to Belgium by Great Britain, France and the United States, the amount to be deducted from the first installment of the war indemnity to be paid by Germany, according to a dispatch from Brussels.

The dispatch adds that the amount will be raised either by an international bond issue or by a German loan having priority over all other loans.

BAR HUNTING FROM PLANES

Shooting of Wild Fowl in United States by Airman With Machine Guns Prohibited.

Washington, Feb. 5.—Shooting of wild fowl with machine guns from airplanes, the latest device employed by sportsmen along the Atlantic coast, has been forbidden by order of the director of military aeronautics. Instructions have been issued by the director to conduct all flights along the coast wherever migratory wild fowl may be found in such a manner to interfere as little as possible with the birds.

M'ADOO COUNSEL FOR MOVIES

Former Secretary of the Treasury Engaged by Los Angeles Picture Company.

Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 5.—William C. McAdoo, formerly secretary of the treasury, has been retained as counsel by a recently organized moving-picture firm, according to announcement by John Fairbanks, brother of one of the founders of the concern. Mr. McAdoo is passing the winter near here.

To Recognize Union Labor.

New York, Feb. 6.—The Bethlehem Steel company has received from its former stand against the rulings of the national war labor board, and agrees to accept collective bargaining on the part of its employees.

Battle in Bremen Suburbs.

Copenhagen, Feb. 6.—Ammunition government troops are fighting on the outskirts of Bremen, according to dispatches received here. Government forces are reported to have forced their way into the city.

Monster Battleships for Japan.

Tokyo, Feb. 5.—Details of Japan's greater navy program were learned here. It includes the sister battleships Nagato, to be launched in July, and Mutsu, in October. Each battleship will be of 40,000 tons.

U. S. Food Reaches Vienna.

Vietnam, Feb. 5.—A detachment of 700 American soldiers arrived here with the first shipment of American food for relief purposes. The American shipment will enable the serving of a full bread ration.

New Job for the League.

London, Feb. 4.—Internationalization of control and transport of the world's munitions was advocated by former Premier Asquith in an address at Queen's hall in support of its cause of nations plan.

Pope Names Mgr. Dowling.

Rome, Feb. 4.—Pope Benedict has promoted Mgr. Austin Dowling, bishop of Des Moines, Ia., to metropolitan of the diocese of St. Paul, Minn., in succession to the late Archbishop Ireland.

BIG U. S. NAVY IS ASKED BY WILSON

Cable to Daniels Insists That
Great Construction Program
Be Continued.

TEXT OF MESSAGE SECRET

Insistence of President in the Three-Year Program Forces Indorsement—Cablegram Involves International Policy.

Washington, Feb. 6.—Insistence by President Wilson upon the administration's policy of naval expansion led to the unanimous approval given by the house naval committee to another three-year construction program.

This was disclosed by Chairman Padgett of the committee when the house began consideration of the \$750,000,000 annual naval appropriation bill.

Mr. Padgett told of a cablegram sent by the president from Paris to Secretary Daniels, saying nothing had occurred over there to change the recommendations he made in his annual message to congress.

The message was brought to the attention of the committee by Daniels. "The president was very earnest," Representative Padgett said, "and very insistent that the three-year program be carried out."

Mr. Padgett refused to make public the cablegram, and it was under a cross-fire of questions from Republican members that he referred to its substance.

"Did he say in substance that lack of the program would be fatal to his negotiations?" asked Representative Rogers of Massachusetts (Rep.).

"Excuse me from a statement," replied Mr. Padgett. "I will neither affirm nor deny a word that was in the cable. I will not give the words that he did or did not use."

Representative Graham of Illinois (Rep.), asked about the receipt of the cable, and Mr. Padgett replied that it had been given him in confidence by Secretary Daniels.

"Is that not one reason that the report was unanimous?" asked Graham.

"Yes, sir," responded Mr. Padgett. Mr. Graham insisted then that congress should have the information so that it might act intelligently on the proposed construction.

Mr. Padgett answered: "I cannot give it because it involves more than our own domestic policy."

Representative Butler of Pennsylvania said before new construction could be started different conditions might make a larger navy unnecessary.

Representative Blayden of Texas (Dem.) asked why an executive session of the house could not be held, but Representative Butler answered that it would do no good, saying that the message was read to naval committee members who were enjoined not to mention it, but that it became known.

FRUIT MEN FOR U. S. RULE

Head of California Exchange Makes Plea for Federal Control of Traffic in Foodstuffs.

Chicago, Feb. 3.—"The desirability of government supervision of traffic in foodstuffs will be thrashed out at the American Fruit and Vegetable Shippers' association convention at Hotel Sherman, Englewood during the war, it is said, has developed in the association, which includes "food kings" who virtually control the fruits and vegetable business, a strong sentiment for federal supervision.

The leader of this sentiment is G. Harold Powell, head of the California Fruit Growers' exchange. During the war Mr. Powell was first assistant to Herbert Hoover in the food administration. He told the other "fruit kings" that federal supervision is desirable. Mr. Powell declared that millions of dollars' worth of food spoil annually while producers and receivers wrangle.

4 HELD FOR \$100,000 FRAUD

Two Men and Two Women Arrested at Cincinnati by U. S. Marshals for Deals in Kansas City, Mo.

Cincinnati, Feb. 3.—Charged in federal warrants with violating the postal regulations in connection with certain oil and stock transactions in Kansas City, Mo., two men and two women registered as Mr. and Mrs. K. C. Barrett and Mr. and Mrs. Frank W. Barrett, were arrested here by deputy United States marshals. The men, who claimed to be brothers, and the women were taken before United States Commissioner Joseph Adler and held in \$50,000 bond each. They will be taken to Kansas City.

Anarchists in New Advances.

Copenhagen, Feb. 6.—In their advance from Dvinsk, the anarchists have captured Vilkund, 40 miles north-northwest of Vilna, the capital of Lithuania, according to a report from Vilna.

Reds Want Peace.

Paris, Feb. 6.—The Russian soviet government will take "all measures" to bring about an agreement with the entente, according to a wireless message sent out from Moscow on Sunday.

Judge Rules Against Berger.

Chicago, Feb. 6.—Federal Judge Landis refused to set aside the verdict against Congressman-elect Victor Berger and four other Socialists recently convicted of violating the espionage act.

"Crown Prince" Asks Divorce.

Zurich, Feb. 6.—Frederick, crown prince of the former German emperor, according to a Berlin dispatch to the Munich Zeitung, has instituted proceedings for a divorce.

Nat Goodwin Dies.

New York, Feb. 3.—Nat C. Goodwin, the actor, died at a hotel here, after a brief illness. Death was due to a general breakdown in health, following an operation for the removal of his right eye several months ago.

1,500 Prisoners on Strike.

Leavenworth, Kan., Feb. 3.—More than 1,500 of the 3,570 prisoners in the United States disciplinary barracks, where the destroyed quarters were destroyed, refused to leave their cells or to perform any labor.



P. A. S. Franklin, president of the International Mercantile Marine, is likely to continue his voluntary work well into the days of peace. He represents the United States shipping board on the export control committee, a body whose labors are not reduced by cessation of fighting. Mr. Franklin was for some time chairman of the shipping control committee of the shipping board, and is still doing the same work on the export control committee.

CIVIC GUARD PLANNED

TO MAINTAIN ORDER DURING STRIKE IN ENGLAND.

London Daily Mail Forecasts Steps to Be Taken by Government to Protect Public Service.

London, Feb. 6.—The ministry of labor will intervene in the strikes which are spreading throughout Great Britain and Ireland if union officials fail to gain control of the situation.

The following statement was issued: "The government regards the labor situation as a light between regular labor union leaders and rebels. If the regular leaders are unable to gain control the government will then intervene for the protection of society."

London, Feb. 5.—Plans for the formation of a civic guard to maintain and protect public service have been submitted to the authorities, according to the Mail, which says that a similar plan has been successfully employed in Switzerland, Holland and Australia.

The newspaper states that, should the actions of the strikers warrant such a course, the citizens may be asked to form a guard to maintain transport, lighting and food supply services and also to guard power stations, flour mills and important factories.

More than a quarter of a million men were demobilized in the week ended January 30 and the total to date has exceeded a million men. The demobilization is continuing in the most satisfactory manner, but the opinions prevail here that the one unfortunate feature of the situation is that the men are not being absorbed in civil occupations in proportion to the rate of demobilization.

"That the industries of the country are unable to provide all the men with jobs is said to be almost entirely due to the fact that industry is suffering from a shortage of coal. This shortage is one of the most serious questions at present facing the country."

27,000 SILK WORKERS STRIKE

New Jersey Operatives Demand 47 Hour Week—Small Shops Yield to Demands.

Pateron, N. J., Feb. 5.—Between 20,000 and 27,000 silk workers, representing 90 per cent of the industry in Pateron, are idle, according to Louis Maguire, local chairman of the United Textile Workers of America.

SINN FEIN LEADER ESCAPES

Edward De Valera Flees From Prison in London, Says Exchange Telegraph Company.

London, Feb. 6.—Edward de Valera, Sinn Fein leader, has escaped from prison, the Exchange Telegraph company declared.

Phoney Deputies Take \$1,500.

Detroit, Feb. 3.—Thieves posing as phoney sheriffs here searching for whiskey were richer by 4,000 Russian rubles, or \$1,500 in real American money, while Michael Tostolitz was swearing never again to trust money to his trunk. The phoney officers put their victim out of the room while making the search for whiskey, and when he returned the trunk was broken open and ransacked.

Opens Line to Belgium.

Brussels, Feb. 6.—The first train from Paris arrived here by way of Mons and Arras. Direct train service between Paris and Brussels is expected to be opened within three weeks.

President Wilson Presides.

Paris, Feb. 6.—President Wilson presided over the commission of the Society of Nations, which had before it the completed project for constituting the league, discussing it article by article.

1919 Mississippi Service Starts.

St. Louis, Feb. 6.—Mississippi river service for the 1919 season was established here Saturday with the sailing of a towboat and barges for New Orleans, the principal load being corn for Cuba.

Chicago Auto Bandits Get \$5,000.

Chicago, Feb. 4.—Two young bandits, masked and armed with pistols, robbed the Gottfried Brewing company, 387 Alexander street, of a \$5,000 pay roll and escaped in an automobile.

Fatal Blast in Nyack, N. Y.

Nyack, N. Y., Feb. 3.—During explosions and fire which wrecked the Nyack plant of the American Aniline Products company of New York city, one man was killed and 23 other employees were injured.

Won't Give Gibraltar to Spain.

Paris, Feb. 3.—The report that some arrangement between Great Britain and Spain was in prospect through which Gibraltar would be turned over to Spanish jurisdiction is denied here.

FARM MARKETING BILL TO HOUSE

Radically Different From Special Committee's Measure.

TO ABOLISH 3 DEPARTMENTS

Duties of Dairy and Food Department, Department of Farmers' Institutes and Bureau of Immigration to Go to New Commission.

Madison.—Interest prevails in the equity farm marketing bill by Assemblyman J. C. Hanson of Dane county. The provisions of this measure are radically different from the bill drafted by the special legislative investigating committee. The latter bill is by Senator George B. Skogmo of the upper branch. Market legislation is one of the most important planks in the administration platform and promises to be the central issue of legislation.

The Hanson bill abolishes the dairy and food department, the department of farmers' institutes and the bureau of immigration, and centers the duties and functions of these departments within the new market commission. The bill creates a board of foods and markets composed of three members, one to be named by the governor, and appointed by the governor, by and with the advice of the senate and assembly. Of the three members of the board, one shall be selected from a list furnished by the governor by the farmer organizations of the state; the second shall be taken from a similar list furnished by the labor organization; and the third may be named by the executive without suggestion. The regular term of office is six years and the salary is \$5,000 annually. The secretary shall receive a salary of \$3,000 annually.

Then comes a provision that will not be found in any market commission bill so far enacted by any state. The bill says, in speaking of the commission: "Any member of said board may be removed from office by a majority vote of both houses of the legislature assembled in joint session."

Among the more important powers of the commission are:

1. Establish rules and practices relating to standardizing, grading, weighing, packing, storage and sale of food products, including an investigation of supply and demand, prevailing prices, cost of production or manufacture and profits in handling thereof.

2. To collect information on the supply and demand for products and to aid in marketing these products efficiently and economically.

3. To promote organization of public markets.

4. Investigate delays, embargoes, rates and charges for handling agricultural products or food products, raw or manufactured; and to institute legal proceedings to secure justice.

5. To promote co-operation.

6. To fix standards for receptacles and for the grades and classification of farm products.

It is made unlawful for any person to use the state label unless in fact such product has been inspected, graded and standardized or to use a similar label or design. The board is given power to investigate the conduct of any board or business handling food products to ascertain if the practices are legal. The bill also declares that "the production and manufacture of farm, agricultural and food products, and the marketing and the selling of the same, are affected with the public interest."

Senator J. Henry Bennett of Vilna has started his fight in the legislature to secure higher income rates. As a preliminary he has offered a resolution in the upper house of the Wisconsin legislature calling upon the state tax commission to furnish definite income tax data of the earnings of corporations and individuals to the legislature, to be used as a basis for his bill.

The resolution asks the tax commission to furnish to the legislature the net income and names of all corporations in the state having an income in excess of \$5,000 annually. His application asks for the income tax data for the years 1916 and 1917, which is now available at the offices of the state tax commission.

The number of individuals in the state with incomes in excess of \$5,000 for the years mentioned is also asked for, tabulated so as to show the number of persons in each \$2,500 group above \$5,000.

Following are some assembly bills offered:

Kandutsch—Requiring motorists to dim their lights in passing other vehicles.

Young—Providing that a dairy or farm organization may pay the expense of a dairy and food inspector, who shall give him time to the inspection of the organization's products.

Young—School districts dissolved by neglect may be added to adjoining districts.

Hollweg—Detach territory from the town of Winter and attach same to Montebello, Sawyer county.

Roskel—Providing for the transportation of children to school districts having an attendance of less than 11 to adjoining districts.

Protest Order to Kill Deer.

The state conservation commission has ordered the killing of deer on Rock Island, the killing to be done under supervision of the game warden. There are from 25 to 30 deer browsing on the place. The owner, C. H. Thornderson of Chicago, filed complaint that the deer were destroying shrubbery and fruit trees. Protest has been filed asking the department to drive them to Peninsula state park where Death's Door is frozen over. Rock Island is 10 miles from the mainland and one mile from Washington island.

See No Lower Wheat and Flour.

No prospects of lower wheat and flour prices are foreseen by Milwaukee grain men, even though there is an enormous surplus of grain above the demand. The government price of \$2.26 must be maintained to stabilize the market, they believe. The payment of \$2.26 per bushel for wheat to the farmer must continue until June 1, 1920. The government may remove the limit on the market and pay the farmer the difference, but this would disrupt the market, grain men say.

War Raises Pay for Police.

Raises in salaries have been granted to the police officers in 28 Wisconsin cities during recent months, according to a special report of the present status of police salaries in the state which was prepared, on request, by the municipal reference bureau of the University of Wisconsin. To the bureau's inquiry, 68 cities reported "no raises" and others are considering the question. The highest paid police chief in the state, outside of Milwaukee, receives \$2,400 a year and the lowest \$100.

New Measures to Guard Health.

A dozen bills are expected to appear in the assembly proposing safeguards of public health. These measures were recommended by the state board of health, requiring county boards to employ public health nurses, authorizing local boards of health to close schools during an epidemic, prohibiting carriers of disease from handling milk or bulk products, excluding a health officer from personal liability in performance of his duties, legalizing delayed filing of birth and death certificates and including a comprehensive measure for strict supervision of public water supplies, sewage disposal and industrial waste.

The board amended the diphtheria rule to provide taking of throat swabs to detect germs, amended the scarlet fever rule, providing quarantine of three weeks and until the mucous membrane of patient is normal and scaling of skin is complete. The board voted to amend the statutes to compel reporting of cholera and prohibit advertising of certain patent medicines for social disease.

Change Workmen's Compensation Act.

Senator Henry Sheboygan, introduced a bill changing the wording and possibly enlarging the scope of the workmen's compensation act.

"The amendments offered change the word 'accident,' used in the present wording of the law, to read 'injury.' Much argument has arisen in compensation cases wherein the time of the accident has been difficult of proof. 'Accident' in many cases has been held entirely different from 'injury.' The substitution of the word 'injury' frees the matter from ambiguity."

Another section of the bill includes amending the present law to include, in addition to all accidental injuries, all other injuries incidental to the employment. Occupational diseases long have been a bone of contention in workmen's compensation. This bill will settle the matter for Wisconsin if passed.

Universal Training Held Necessary.

"Universal military training is needed to knit America together and to build up individual character," said Professor Ely of the economics department of the university, in his course on "Leadership in a Democracy." "It is as true now as in Washington's time that as a condition of peace we must prepare for war. We are not a military nation and we shall never become one. It was not universal military training that produced the deplorable condition in Germany. Her gross materialism and her worship of brute force are to blame."

Urge Speeding Up Work.

Appeals for speeding up work, to cut down the session, were made in the assembly by Speaker Young and Assemblymen Coo, Metcalf and Hood. There are likely to be afternoon and evening sessions of the house, later, when the flow of bills becomes steady. The finance committee is far ahead of schedule, but other committees have been handicapped by lack of bills.

Appropriation Bills in Senate.

The first batch of appropriation bills appeared in the senate from the joint finance committee. The following appropriations were recommended: Wisconsin Live Stock Breeders' association, \$9,000; Potato Growers' association, \$4,000; geological survey, \$45,000; secretary of state, \$50,000; G. A. R. memorial hall, \$1,800; executive office, \$18,110.

To Ask Home for Adult Blind.

A home for the adult blind of Wisconsin, situated in or near Milwaukee, and the establishment of a system of shops and itinerant teachers of the blind throughout the state, are plans upon which the Wisconsin Association for the Blind hopes to secure action at the present session of the legislature.

Wants Men to Replace Women.

The Community Labor board of Sheboygan has adopted a resolution declaring it is the patriotic duty of employers to discontinue the services of all women employed during the war in industry to replace men. This action is necessary, according to the resolution, because of an existing surplus of labor.

"The Fourth House," a New Club.

Assembly attaches have organized a club they call "The Fourth House." They are making plans for a mock session to be held some time in April, at which Speaker Riley Young and other leaders of the house will be impersonated.

Socialists' Verdict Stands.

Judge Landis at Chicago refused to set aside the verdict against the five Socialists recently convicted of violating the espionage act—Congressman Victor Berger, J. Louis Engelblat, Adolph Berger, Irwin St. John Tucker and W. F. Kruse.

Old Road Case in Court Again.

LOOK AT CHILD'S TONGUE IF SICK, CROSS, FEVERISH

HURRY, MOTHER! REMOVE POIS-
ONS FROM LITTLE STOMACH,
LIVER, BOWELS.

GIVE CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS
AT ONCE IF BILIOUS OR
CONSTIPATED.



Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, it is a sure sign that the little one's stomach, liver and bowels need a gentle, thorough cleansing at once.

When peevish, cross, listless, pale, doesn't sleep, doesn't eat or act naturally, or is feverish, stomach sour, breath bad; has stomach-ache, sore throat, diarrhoea, full of cold, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the foul, constipated waste, undigested food and sour bile gently moving out of the little bowels without hurting, and you have a well, playful child again.

You never can spoil children by taking this harmless "fruit laxative." They love its delicious taste, and it always makes them feel splendid. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on the bottle. Beware of counterfeiters sold here. To be sure you get the "California Syrup of Figs," ask for it by name. It is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company." Refuse any other kind with contempt.—Adv.

Ground.
"He always has his nose to the grindstone."
"I noticed that he was sharp-finned."

An Attack of Influenza Often Leaves Kidneys in Weakened Condition

Doctors in all parts of the country have been kept busy with the epidemic of influenza which has visited so many homes. The symptoms of this disease are a run-down condition, aching joints, aching head, aching back and urinary troubles which should not be neglected, as these danger signals often lead to dangerous kidney troubles. Druggists report a large sale of Dr. Kline's "Secret-Kidney" which so many people say cures their kidneys and strengthens the kidneys after an attack of grip, cold, or influenza. It has a gentle, but a powerful effect on the kidneys, which is almost immediately noticed in most cases by those who try it. Dr. Kline's "Secret-Kidney" is made by Dr. J. C. Kline, of Philadelphia, Pa., and is sold by all druggists. Be sure to mention this name.—Adv.

People who blot out the past should destroy the blotter.

All living has its grounds in like-ness.

MAULE'S SEEDS
Start Your Garden Right
Send for Maule's Seed Book, 176 pages, packed in a neat cover, containing all the latest and best seeds for the garden. It is the best of its kind, and is sold at a low price. Write for your copy today. **MAULE'S SEED BOOK** 176 Pages of Practical FREE

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Learn what, when, and how to plant and prepare your ground for best results. Paper cover, 176 pages, 1919 issue. Send for your copy today. **MAULE'S SEED BOOK** 176 Pages of Practical FREE

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LOOKS MUCH LIKE HUNS' PROPAGANDA

COVERT THREAT THAT GERMANY
MAY LEAD THE BOLSHEVISTS
OF EASTERN EUROPE.

IS PLEA FOR EASIER TERMS

Congressman Cannon's Vigorous Old-Time Speech for Bill to Appropriate \$100,000,000 for the Starving People of Central Europe.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington.—For several weeks there has been in circulation something that could be called "huns' propaganda," but it may simply be the result of more recent investigations of conditions in Europe. Stories are told in various ways and at various times about the condition of Germany and her inability to pay any large indemnity. Then these statements are followed up with others to the effect that it will not do to boycott Germany and that there must be an opportunity to secure raw materials and that her products must be bought by other countries, else her people will starve and bolshevism will take absolute control. Finally these stories culminate in this sort of scare:

All eastern Europe, it is said, is badly threatened by bolshevism. Germany, containing the most intelligent of all the peoples of Europe, is tending toward bolshevism, and there is grave danger that she may become the leader of that vast territory comprising Germany, Russia, Austria, parts of Turkey and most of the Balkans. This would mean another war and on a much greater scale and of far more disastrous consequences than that which has just been fought.

In this connection it is said that one reason why the president was so anxious to get \$100,000,000 to feed the starving peoples of Europe was for the purpose of stopping the spread of bolshevism. Possibly this carries out the idea voiced by Senator Vandenberg of Mississippi, who says that bolshevism is a disease caused by hunger. It may be that the hungry hordes of Europe are going to be a great menace, but it is impossible for them to become as great a menace as Germany.

The men who are putting forth these ideas admit that there is still a strong sentiment in the countries lately at war with Germany to make that country pay, and pay heavily, for the injuries she inflicted upon Belgium and France and the enormous expense she caused all the nations in the great war. They also say that the sentiment in the United States is stronger even than in Europe, and they realize that it would be very difficult to overcome the idea of exacting a vast indemnity from Germany and at the same time making her an outlawed nation. Nevertheless, they are asserting that it is necessary in order to establish stable governments in Europe.

Uncle Joe Cannon will go down in history as the most remarkable man that has ever been known in the halls of congress. He went into action in his old-time, vigorous style in support of the bill to give \$100,000,000 to feed the starving peoples of Europe. He was like the Joe Cannon of a quarter of a century ago, going through all the gyrations, arm swinging, fancy steps, and using the terse Anglo-Saxon which is always effective. There has not been a speech made in congress in many years that was so liberally punctuated with cheers and applause as that made by this famous old gentleman, who has been longer in congress than any other man who ever served.

There are few vacancies happening in important offices in these days for which James Hamilton Lewis is not mentioned. Just why it happens that the name of Hamilton Lewis is considered a lucky duck and must have an office is scarcely known. Lewis is a very successful lawyer and can take care of himself, even if he does not hold a public office.

It seems that there is no city of Washington. Some one who was interested in such matters created quite a stir a few months ago by declaring that "Washington city" does not exist, that there never has been a law creating such a city, and that the seat of government of the United States is simply the District of Columbia. Since that time all proclamations issuing from the White House have been "Done in the District of Columbia," instead of "Done in the city of Washington." Senator Myers of Montana has introduced a bill to remedy the situation and provide for the establishment of a city of Washington, with boundaries the same as those of the District.

Some time in the future there is going to be a movie made to find the unknown heroes of the great war. When we come to think of it, these might be few. Scores of this war, yet, although deeds were performed, Senator Weeks of Massachusetts says there ought to be an inquiry to find out who these men are. Any quantity of men performed great deeds of valor, but these deeds have gone unrecorded because the officer or man performing them was not under the eye of a superior officer at the time who could make a report of it. Private letters have told of many heroic actions which were seen only by private soldiers, and

Trousers and Knee Breeches. In a long contest between trousers and knee breeches, the latter won out in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries, but returned to the disfavor in France. In America a republican wore tight pantaloons, a federalist wore knee breeches and buckled shoes. One bride, 100 years ago, attired in fawn-colored silk, walked by her proud husband in what was then the best fashion—trousers; and his wife made from the same piece of fawn-colored silk.

No Offers. "Blinking never offers to pay for drinks if you meet him at the bar, but he is so witty his conversation is quite a treat." "Yes, in a dry way."

Ape Almost Human. A shaggy orang-outang may be seen on the piazza of the hotel at Penang, India, any day of the year. It is the mascot of the permanent staff. When the latter is not present, "St. Myors," as he is known, enjoys nothing better than to sit astride the arm of his master's chair, from his vantage point he studies the idiosyncrasies of his master's associates, and producing them at times with striking fidelity, often to the chagrin of both the gentlemen and his friends. Yet

because they did not come under the eye of some officer in command they are not recorded in the official reports. The people are so proud of their soldiers in this war that they sought to know of all the heroic exploits and movements to find out the heroes who will be remembered with popular acclaim.

After suffering in silence for some months, Senator Smith of Arizona finally brought up again the question of printing extraneous matter in the Congressional Record. As chairman of the committee on printing, Senator Smith excluded general "supervision over the Record" and has felt it his duty to keep out of it all petitions, letters, newspaper articles and other matter that by rights ought merely to be referred to a committee. For a while this crusade was successful, but a couple of months ago the senate kicked over the traces and since then has been indulging in an orgy of inclusions of outside matter. The Arizona senator took up the question the other day in a plea that there be a halt, saying: "It is costing more money than senators conceive of."

There is a very widespread feeling in government circles that the "Americanization" of our people must not be allowed to lag. It takes a great deal like the war to show the weak points of a nation and our weakest point was undoubtedly our large foreign population. There are 7,000,000 people in the United States above the age of ten years who can neither read nor write the English language. During the war it has been declared by every great American that citizens of this country must be absolute in their loyalty. This cannot be accomplished unless some method is followed by which our foreign population may be educated to see things from an American point of view. How to do it is a question that is one of our great reconstruction problems.

Figures have been collected from the states by the agricultural department showing the number of returned soldiers that can be used for road-building work. According to these figures more than 100,000 of the demobilized soldiers can be employed in this kind of work, either as skilled or unskilled workmen. It will be a million men, whether they are returned soldiers or not, that many men at the same time provide effective organizations for the building and upkeep of good roads.

As Europe looks toward peace Mexico looms upon the horizon as a trouble maker for this time. Are we ever going to get back again to the tranquility of peace and quiet which the country enjoyed for a quarter of a century before the Spanish war? Of course there were little difficulties with foreign governments, but they were easily settled and of small moment compared to those which have come upon us from the day we became a world power. The day we became a world power, we looked upon the world as our own. We thought we had to have our eye out to the purposes of Japan in the Orient. In later years the troubles in Mexico have been ours to a large extent and have necessitated the use of our fleet and our army. At the present time there is great uneasiness along the border which accounts for the boundary line still further south in order to insure peace along the Rio Grande and in southern Arizona and New Mexico. It is asserted by some who think they know what is going on that when President Wilson gets through with his peace negotiations in Europe, he will have another great task in pacifying Mexico.

People desiring to travel in any foreign country experience a great deal of difficulty in obtaining passports. Before the war people could travel in Great Britain, Germany, Holland, Belgium, France and Italy without passing through a series of passport offices. Now no one can leave his country without a passport, and our government has been warned by most of the countries that the fewer passports issued, the better they will like it. It is rather surprising to find that the English government is one of those which has asked the United States to restrict the issuing of passports to those persons who absolutely must visit that country. The scarcity of food in the European countries is given as the main reason why people from America are not desired at the present time. As to the South American countries, our government has found that a great many persons obtained passports and went to that continent and engaged in German propaganda, and they are still apprehensive that German agents may be working in the South American countries where there are large German populations.

There has been a tremendous effort to get Senator Hays, the new senator from New Hampshire, to vote for woman suffrage. Moses, interned in his state, said: "I will vote for the woman-suffrage amendment," he told the people who asked him his views. He would consider a resolution by the state legislature a "mandate."

Defined. One day while we had a neighbor's little boy out for a drive we passed a pasture where there were several cows and calves. I asked him what those little animals were and he spoke up quickly, "It's what after it grows up is a cow."—Exchange.

In England long after trousers were common the street knee breeches were worn in full dress parties. In 1814 the duke of Wellington presented himself at the door of the ballroom at Almack's, and his entrance was barred by an official who said, "Your Grace cannot be admitted in trousers."

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no one is willing to banish "Myors," although he should be a year-round attraction at the Hippodrome, or some other great playhouse where his imitations might be enjoyed by the thousands instead of the few.

Never Read. "I spent a hour of Grabco's il-



Spring suit for young girl, on the left. It is of tan-colored covert cloth, made with the new length of coat which is left open at neckline, in the Charles Stuart fashion. It is trimmed below the waist with brass buttons and the lower sleeve is linked together with brass buttons. There is a cravat of the material. On the right is a tunic suit for a young girl, of red wool jersey trimmed with bands of cream-colored jersey embroidered in red and black. The large hat is of cream jersey faced with red straw and trimmed with a red cord and tassels.

GAY FROCKS FOR THE YOUNG GIRLS

Increased Brilliancy of Ward-
robes in Honor of Returning
Soldiers.

New York.—America has not yet found a fitting name for the girl of sixteen. The English call her "dapper," and the Anglo-Saxon world uses the expression, whether or not it approves of it. In America it is not liked, but no one has risen to put this type of young person in a niche and give her a name.

And she is quite important, proclaims a fashion writer. She deserves a strong appellation—a quick, vibrant, significant name for her class, her type and her virility. We have buried under the cobwebs of oblivion the "sweet sixteen" phrase. Dorothy Tarkington has made the one word "seventeen" classify, at least for America, the youth of our land, with its awkward, stumbling tendencies toward manhood, its budding emotionality, its sternly suppressed pride and shame, its desire for girls' company, and its contempt for that desire. But if we applied the single word "sixteen" to that gay, ecstatic, poised, self-assured, highly educated, superintelligent, adventurous class of the tall, slim things that spread over the land, usually settling the pace for their mothers' fashions, it would be puerile.

It is difficult to be pessimistic if one keeps close to the side of girls of that age. Their outlook on life, their faith in themselves and the world, their unbounded ability to find pleasure unaided by anyone else, renews youth in the middle age. They are no longer the rascals held on a leash. They are constantly asked to cover their mothers, and they usually take an intelligent part in the management of their home, its social environments, its financial expenditures, its ideals, and its ambitions.

Granting these things—and everyone does grant them who has had any close companionship with the typical American girl, it is natural that her interest in clothes should be strong, and not only strong but usually exceedingly good. She dresses herself, as a rule, better than her mother can dress her.

Many Cater to Girls. Working downward—or upward, rather—through these psychological phases of girlhood among the Anglo-Saxons, and especially the North Americans, one finds the reason for the establishments of many successful dressmaking houses which cater to young girls. Few of the great establishments here or abroad neglect the young girl. From the time she is twelve until she makes her bow to society at eighteen she is catered to by houses that expend much ingenuity and brilliancy of workmanship on her especial type of clothing. Two of the important financial successes in the dressmaking world of New York started with the schoolgirl. Fifth avenue houses which cater to the young girl are as numerous as the stars in the sky. They are the most successful of the dressmaking world.

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NATIONS' PEACE CLAIMS SHOWN

First Complete Summary of Pow-
ers' Aspirations in World's
New Map.

CAN NOT ALL BE SATISFIED

Clashes Over Conflicting Demands Are
Inevitable—Outline of What the
Great and Small Countries Re-
gard as Their Rights.

The representatives of the five great powers may now be said to be in a position to compare clearly their own aspirations with those of all their allied friends and to see the differences that must be reconciled. The desires of the several countries may be compressed thus:

FRENCH CLAIMS.

France wants, first of all, Alsace-Lorraine unconditionally, and the right to discuss and ultimately to fix the French frontiers in their relation to the Rhine, which may require the creation of buffer states. One of these would be the Palatinate and another Rhenish Prussia. France desires also to annex the basin of the Moselle river, which might be called a non-annexation.

France will insist that so far as the left bank of the Rhine farther to the north is concerned, the conference should forbid military works of any kind—barracks, bridges, forts and fortresses—in that zone. The feeling is that the people inhabiting that zone should be free to decide for themselves whether they wish to join France, form an independent state, or return to Germany.

The French plan for reparation is not complete, but it has been announced in the chamber of deputies that it will be about 60,000,000 francs (\$13,200,000,000).

The French government does not ask for a protectorate in Syria in the ordinary sense because it considers that the population there is too advanced to make a protectorate necessary, but France, on account of her traditional interests in that country, feels that she should be called upon to exercise some sort of guardianship or guidance until Syria should be fully able to govern herself.

BRITISH CLAIMS.

Great Britain's delegation believes that a society of nations is desirable and attainable and that it must be established by the present peace conference. She advocates no continental purposes other than those of a permanent and just peace under the principle of self-determination and that there shall be international freedom of transit by railroads and waterways, which is Great Britain's general definition of freedom of commerce in times of peace.

Great Britain will take mandatory power over the German islands south of the equator for Australia and over German Southwest Africa for the Union of South Africa, who will also have the mandate over German East Africa and some parts of Arabia, and she has particular claims in this respect over Mesopotamia.

Great Britain will enter a pool with the other allies in the matter of indemnities, especially reparation for air raid damages and shipping losses.

ITALY'S CLAIMS.

Italy asks for the Trentino as far as the Brenner pass, including the whole of the southern part of Tyrol, Serbia, Fiume, Zadar, Schenau, the larger part of the Dalmatian islands, and the Adriatic coast, a protectorate over Albania, possession of the islands in the Aegean which were taken from Turkey during the Tripoli war, and the province of Adalia if France and England should take territory in Asia Minor.

The Italian contention is that the Dalmatian islands and such parts of the Adriatic coast as are not assigned to Italy shall be neutralized. Should France and England extend their colonial possessions in Africa, Italy desires to possess her possessions in Eritrea and Tripoli. She also wants Djibouti, French Somaliland and British Somaliland, on the Red sea.

ROMANIA.

Romania wants that portion of Russian Bessarabia given her by the central powers under the canceled treaty of Bucharest; southern Dobruja as ceded to her by Bulgaria in the second war, and the province of Bukovina and Transylvania and part of Banat, which Serbia claims.

Both Romania and Serbia have

MANDATORY PRINCIPLE NOT ACCEPTABLE TO FRANCE?

Indications That That Country and
Australia Are Dissatisfied With Pro-
posed Colonial Arrangement.

Although France, in common cause with the other big powers, accepts provisionally the Wilson mandatory principle as to colonies, she does not like it. The conditions under which she is left open to her to repudiate it if she does

TURKISH PARTY PROTESTS AGAINST LOSS OF CAPITAL.

Claims That to Take Constantinople
From the Sultan Would Mean De-
struction of the Empire.

Official Turkey has just let out an official like the day before yesterday. It shrieks that to put Constantinople under an international regime would mean the destruction of the Turkish empire, and that the Turkish empire would be a dish of ghastly stew if it were to be taken.

NO DEFINITE STEPS IN REGARD TO RUSSIA TAKEN.

French Statesman of Opinion That
Situation There Has Not Yet Clar-
ified Sufficiently.

M. Stephen Pichon, the French foreign minister, gave an interview dealing with the problems faced by the peace conference.

In reply to a suggestion that the American troops might be withdrawn from northern Russia, if the Princes' stand conference were not held, M.

DANDRUFF MAKES HAIR FALL OUT

A small bottle of "Danderine"
keeps hair thick, strong,
beautiful.

Girls! Try this! Doubles beauty
of your hair in a few
moments.



Within ten minutes after an application of Danderine you can not find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair, thick and downy as first—yes, really new hair—growing all over the scalp. A little Danderine immediately doubles the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and scraggy, just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, until you feel a small strand at a time. The effect is amazing—your hair will be light, fluffy and wavy, and have an appearance of abundance; an incomparable lustre, softness and luxuriance.

Get a small bottle of Knapp's Danderine for a few cents at any drug store or toilet counter, and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—dandruff—all—your hair will be beautiful and lots of it if you will just try a little Danderine.—Adv.

Wise Pat!

Pat was simply a laborer, nothing more, nothing less, but naturally he was witty. When on a certain job one day he noticed his foreman standing by a well, he said to him, "What are you doing?" "I'm just looking at the work," replied the foreman. "What's the matter with that?" "Nothing," replied the foreman, "I'm just looking at the work."

BELGIUM.

Belgium wants her reparation claim to be the first then upon Germany as to the extent of at least \$3,000,000,000 and have Germany return her stolen machinery and materials.

Belgium, having asserted her independence against neutrality, desires to retain the left bank of the Scheldt and Maasrict peninsula, and a province in Luxembourg to decide whether that country wishes to join Belgium or France.

JAPAN.

Japan offers to return "Shantung" to China, retaining certain former German concessions on the Shantung peninsula.

CHINA.

China wants a guarantee against foreign imperialism or aggression, abolition of "consular rights" and for the return of Kiao-Chow.

SWITZERLAND.

Switzerland desires an outlet to the sea by making the Rhine a neutral stream. This is in accord with French desires.

SCANDINAVIA.

Denmark wishes to annex that part of Russian Schleswig inhabited predominantly by Danes.

NO APPROVE THE CONCRETE APPLICATION.

Lo Math this morning has a long article by Stephen Hughes on the fight made by Premier Hughes of Australia against the Wilsonian idea, the printing of which is regarded as significant as a protest against the American attitude in this phase of peace-making.

We have no objection in Australia to the mandatory principle, but let the mandate define immediately what it gives and requires," Hughes is quoted as saying.

On the heels of President Wilson's

triumph in swinging the allies to a government of the German colonies by a mandatory system under the league of nations, liberal Turks now have put in a plea to save Constantinople for the Ottoman empire under the doctrine of self-determination of peoples.

The Ottoman liberal party, which has remained proudly and anti-English throughout the war, has sent a memorial to President Wilson asking that Constantinople be given a referendum.

Pichon said that the conference had

not considered what steps would be taken. The news from the Archangel section was not sufficiently definite as yet to justify any conclusion. Undoubtedly, he added, the bolshevik had stronger forces there now than they had before; so it had been considered safer to bring the allied troops closer together. Pichon held that the armistice authorized the entente governments to stop hostilities between Poland and Germany.

There's nothing a red-blooded man

hates more than being being made a hero and a pot of.

In the dark lexicon of timidity

there is no such word as "succeeded."

YANKEE MAJOR LOSSES 56,592

39,158 Dead Is U. S. Toll in War
Against Germany and
Her Allies.

27,762 KILLED IN ACTION

11,386 Yankee Died of Wounds; 14,649
Missing in Action; 2,785 Taken
Prisoner—Losses by Divi-
sions Given.

Washington, Feb. 1.—An official tabulation of casualties by divisions for the American expeditionary forces, 95 per cent complete to date, was made public by the war department. The totals for all divisions, exclusive of the two regiments of marines in the second division, are: Killed in action, 27,762; died of wounds, 11,386; missing in action, 14,649; prisoners, 2,785; grand total of major casualties, 56,592.

Major casualties of the thirty-fifth division (Missouri and Kansas National Guard) "practically complete." General March announced were 1,733 men, divided as follows:

Killed, 599; died of wounds, 217; missing in action, 809; prisoners, 112. The figures for each of the 30 combat divisions included show the following lists of major casualties:

First (regular), 2,348.

Second (regular), 2,348.

Third (regular), 4,017.

Fourth (regular), 2,006.

Fifth (regular), 2,204.

Sixth (regular), 1,522.

Seventh (regular), 928.

Twenty-sixth (New England National Guard), 2,804.

Twenty-seventh (New York National Guard), 2,194.

Twenty-eighth (Pennsylvania National Guard), 2,800.

Twenty-ninth (New Jersey, Virginia, Maryland, Delaware and District of Columbia National Guard), 1,717.

Thirtieth (Tennessee, North Carolina and South Carolina National Guard), 1,770.

Thirty-first (Michigan and Wisconsin National Guard), 3,212.

Thirty-second (Illinois, Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, North and South Dakota National Guard), 1,717.

Thirty-third (Missouri and Kansas National Guard), 1,733.

Thirty-fourth (Texas and Oklahoma National Guard), 1,250.

Forty-second (Indiana), 2,830.

Seventy-seventh (New York metropolitan National Guard), 2,602.

Seventy-eighth (New York and northern Pennsylvania National Guard), 1,025.

Seventy-ninth (southern Pennsylvania National Guard), 2,800.

Eightieth (New Jersey, Virginia, Maryland, Delaware and District of Columbia National Guard), 1,717.

Eighty-first (Tennessee, North Carolina and South Carolina National Guard), 1,770.

Eighty-second (Georgia, Alabama and Florida National Guard), 1,592.

Eighty-third (Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, North Dakota and South Dakota National Guard), 1,717.

Eighty-fourth (Kansas, Missouri and Colorado National Guard), 1,250.

Ninetieth (Texas, Arizona, New Mexico and Oklahoma National Guard), 1,592.

Ninety-first (Washington, Oregon, California, Nevada, Utah, Idaho, Montana and Wyoming), 1,702.

Ninety-second (National army, negroes), 211.

Ninety-third (National army, negroes), 400.

As to other reported heavy casualties, General March said, 15 divisions in France had sustained losses greater than the thirty-fifth. In that list the Ninety-second (National army, negroes) division, also reported to have suffered severely, stood 23th and the Ninety-third division stood 25th.

UKRAINE SENDS ULTIMATUM

Tells Poles They Must Evacuate Disputed Territories or Fight, Geneva Reports.

Geneva, Feb. 4.—The government of the Ukraine has threatened war on Poland if the latter government does not withdraw its troops from disputed territories, according to word received here.

YANKS IN BERLIN ON MISSION

Twenty-One U. S. Army Officers Go to Capital to Study Situation.

London, Feb. 4.—Twenty-one American officers have arrived in Berlin from Cologne to study the political situation in Germany, according to a news agency dispatch from Amsterdam.

Yanks Arrest 219 Germans.

American Headquarters in Germany, Feb. 5.—Two hundred and nineteen Germans have been arrested and tried by American courts-martial during the two months of American occupation, according to figures made public.

Chicago Greets Its Heroes.

Chicago, Feb. 5.—Returning heroes of the Blackhawk division, 1,300 strong, and composing the 31th anti-aircraft division and the 81st field signal battalion, were welcomed by a throng of friends and relatives.

Body Is Identified.

Englewood, N. J., Feb. 4.—The body of the young woman found in a cove on the edge of the Palisades one week ago was positively identified as that of Azelle Packwood of Tampa, Fla., by her brother, George Packwood.

Ship Hits Mine; 11 Killed.

Conception, Feb. 4.—Eleven persons were killed when a British steamer struck a floating mine off St. Vincent. It is reported, many mines are afloat in the North sea, giving fishermen great anxiety.

Broadstuffs for Germany.

New York, Feb. 2.—Under the general food program outlined by the allies, Germany will be allowed about 6,000,000 bushels of broadstuffs a month, mostly from the United States, if she can find the money to pay for it.

Won't Tax Campaign Funds.

Washington, Feb. 4.—By a vote of 241 to 0 the house instructed its conferees on the war revenue bill to refuse to concur in the senate amendment imposing a 100 per cent tax on political contributions exceeding \$500.

JOSEPH J. GREW



Joseph J. Grew is secretary and supervising director of the American commission to negotiate peace, with the rank of minister plenipotentiary.

HITS U. S. RAIL RULE

HINES OPPOSED TO GOVERNMENT OWNERSHIP.

Director General Says He Favors Federal Supervision of Few Big Companies.

Washington, Feb. 5.—Director General Hines, testifying before the senate interstate commerce committee for the first time since his appointment as railroad head, declared he did not believe in government ownership, but in organization of a few big railway companies subject to close government supervision.

"I do not believe there is anything substantial in the argument that a two-year extension of government operation would necessarily mean government ownership. I believe there can be a form of radically reconstructed private ownership with such close government supervision on the boards of directors as will give the public and labor all the benefit of government ownership and at the same time will preserve the benefits of private and self-interested initiative, and will avoid the political difficulties which perhaps are inseparable from government ownership."

To permit development of a comprehensive and permanent solution Mr. Hines renewed Mr. McAdoo's recommendation for a two-year extension of government control and explained that it was not done he believed it would be best for all interests concerned to relinquish government control without waiting for expiration of the 21-month period provided by existing law.

GIVE BELGIUM \$2,000,000,000

Sum Advanced by Allies to Be Paid Out of First Indemnity Received From Germany.

Paris, Feb. 4.—Two billion dollars have been advanced to Belgium by Great Britain, France and the United States, the amount to be deducted from the first installment of the war indemnity to be paid by Germany, according to a dispatch from Brussels. The dispatch adds that the amount will be raised either by an international bond issue or by a German loan having priority over all other loans.

BAR HUNTING FROM PLANES

Shooting of Wild Fowl in United States by Airman With Machine Guns Prohibited.

Washington, Feb. 5.—Shooting of wild fowl with machine guns from airplanes, the latest device employed by sportsmen along the Atlantic coast, has been forbidden by order of the director of military aeronautics. Instructions have been issued by the director to conduct all flights along the coast wherever migratory wild fowl may be found in such a manner to interfere as little as possible with the birds.

MADDOO COUNSEL FOR MOVIES

Former Secretary of the Treasury Engaged by Los Angeles Picture Company.

Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 5.—William G. McAdoo, formerly secretary of the treasury, has been retained as counsel for a recently organized motion picture company, according to an announcement by John Fairbanks, brother of one of the founders of the concern. Mr. McAdoo is passing the winter near here.

To Recognize Union Labor.

New York, Feb. 6.—The Bethlehem Steel company has decided to recognize the national war labor board, and agrees to accept collective bargaining on the part of its employees.

Battle in Bremen Suburbs.

Copenhagen, Feb. 6.—Anarchists and government troops are fighting on the outskirts of Bremen, according to dispatches received here. Government forces are reported to have forced their way into the city.

Monster Battleships for Japan.

Tokyo, Feb. 5.—Details of Japan's greater navy program were learned here. It includes the sister battleships Nagato, to be launched in July, and Matsui, in October. Each battleship will be of 40,000 tons.

U. S. Food Reaches Vienna.

Vienna, Feb. 5.—A detachment of 100 American soldiers arrived here with the first shipment of American food for relief purposes. The American shipment will enable the serving of a full bread ration.

New Job for the League.

London, Feb. 4.—Internationalization of control and transport of the world's munitions was advocated by former Premier Asquith in an address at Queen's hall in support of the league of nations plan.

Pope Names Mgr. Dowling.

Rome, Feb. 4.—Pope Benedict has promoted Mgr. Austin Dowling, bishop of Des Moines, Ia., to metropolitan of the diocese of St. Paul, Minn., in succession to the late Archbishop Ireland.

BIG U. S. NAVY IS ASKED BY WILSON

Cable to Daniels Insists That
Great Construction Program
Be Continued.

TEXT OF MESSAGE SECRET

Insistence of President in the Three-Year Program Forces Indorsement—Cablegram Involves International Policy.

Washington, Feb. 6.—Insistence by President Wilson upon the administration's policy of naval expansion led to the unanimous approval given by the house naval committee to another three-year construction program.

This was disclosed by Chairman Hudgett of the committee when the house began consideration of the \$750,000,000 annual naval appropriation bill.

Mr. Hudgett told of a cablegram sent by the president from Paris to Secretary Daniels, saying nothing had occurred over there to change the recommendations he made in his annual message to congress.

The message was brought to the attention of the committee by Daniels. "The president was very earnest," Representative Hudgett said, "and very insistent that the three-year program be carried out."

Mr. Hudgett refused to make public the cablegram, and it was under a cross-fire of questions from Republican members that he referred to its substance.

"Did he say in substance that lack of the program would be fatal to his negotiations?" asked Representative Rogers of Massachusetts (Rep.).

"Excuse me from a statement," replied Mr. Hudgett. "It will neither affirm nor deny a word that was in the cable. I will not give the words that he did or did not use."

Representative Graham of Illinois (Rep.), asked about the receipt of the cable, and Mr. Hudgett replied that it had been given him in confidence by Secretary Daniels.

"Is that not one reason that the report was untruthful?" asked Graham. "Yes, sir," responded Mr. Hudgett.

Mr. Graham insisted that that congress should have the information so that it might not intelligently on the proposed construction.

Mr. Hudgett answered: "I cannot give it because it involves more than our own domestic policy."

Representative Butler of Pennsylvania said before new construction could be started different conditions might make a larger navy unnecessary.

Representative Blayden of Texas (Dem.) asked why an executive session of the house could not be held, but Representative Butler answered that it would do no good, saying that the message was read to naval committee members who were excluded not to mention it, but that it became known.

FRUIT MEN FOR U. S. RULE

Head of California Exchange Makes Plea for Federal Control of Traffic in Foodstuffs.

Chicago, Feb. 5.—The desirability of government supervision of traffic in foodstuffs will be thrust out at the American Fruit and Vegetable Shippers' association convention at Hotel Sherman. Experience during the war, it is said, has developed in the association, which includes "food kings" who virtually control the fruits and vegetable business, a strong sentiment for federal supervision.

The leader of this sentiment is G. Harold Powell, head of the California Fruit Growers' exchange. During the war Mr. Powell was first assistant to Herbert Hoover in the food administration. He told the other "fruit kings" that federal supervision is desirable.

Mr. Powell declared that millions of dollars' worth of food spoil annually while producers and receivers wrangle.

4 HELD FOR \$100,000 FRAUD

Two Men and Two Women Arrested at Cincinnati by U. S. Marshals for Deals in Kansas City, Mo.

Cincinnati, Feb. 5.—Charged in federal warrants with violating postal regulations in connection with certain oil and stock transactions in Kansas City, Mo., two men and two women registering as Mr. and Mrs. K. C. Barrett and Mr. and Mrs. Frank W. Barrett, were arrested here by deputy United States marshals. The men, who claimed to be brothers, and the women were taken before United States Commissioner Joseph Adler and held in \$50,000 bond each. They will be taken to Kansas City.

Anarchists in New Advances.

Copenhagen, Feb. 5.—In their advance from Drinsk, the anarchists have captured Vilnius, 40 miles north-northwest of Vilna, the capital of Lithuania, according to a report from Vilna.

Reds Want Peace.

Paris, Feb. 6.—The Russian soviet government will take "all measures" to bring about an agreement with the entente, according to a wireless message sent out from Moscow on Sunday.

Judge Rules Against Berger.

Chicago, Feb. 5.—Federal Judge Landis refused to set aside the verdict against Congressman-elect Victor Berger and four other Socialists recently convicted of violating the espionage act.

Crown Prince Asks Divorce.

Zurich, Feb. 5.—Frederick Wilhelm Hohenzollern, eldest son of the former German emperor, according to a Berlin dispatch to the Munich Zeitung, has instituted proceedings for a divorce.

Nat Goodwin Dies.

New York, Feb. 3.—Nat C. Goodwin, the actor, died at a hotel here, after a brief illness. Death was due to a general breakdown in health, following an operation for the removal of his right eye several months ago.

1,500 Prisoners on Strike.

Liverpool, Feb. 3.—More than 1,500 of the 3,870 prisoners in the United States disciplinary barracks, where they are detained in a quarantary, scotch, refused to leave their cells or to perform any labor.

P. A. S. FRANKLIN



P. A. S. Franklin, president of the International Mercantile Marine, is one of the country's big men who is likely to continue his voluntary war work well into the days of peace. He represents the United States shipping board on the exports control committee, a body whose labors are not restricted by cessation of fighting.

Mr. Franklin was for some time chairman of the shipping control committee of the shipping board, and is still doing the same work on the exports control committee.

CIVIC GUARD PLANNED

TO MAINTAIN ORDER DURING STRIKE IN ENGLAND.

London Daily Mail Forecasts Steps to Be Taken by Government to Protect Public Service.

London, Feb. 5.—The ministry of labor will intervene in the strikes which are spreading throughout Great Britain and Ireland if union officials fail to gain control of the situation.

The following statement was issued: "The government regards the labor situation as a fight between regular labor union leaders and rebels. If the regular leaders are unable to gain control the government will then intervene for the protection of society."

London, Feb. 5.—Plans for the formation of a civic guard to maintain and protect public service have been submitted to the authorities, according to the Mail, which says that a similar plan has been successfully employed in Switzerland, Holland and Australia.

"The newspaper states that, should the actions of the strikers warrant such a course, the citizens may be asked to form a guard to maintain transport, lighting and food supply services and also to guard power stations, flour mills and important factories."

More than a quarter of a million men were mobilized in the week ended January 30 and the total to date has exceeded a million men. The mobilization is continuing in the most satisfactory manner, but the opinions prevail here that the one unfortunate feature of the situation is that the men are not being absorbed in civil occupations in proportion to the rate of demobilization.

"The industries of the country are unable to provide all the men with jobs is said to be almost entirely due to the fact that industry is suffering from a shortage of coal. This shortage is one of the most serious questions at present facing the country."

27,000 SILK WORKERS STRIKE

New Jersey Operatives Demand 47 Hour Week—Small Shops Yield to Demands.

Paterson, N. J., Feb. 5.—Between 20,000 and 27,000 silk workers, representing 90 per cent of the industry in Paterson, are idle, according to Louis Magnet, local chairman of the United Textile Workers of America.

Edward de Valera Flees From Prison in London, Says Exchange Telegraph Company.

London, Feb. 6.—Edward de Valera, Sinn Fein leader, has escaped from prison, the Exchange Telegraph company declared.

Phoney Duplates Take \$1,500.

Detroit, Feb. 4.—Thieves posing as deputy sheriffs here searching for rubies were richer by 4,000 Russian rubles, or \$1,500 in real American money, while Michael Tatostla was swearing never again to trust money to his trunk. The phoney officers put their victim out of the room while making the search for rubies, and when he returned the trunk was broken open and ransacked.

Opens Line to Belgium.

Brussels, Feb. 4.—The first train from Paris arrived here by way of Mons and Maubeuge. Direct train service between Paris and Brussels is expected to be opened within three weeks.

President Wilson Presides.

Paris, Feb. 6.—President Wilson presided over the commission of the Society of Nations, which had before it the completed project for constituting the league, discussing it article by article.

1919 Mississippi Service Starts.

St. Louis, Feb. 5.—Mississippi river service for the 1919 season was established here Saturday with the sailing of a towboat and barges for New Orleans, the principal load being corn for Cuba.

Chicago Auto Bandits Get \$5,000.

Chicago, Feb. 4.—Two young bandits, masked and armed with pistols, robbed the Gottfried Brewing company, 337 Alexander street, of a \$5,000 pay roll and escaped in an automobile.

Fatal Blast in Nyack, N. Y.

Nyack, N. Y., Feb. 3.—During explosions and fire which wrecked the Nyack plant of the American Aniline Products company of New York city, one man was killed and 13 other employees were injured.

Won't Give Gibraltar to Spain.

Paris, Feb. 3.—The report that some arrangement between Great Britain and Spain was in prospect through which Gibraltar would be turned over to Spanish jurisdiction is dealt here.

FARM MARKETING BILL TO HOUSE

Radically Different From Special Committee's Measure.

TO ABOLISH 3 DEPARTMENTS

Duties of Dairy and Food Department, Department of Farmers' Institutes and Bureau of Immigration to Go to New Commission.

Madison.—Interest prevails in the equity farm marketing bill by Assemblyman J. O. Hanson of Dunn county. The provisions of this measure are radically different from the bill drafted by the special legislative investigating committee. The latter bill was introduced by Senator George B. Skogmo of the upper branch. Market legislation is one of the most important planks in the administration platform and promises to be the central issue of legislation.

The Hanson bill abolishes the dairy and food department, the department of farmers' institutes and the bureau of immigration, and centers the duties and functions of these departments within the new market commission. The bill creates a board of food and markets composed of three members, one appointed by the governor and two by the senate and assembly.

Of the three members of the board one shall be selected from a list furnished the governor by the farmer organizations of the state; the second shall be taken from a similar list furnished by the labor organizations, and the third may be named by the executive without suggestion. The regular term of office is six years and the salary is \$5,000 annually. The secretary shall receive a salary of \$3,000 annually.

Then comes a provision that will not be found in any market commission bill so far enacted by any state. The bill says, in speaking of the commission: "Any member of said board may be removed from office by a majority vote of both houses of the legislature assembled in joint session."

Among the more important powers of the commission are:

1. Establish rules and practices relating to standardizing, grading, weighing, packing, storage and sale of food products, including an investigation of supply and demand, prevailing prices, cost of production or manufacture and profits in handling thereof.

2. To collect information on the supply and demand for products and aid in marketing these products efficiently and economically.

3. To promote organization of public markets.

4. Investigate delays, embargoes, rates and charges for handling agricultural products or food products raw or manufactured, and to institute legal proceedings to secure justice.

5. To promote co-operation.

6. To fix standards for receptacles and for the grades and classification of farm products.

7. To make uniform for any person to use the state label unless in fact such product has been inspected, graded and standardized or to use a similar label or design. The board is given power to investigate the conduct of any brand or business handling food products to ascertain if the practices are legal. The bill also declares that "the production and manufacture of food, agricultural and food products, and the marketing and the selling of the same, are affected with the public interest."

Senator J. Henry Bennett of Viroqua has started his fight in the legislature to secure higher income taxes. As a preliminary he has offered a resolution in the upper house of the Wisconsin legislature calling upon the state tax commission to furnish definite income tax data of the earnings of corporations and individuals to the legislature, to be used as a basis for his bill.

The resolution asks the tax commission to furnish to the legislature the net income and names of all corporations in the state having an income in excess of \$5,000 annually. His application asks for the income tax data for the years 1916 and 1917, which is now available at the office of the state tax commission.

The number of individuals in the state with incomes in excess of \$5,000 for the years mentioned is also asked for, tabulated so as to show the number of persons in each \$2,500 group above \$5,000.

Following are some assembly bills offered:

Kandisich—Requiring autolists to dim their lights in passing other vehicles.

Young—Providing that a dairy organization may pay the expense of a dairy and food inspector, who shall give his time to the inspection of the organization's products.

Young—School districts dissolved by neglect may be added to adjoining districts.

Hietvel—Detach territory from the town of Winter and attach same to Meadowbrook, Sawyer county.

Roethel—Providing for the transportation of children to school districts having an attendance of less than 11 to adjoining districts.

Protest Order to Kill Deer.

The state conservation commission has ordered the killing of deer on Rock Island, the killing to be done under supervision of the game warden. There are from 25 to 30 deer breeding on the place. The owner, C. H. Thorderson of Chicago, filed complaint that the deer were destroying shrubbery and fruit trees. Protests have been wired asking the department to drive them to Peninsula state park when Death's Door is frozen over Rock Island is 10 miles from the mainland and one mile from Washington Island.

See No Lower Wheat and Flour.

No prospects of lower wheat and flour prices are foreseen by Milwaukee grain men, even though there is an enormous surplus of grain above the demand. The government price of \$2.20 must be maintained to stabilize the market, they believe. The payment of \$2.20 per bushel for wheat to the farmer must continue until June 1, 1920. The government may remove the limit on the market and pay the farmer the difference, but this would disrupt the market, grain men say.

New Measures to Guard Health.

A dozen bills are expected to appear in the assembly proposing safeguards of public health. These measures were recommended by the state board of health, requiring county boards to employ public health nurses, authorize local boards of health to close schools during an epidemic, prohibit carriers of disease from handling milk or milk products, excluding a health officer from personal liability in performance of his duties legalizing delayed filing of birth and death certificates and including a comprehensive measure for strict supervision of public water supplies, sewage disposal and industrial waste.

The board amended the diphtheria rule to provide taking of throat swabs to detect germs, amended the scarlet fever rule, providing quarantine of three weeks and until the mucus membrane of patient is normal and scaling of skin is complete. The board voted to amend the statutes to compel reporting of cholera and prohibit advertising of certain patent medicines for social disease.

Change Workmen's Compensation Act. Senator Kenney Sheboygan, introduced a bill changing the wording and possibly enlarging the scope of the workmen's compensation act.

The amendments offered change the word "accident," used in the present wording of the law, to read "injury." Much argument has arisen in compensation cases wherein the time of the accident has been difficult of proof.

The amendments offered change the word "accident," used in the present wording of the law, to read "injury." Much argument has arisen in compensation cases wherein the time of the accident has been difficult of proof.

Another section of the bill includes amending the present law to include, in addition to all accidental injuries, all other injuries incidental to the employment. Occupational diseases long have been a bone of contention in workmen's compensation. This bill will settle the matter for Wisconsin if passed.

Universal Training Held Necessary.

"Universal military training is needed to knit America together and to build up individual character," said Professor Ely of the economics department of the university, in his course "Leadership in a Democracy." "It is as true now as in Washington's time that as a condition of peace we must prepare for war. We are not a military nation and we shall never become one. It was not universal military training that produced the deplorable condition in Germany. Her gross materialism and her worship of brute force are to blame."

Appeals for Speeding Up Work.

Appeals for speeding up work, to cut down the session, were made in the assembly by Speaker Young and Assemblymen Ose, Metcalf and Hood. There are likely to be afternoon and evening sessions of both houses, later, when the flow of bills becomes steady. The house committee far from schedule, but other committees have been handicapped by lack of bills.

PUTTING POUNDS ON PORKERS

Boys' and girls' pig clubs in Ames, Iowa, lately have been making big records in pig fattening. Information just received by the States Relations Service, United States Department of Agriculture, shows that one boy for a period of 123 days, made a gain of 2.39 pounds a day on his pig; another, 2.26 pounds a day. Twenty boys have averaged 2 or more pounds a day.

"It is the best record for the standpoint of rate of gain that we have ever received," says Frank O. Reed, the pig club leader in Ames. Some excellent pigs and unusual profits also have been made in beef fattening. Several members of the boys' corn club report over a hundred bushels to the acre, one showing 135, 126 and 124 bushels yields.

GROUND ALFALFA

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GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE

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TO ABOLISH PRIMARIES

Assemblyman Chilson of Merrill has introduced a bill in the legislature which seeks to do away with the primary election.

When the primary election was formulated the idea was that it would allow anybody to run for office, as all he had to do was to get his friends to circulate a few papers and get his name on the primary ballot and then make the run.

This sounded all right, but when it came to try the thing out, it was found that a man had to make two campaigns instead of one as by the old method, so that it really took more money to get an office than did under the primary system. A poor man had really no more of a chance than before.

Then it was stated that a lot of rascals from the other party could not get in and had to run for office the primary plan like they used to sometimes under the old system, but it was found that this evil was not done away with at all as they would use the money from the other party to get the weak man and get him on the ticket so that their man would really have a better show.

The idea was that the primary plan would not be so costly, but it would be a meeting before election and put up a man and run him for office like they did under the old system, but it was found that this evil was not done away with at all as they would use the money from the other party to get the weak man and get him on the ticket so that their man would really have a better show.

As a matter of fact, a political party is different from any other organization, and if you cannot meet and hold some sort of a convention there will not be any convention in the old days when the convention was held, the effort was to get as good a man as possible to run for an office, for the reason that a poor man would not stand much of a show of popularity won out over that, but the same thing is bound to occur at a primary or any other kind of an election.

As a matter of fact, the primary election law has been found to be a election law, so poor that in many instances no primary was held. The city of Grand Rapids never held a primary election for the election of city officers, notwithstanding the fact that the law applied to it. It is a needless expense, and that gives nothing in return, and it should be done away with.

WANT APPLES GRADED

Congress will be asked to establish compulsory grades and brands for all apples shipped interstate in barrels and boxes. If the movement is launched by the State Horticultural Society, and supported by the State Department of Agriculture.

The large quantities of poor fruit received from the east the past two seasons are responsible for the new movement.

According to S. B. Fracker, acting state entomologist, who has charge of the apple grading administration in Wisconsin, New York and other states, will shortly support a federal apple grading law.

Wisconsin is the first state in the Mississippi Valley to join the Atlantic and Pacific coast in the enforcement of such a law. The reason for this is in securing good prices for the producer of good fruit, and protecting the consumer from misbranded inferior apples.

Spurred strong support to these laws.

REMINGTON

A basket social was given at the schoolhouse in district No. 2 on Tuesday evening. Miss Helen Wilfong, the proceeds were \$6.85.

C. S. Lowe made a trip to Grand Rapids the latter part of the last week.

Miss Esther Huns is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Rodis of Nekoma.

Chas. Thomas, a soldier of Camp Grant arrived home last week. Redmond Joyce arrived home from the army. We are glad to see Uncle Sam's boys back home again.

EVERY ITEM NEWS FOR SOMEBODY

Community Events of the Past Week from Various Parts of the County

SHERRY

Mrs. Hugh Williams had a party of young folks come out to her home on Thursday night. Out of the party was a gift for her. She was greatly pleased, and the young people had a good time. They also had refreshments and the evening will long be remembered by all.

Mrs. Ethel Spice returned from Appleton on Friday where she attended the state Sunday school conference. She reported a fine time. She gave part of her report on Sabbath at the opening of the Sunday school will give the rest next week.

The Adult League of the Presbyterian day school had their regular social meeting on last Friday night at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Zernke. A very pleasant time was enjoyed by all who were there.

Eleanor Weintrauer has a little cousin from Schofield visiting her in the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. Zernke of Schofield was buried in "God's acre" on Tuesday.

A little child of Mr. and Mrs. G. Zernke of Schofield was buried in "God's acre" on Tuesday.

PLEASANT HILL

A number of young folks gathered at the Frank Haunschild home last Wednesday evening and helped Miss Thersa celebrate her birthday. The evening was spent in dancing and refreshments were served and everyone had a good time.

Wright and Earl Robinson visited a few days last week with their family. Levi Niles and family near Fredrick.

Ladies aid met Wednesday with Mrs. Clyde Winch.

Mabel Gabel is visiting her sister, Mrs. John Redmond and family near Neokoma.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Strope spent Sunday at the Tom Moore home near Vedum.

Mr. William was a Grand Rapids visitor Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Edna Morgan spent Monday night at the John Walter home.

Miss Tilla Walter was on her way to the University hospital where on Thursday she underwent an operation for appendicitis.

John Wright is now employed in the Byron mill.

A number of farmers around here are busy hauling cord wood to Grand Rapids.

Mr. John Walter spent a few days in Grand Rapids with her daughter who is in the hospital there.

Rev. and Mrs. C. A. Mellicke and son, Frances, of Grand Rapids, were at the Peter and Charles Benson home Thursday.

DIST. NO. 3, SHERRY

Miss Rose Casper of Racine is home for a few weeks. Visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Casper.

Along the Seneca Road

Miss Della Marriam who has been in Madison recently taking some work in the Agricultural department at the university, is spending a few weeks at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Terrier.

The death of the S. S. C. was postponed from last week to this week Thursday, because of sickness in the Wm. Jackson family.

F. W. Jones has been soliciting for the Armistice fund in this neighborhood, with satisfactory results. The work for Seneca is in charge of Henry Huser.

Cecilia Steines is attending school in Grand Rapids this term.

The ladies aid society met last Thursday with Mrs. M. S. Winegard.

Ernest Marth was on the sick list last week.

Mrs. C. E. Duck called at the J. R. White home Saturday evening.

L. Olsen was a Hancock shopper Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Winegard were callers at the R. Carlson home Sunday.

Chauncy Winegard was discharged from army service and came home last Thursday from Camp Meade. We are all glad to see him home again.

PILOVER ROAD

Mr. and Mrs. Basil Rocheleau spent Sunday afternoon at the Wm. Moll home.

Miss Edna Morgan spent Monday night at the John Walter home.

Miss Tilla Walter was on her way to the University hospital where on Thursday she underwent an operation for appendicitis.

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ALTDORF

Adolph Gasch, who is operating a dredge in northern Minnesota is visiting relatives and friends here.

Just as we are writing, word was received here that Eva Meunier died at the state home at Chippewa Falls. The body was shipped to Grand Rapids for burial.

Eva is the only daughter of Mrs. Hannah Maier of Grand Rapids. She also leaves three brothers to mourn her death, they being John, Joe and Frank.

Mrs. Della Loock, nee Peters was operated upon for appendicitis at Riverview hospital last Monday.

John Schiller was badly hurt Monday when he fell in front of a wagon which passed over his shoulders.

He is getting along all right.

Josephine Viertel, accompanied her sister, Natalie to Waukesha where she is attending school there.

Mrs. Pauline Smith and Mrs. N. Clara, Edna and Mary, and Mrs. A. P. Bean and daughters, Viola and Nina of Hansen visited at the O. J. Leu home Sunday.

Domnick Schiller is expected home any time as he is reported to have arrived in New York last week.

Josephine Senn is working at Grand Rapids.

EAST NEW ROME

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Busch were Sunday visitors at the J. R. Potts home.

A number of young people gathered at the Ed. Holtz home on Tuesday evening to celebrate the birthday of Lela Irwin and Leslie Holtz which were on Monday.

The evening was spent in various amusements. Everyone ate candy and fruit to the pop and sang songs.

Two young people many more happy birthdays.

Chauncy Winegard received an honorable discharge arriving home the latter part of the last week.

Mrs. Ray Rankin and sister in law Miss Mae Rankin were visitors at the J. R. Potts home on Saturday.

The ladies aid met on Thursday of last week with Mrs. M. S. Winegard.

ALFALFA HAY

We just received a car of choice pea green alfalfa hay, \$27.00 per ton out of car.

SIGEL

About thirty young people from Grand Rapids drove to the Matt Mroz home on Sunday evening where a pleasant birthday party was held in honor of Miss Irene Mroz, it being her 20th anniversary.

The evening was spent in dancing and singing and in the later hours delicious refreshments were served. These present report a most enjoyable time.

The play given by the members of school district No. 4 at the Polish Hall Wednesday evening, drew a large crowd and was one of the best entertainments that had been put on in this part of the county in some time.

Those taking part in the program were well trained and carried out their parts in a most pleasing manner. The play was put on for the benefit of the French orphan children and a nice sum was realized for them.

Emanuel Kronholm has returned home from Milwaukee where he has been spending a few days.

David Anderson has gone to Walker where he will be employed.

August and William Daur spent Saturday at Stevens Point.

John Wacholtz has returned home from Irma where he has been employed for some time.

Steve Klenoski departed last week for Milwaukee where he has secured employment.

Albert Burgeson left on Thursday for Duluth, Minn., where he will spend a few days on business.

P. Brostowitz has returned home from Milwaukee where he has been spending some time.

John Wacholtz has purchased a new Ford car.

OLD BULL AND THE NEW

The ancient bulls of Bashan were batters big and bold, but pure-bred bulls are better than fighting ones of old; for pedigreed and potent they give of a good blood by filling fields and stables with improved bovine stock.

They wage a war of progress, and putting scrubs to flight, bring every farmer profit from graded heads and tails, from hasty beef and butter, from oceans more of milk, from offspring good and handsome, all clothed in coats like silk.

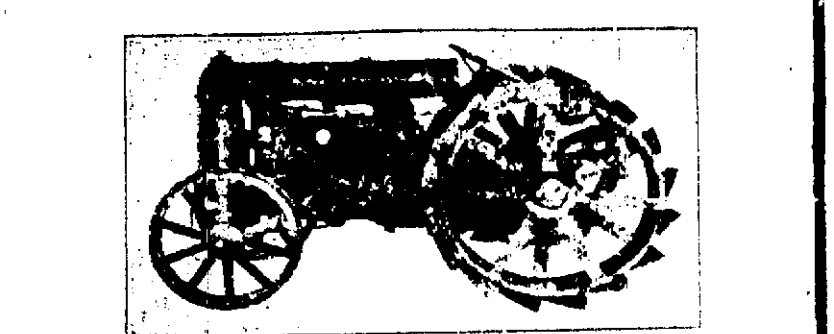
Their sons and daughters, thrifty, pay well for all they eat, they're good and quiet to handle, and neat from head to feet; no "hollow horn" affects them, "murrain" or "wolf-in-tail," those hurt scrub cattle only, not cows that are good.

In every show and market, the pure sire's get win fame, the stranger come to buy them, for grades have made a name; they've earned their buyers' profit and he comes back for more, but scrub cows lose him money, scrub bulls make him sore.

Since pure bred bulls are worthy, they now should reign supreme, the scrub must be boycotted, and men who sell scrub, by all that's right, no want profit from breeding five stock, or selling dairy products, or fattening for the block.

Then let the scrub be slaughtered, and to sausage and market his flesh go, but isn't it a pity to feed such stuff to men? Should not the worst of them really be dumped in the bog pen? And now you've got to kill him, quick, for the deed he done, but if you start to shoot him, give him no chance to run; but westward have him facing, then take aim broadside, and that same shaft sure may hit him, and he's dead and gone.

W. G. Lord spent Saturday night and a part of Sunday with his family here.



Fordson Farm Tractor

Good Morning Mr. Farmer:

Here's a letter full of good news and we ask you to read it through carefully the second time. We are going to talk to you this morning about the Fordson Farm Tractor and its special farm tools. You appreciate it is impossible for us to make a personal visit to every farmer demonstrating this tractor, much as we would enjoy doing it.

Right now is the proper time to make arrangements to get your tractor for Spring use. There are two advantages in doing this: Your time will warrant your getting acquainted with a machine and your early Spring work won't be held up, when it is time to get busy. You must remember that the production of the factory won't supply the demand by half this coming season, and to be sure of delivery, you should get your order in now.

You know that power farming has come to stay and it is only a question of a short time when fifty percent of the farmers in this county will have farm tractors. The big question to you is: "WHAT TRACTOR SHALL I BUY?" To decide this question, kindly take a piece of paper and a pencil and figure it out.

If you can increase the production off of your present acreage you certainly increase your profit. This is being done through the use of the farm tractor and by preparing your seed beds properly by having time to thoroughly work the land and by giving over the land to production that must be set aside for care of horses. You are a good farmer and you know that it takes on an average of five acres of land to take care of each horse used for one year. If you could do away with six or even four horses, you can figure what a normal crop would net you this year, taking as an example, wheat at \$2.20 per bushel.

Allow us to mention a few of the wonderful features of the FORDSON. It's simplicity: Your boy or girl can operate it successfully and do work with it that would require a man pretty well acquainted with farming to do. Second—it is an all around tractor and with it you can operate every bit of machinery on your farm. The pulley power furnished will drive any machine with ease. It is not too heavy. It is economical to operate and the investment is not too burdensome. It is the only tractor that will do perfect work on hilly ground. It is not new, although it has only been on the market for some eight or ten months; but is a result of years' experimental work under the supervision of Henry Ford at his own expense and on his own farm which by the way is 9,000 acres.

The last and most important item we want to mention is that the FORDSON means SERVICE. To get constant power from your tractor, you must get prompt service and that is one thing that you can depend on the Fordson Co. and its dealers.

Now don't delay in placing your order. Phone or write us and we will call on you at the first opportunity. We would appreciate it if you could call and see our Tractor Exhibit.

Yours for success,

Jensen & Anderson

LOCAL DEALERS

Shorty gets a hunch from the Captain

"When you get such real lasting tobacco satisfaction from a small chew," says the Captain, "it can't cost any more to chew this class of tobacco."

Good taste, smaller chew, longer life is what makes Genuine Gravelly cost less tobacco than ordinary plug.

Write to—
GENUINE GRAVELLY
DANVILLE, VA.
for booklet on chewing plug.

Peyton Brand

REAL CHEWING PLUG

Plug packed in pouch

GROUND FLOOR ROCK BOTTOM

The Attitude of The Estimator

naturally has its effect on the figuring of your lumber bill. The attitude of the lumber man figuring at the altitude usually attained by the aeroplane would not be conducive to a low figure.

Our Office is on the Ground Floor WE ARE NOT AVIATORS!

GOODS WE HAVE THAT YOU MAY HAVE WHEN YOU HAVE TO HAVE THEM

W. A. MARLING LUMBER COMPANY

W. J. CONWAY, County Judge

Goggins, Brazeau & Goggins, Attys.

LOOK AT CHILD'S TONGUE IF SICK, CROSS, FEVERISH

HURRY, MOTHER! REMOVE POISSONS FROM LITTLE STOMACH, LIVER, BOWELS.

GIVE CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS AT ONCE IF BILIOUS OR CONSTIPATED.



Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, it is a sure sign that your little one's stomach, liver and bowels need a gentle, thorough cleansing at once.

When peevish, cross, listless, pale, doesn't sleep, doesn't eat or not naturally, or is feverish, stomach sour, breath bad; has stomach-ache, sore throat, diarrhoea, full of cold, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the foul, constipated waste, undigested food and sour bile gently moves out of the little bowels without griping, and you have a well, playful child again.

You needn't coax sick children to take this harmless "fruit laxative"; they love its delicious taste, and it always makes them feel splendid.

Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on the bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here. To be sure you get the genuine, ask to see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company." Refuse any other kind with contempt.—Advt.

Groggery.
"He always has his nose to the grindstone."
"I noticed that he was sharp-featured."

An Attack of Influenza Often Leaves Kidneys in Weakened Condition

Doctors in all parts of the country have been kept busy with the epidemic of influenza which has visited so many homes. The symptoms of this disease are very distressing and leave the system in a run down condition. Almost every victim complains of lame back and urinary troubles which should not be neglected, as these danger signals often lead to dangerous kidney troubles. Druggists report a large sale on Dr. Klinger's Swamp-Root which so many people say has been the most successful remedy for the kidneys. Swamp-Root, being an herbal compound, has a gentle healing effect on the kidneys, which is almost immediately noticed in most cases by those who try it. Dr. Klinger & Co., Hingham, N. Y., offer to send a sample size bottle of Swamp-Root, on receipt of ten cents, in every sufferer who requests it. A trial will convince any one who may be in need of it. Regular medium and large size bottles are sold at all druggists. Be sure to mention this paper.—Advt.

People who blot out the past should destroy the blotter.

All liking has its grounds in like-ness.

MAULE'S SEEDS

Start Your Garden Right

Send for Maule's Seed Book, 170 pages of most helpful garden information. Beat the high seed price with Maule's Seed Book. It contains thousands of new garden seeds—big crops were produced.

MAULE SEED BOOK

170 Pages of Practical Information FREE

Learn what, when, and how to plant and prepare your ground for best results. Paper securely has limited our 5010 seeds. Send for your copy today.

WM. HENRY MAULE, Inc.
2148 Arch Street Philadelphia
Maule's Seed Book Productive Gardening

TILTING TABLE FRAME COMPLETE WITH SAW

24 inch	\$23.90
26	24.90
28	25.90
30	26.90

SAWS

24 inch	\$5.40
26 "	6.40
28 "	7.40
30 "	8.40

MANDRELS \$4.00 AND UP

POND ICE SAWS \$4.00 AND UP

AMERICAN SAW & TOOL WORKS
311 ST. & WESTERN AVE., CHICAGO

Why Lose Dandruff and Itching?

The Cause is Dandruff and Itching. The Remedy is Your Hair Cuticura

Apply Cuticura to scalp, wash with Cuticura, and your hair will be clean and healthy.

AMERICAN SAW & TOOL WORKS
311 ST. & WESTERN AVE., CHICAGO

LOOKS MUCH LIKE HUNS' PROPAGANDA

COVERT THREAT THAT GERMANY MAY LEAD THE BOLSHIEVISTS OF EASTERN EUROPE.

IS PLEA FOR EASIER TERMS

Congressman Cannon's Vigorous Old-Time Speech for Bill to Appropriately \$100,000,000 for the Starving People of Central Europe.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington.—For several weeks there has been in circulation something that comes very near being propaganda, but it may simply be the result of more recent investigations of conditions in Europe. Stories are told in various ways and at various times about the condition of Germany and her inability to pay any large indemnity. Then these statements are followed up with others to the effect that it will not do to boycott Germany and that she must have an opportunity to secure raw materials and that her products must be bought by other countries, else her people will starve and bolshevism will take absolute control. Finally these stories culminate in this sort of scare:

All eastern Europe, it is said, is badly threatened with bolshevism. Germany, containing the most intelligent of all the populations, is tending toward bolshevism, and there is grave danger that she may become the leader of that vast territory comprising Germany, Russia, Austria, parts of Turkey and most of the Balkans. This would mean another war and on a much greater scale and of far more disastrous consequences than that which has just been fought.

In this connection it is said that one reason why the president was so anxious to get \$100,000,000 to feed the starving people of Europe was for the purpose of stopping the spread of bolshevism. Possibly this carries out the idea voiced by Senator Vandenberg of Mississippi, who says that bolshevism is a disease caused by hunger. It may be that the hungry hordes of Europe are going to be a great menace, but it is impossible for them to become a great menace as was Germany.

The men who are putting forth these ideas admit that there is still a strong sentiment in the countries lately at war with Germany to make that country pay, and pay heavily, for the injuries she inflicted upon Belgium and France and the enormous expense she caused all the nations in the great war. They also say that the sentiment in the United States is stronger even than in Europe, and that to overcome it would be very difficult to overcome the idea of exacting a vast indemnity from Germany and at the same time making her an outlaw among nations. Nevertheless, they are asserting that it is necessary in order to establish stable governments in Europe.

Uncle Joe Cannon will go down in history as the most remarkable man that has ever been known in the halls of congress. He went into action in his old-time, vigorous style in support of the bill to give \$100,000,000 to feed the starving people of Europe. He was like the Joe Cannon of a quarter of a century ago, going through all the gyrations of swinging, snappy steps, and using the same Anglo-Saxon which is always effective. There has not been a speech made in congress in many years that was so liberally punctuated with cheers and applause as that made by this famous congressman, who has been longer in congress than any other man who ever served.

There are few vacancies happening in important offices in these days for which James Hamilton Lewis is not mentioned. Just why it happens that the brilliant Illinois senator is considered a lame duck and must have an office is scarcely known. Lewis is a very successful lawyer and can take care of himself, even if he does not hold a public office.

It seems that there is no city of Washington. Some one who was interested in such matters created quite a stir a few months ago by declaring that "Washington city" does not exist, that there never has been a law creating such a city, and that the seat of government of the United States is simply the District of Columbia. Since that time all proclamations issued from the White House have been "Done in the District of Columbia," etc. Instead of "Done in the city of Washington," Senator Myers of Montana introduced a bill to remedy this situation and create for the establishment of a city of Washington with boundaries the same as those of the District.

Some time in the future there is going to be a move made to find the unknown heroes of the great war. When we come to think of it, there are mighty few heroes of this war yet, although everybody knows that many heroic deeds were performed. Senator Weeks of Massachusetts says there ought to be an inquiry to find out those who men are. Any quantity of men performed great deeds of valor, but these deeds have gone unrecorded because the officer or man performing them was not under the eye of a superior officer at the time who could make a report of it. Private letters have told of many heroic actions which were seen only by private soldiers, and

Trousers and Knee Breaches. In a long contest between trousers and knee breaches, the latter won out in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries, but retired in the nineteenth. In France sans culottes became a class distinction. In America a republican were tight pantaloons, a federalist were knee breaches and buckled shoes. One bride, 100 years ago, attired in fawn-colored silk, walked by her proud husband in what was then the newest fashion—trousers; and his wife made from the same piece of fawn-colored silk.

Trinkets never offers to pay for drinks if you meet him at the bar, but he is so witty his conversation is quite a treat. "Yes, in a dry way."

Never Read.
"I spent an hour in Grabcock's library last night. Did you find any worth reading?" "Plenty of them. In fact, I was cutting leaves all the time. I was there."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

because they did not come under the eye of some officer in command they are not recorded in the official reports. The people are so proud of their soldiers in this war that they ought to know of all the heroic exploits and the movement to find out the heroes will no doubt be received with popular acclaim.

After suffering in silence for some months, Senator Smith of Arizona finally brought up again the question of printing extraneous matter in the Congressional Record. As chairman of the committee on printing Senator Smith exercises general supervision over the Record and has felt it his duty to keep out of it all petitions, letters, newspaper articles and other matter that by rights ought merely to be referred to a committee. For a while this crusade was successful, but a couple of months ago the senate kicked over the traces and since then has been indulging in an orgy of inclusions of outside matter. The Arizona senator took up the question the other day in a plea that there be a halt, saying: "It is costing more money than senators conceive of."

There is a very widespread feeling in government circles that the "Americanization" of our people must not be allowed to lag. It takes a great effort like the war to show the weak points of a nation and our weakest point was undoubtedly our large foreign population. There are 7,000,000 people in the United States above the age of ten years who can neither read nor write the English language. During the war it has been declared by every great American that citizens of this country must be absolute in their loyalty. This cannot be accomplished unless some method is followed by which our foreign population may be educated to see things from an American point of view. How to do it is a question that is one of our great reconstruction problems.

Figures have been collected from the states by the agricultural department showing the number of returned soldiers that can be used for road-building work. According to these figures more than 100,000 of the demobilized soldiers can be employed for this kind of work, either as skilled or unskilled workmen. It will be killing two birds with one stone if employment can be furnished that many men after their discharge from the army, and at the same time provide effective organizations for the building and upkeep of good roads.

As Europe looks toward peace Mexico looks upon the horizon as a trouble maker for this country. Are we ever going to get back again to the tranquil days of peace and quiet which the country enjoyed for a quarter of a century before the Spanish war? Of course there were little difficulties with foreign governments, but they were easily settled and of small moment compared to those which have come upon us from the days we became a world power. After the acquisition of the Philippines we thought we had to have an eye out as to the purposes of Japan in the Orient. In later years the troubles in Mexico have been ours to a large extent and have necessitated the use of our fleet and our army. At the present time there is great uneasiness along the border which accounts for the movement to extend our southern boundary line still farther south in order to insure peace along the Rio Grande and in southern Arizona and New Mexico. It is asserted by some who think they know what is going on that when President Wilson gets through with his peace negotiations in Europe he will have another great task in pacifying Mexico.

People desiring to travel in any foreign country experience a great deal of difficulty in obtaining passports. Before the war people could travel in Britain, Germany, Holland, Belgium, France and Italy without passports. Now no one can land in any European or South American country without a passport and our government has been warned by most of the countries that the fewer passports issued, the better they will like it. It is rather surprising to find that the English government is one of those which has asked the United States to restrict the issuing of passports to those persons who absolutely must visit that country. The security of food in the European countries is given as the main reason why people from America are not desired at the present time. As to the South American countries, our government has found that a great many persons obtained passports and went to that continent and engaged in German propaganda, and they are still apprehensive that Germany may use these persons as a disturbing element in South American countries where there are large German populations.

There has been a tremendous effort to get Senator Moses, the new senator from New Hampshire, to vote for woman suffrage. Moses intends to vote the sentiment of his state. "I must have a mandate from my state before I will vote for the woman-suffrage amendment," he told the people who asked him his views. He would consider a resolution by the state legislature a "mandate."

Defined.
One day while we had a neighbor's little boy out for a drive we passed a pasture in which were several cows and calves. I asked him what the little animals were and he spoke up quickly, "It's what after it grows up is a cow."—Exchange.

A New Stitch.
A handy stitch, which is probably not new at all to the older needleworkers, but which is sure to interest those of younger years, is making an appearance on new runners and pillow covers. It is done usually in black and serves to outline a stenciled or printed design. It is a series of black stitches, with the stitch as it appears on the right side left in a rather long loop, say a quarter of an inch. As each stitch is taken, it should pierce the thread lying underneath to hold it. After the entire outline is filled with these close-lying loops, the scissors go over them and clip them into a soft nap appearance for the whole design. Of course, this stitch is only practical on dark materials that will not need constant laundering, as the loops would mat out or flatten out in washing and ironing.

Straw and Old Linen.
Colored straw plaques and bits of the embroidered linen form the foundation of some of the newest and prettiest workbooks. There are plenty of possibilities in this combination for

the woman who likes to make bags for herself and her friends. For instance, old leghorn hats may be stained with a dye to almost any brilliant shade. Blues, with a hint of green, and the lovely brownish reds are popular colors. With the old hat stained, proceed to cut out from it an oval, or oblong, square or circular piece for the bottom of the bag. Old embroidered linen, still strong enough to stand the wear and tear of a favorite workbook, is then used to fill up the rest, and may be pulled up on white crocheted cords through embroidered loops or rings. The advantage in this sort of a bag is that it can be taken apart and laundered easily, while the straw keeps its shape indefinitely.

Kerchief Is Popular.
The hat is always an important part of the street costume and assists in making it more or less dressy as the occasion demands. Hats and a bright bit of color given by a dainty handkerchief tucked in the tiny pocket seen on many of our gowns complete the costume of the chic American woman. A makes her daily promenade.



Spring suit for young girl, on the left. It is of tan-colored covert cloth, made with the new length of coat which is left open from neckline, in the Charles Stuart fashion. It is trimmed below the waist with brass buttons, and the lower sleeve is linked together with brass buttons. There is a cravat of the material. On the right is a tunic suit for a young girl, of red wool jersey trimmed with bands of cream-colored jersey embroidered in red and black. The large hat is of cream jersey faced with red straw and trimmed with a red cord and tassels.

GAY FROCKS FOR THE YOUNG GIRLS

Increased Brilliance of Wardrobes in Honor of Returning Soldiers.

New York.—America has not yet found a fitting name for the girl of sixteen. The English call her the "flapper," and the Anglo-Saxon world uses the expression, whether or not it approves of it. In America it is not liked, but no one has risen to put this type of young person in a niche and give her a name.

And she is quite important, proclaims a fashion writer. She deserves a strong appellation—a quick, vibrant, significant name for her class, her type and her vitality. We have buried under the sobriety of oblivion the "sweet sixteen" phrase. Doth "fourteen" has made the one word "seventeen" classify, at least for America, the youth of our land, with its awkward, stumbling tendencies toward manhood, its budding emotionalism sternly suppressed through pride and shame, its desire for girls' company, and its contempt for that desire. But if we applied the single word "sixteen" to that gay, educated, poised, self-assured, highly educated, superintelligent, adventurous class of tall, slim things that spread over the land, usually setting the pace for their mothers' fashions, it would be peculiar.

It is difficult to be pessimistic if one keeps close to the side of girls of that age. Their outlook on life, their faith in themselves and the world, their unaided ability to find pleasure unaided by anyone else, renews youth in middle age. They are no longer creatures held on a leash. They are rarely asked to obey; they are constantly consulted by their mothers, and they usually take an intelligent part in the management of their home, its social environments, its financial expenditures, its ideals and its ambitions.

Granting these things—and everyone does grant them who has had any close companionship with the typical American girl, it is natural that her interest in clothes should be strong, and not only strong but usually exceedingly good. She dresses herself, as a rule, better than her mother can dress her.

Working downward—or upward, rather—through these psychological phases of girlhood among the Anglo-Saxons, and especially the North Americans, one finds the reason for the establishments of many successful dressmaking houses which cater to young girls. Few of the great establishments here or abroad neglect the "flapper." From the time she is twelve until she makes her bow to society at eighteen she is catered to by houses that expend much ingenuity and brilliancy of workmanship on her special type of clothing.

Two of the important financial successes in the dressmaking world of New York started with the schoolgirl. Fifth avenue houses which cater to dowagers and sensational young matrons have discovered this year to place young girls' clothes in their salons. Youngsters who try to look like Mary Pickford are often used as mannequins, but they have not been a success, because the sixteen-year-old doesn't wish to look like Mary Pickford. She wouldn't be caught with curls down her back, a sweet smile, and chubby legs below a short skirt.

A New Stitch.
A handy stitch, which is probably not new at all to the older needleworkers, but which is sure to interest those of younger years, is making an appearance on new runners and pillow covers. It is done usually in black and serves to outline a stenciled or printed design. It is a series of black stitches, with the stitch as it appears on the right side left in a rather long loop, say a quarter of an inch. As each stitch is taken, it should pierce the thread lying underneath to hold it. After the entire outline is filled with these close-lying loops, the scissors go over them and clip them into a soft nap appearance for the whole design. Of course, this stitch is only practical on dark materials that will not need constant laundering, as the loops would mat out or flatten out in washing and ironing.

Straw and Old Linen.
Colored straw plaques and bits of the embroidered linen form the foundation of some of the newest and prettiest workbooks. There are plenty of possibilities in this combination for

NATIONS' PEACE CLAIMS SHOWN

First Complete Summary of Powers' Aspirations in World's New Map.

CAN NOT ALL BE SATISFIED

Clashes Over Conflicting Demands Are Inevitable—Outline of What the Great and Small Countries Regard as Their Rights.

The representatives of the five great powers may now be said to be in a position to compare clearly their own aspirations and those of all their allied friends and to see the differences that must be reconciled. The desires of the several countries may be compressed thus:

FRENCH CLAIMS.
France wants, first of all, Alsace-Lorraine unconditionally, and the right to discuss and ultimately to fix the French frontiers in their relation to the Rhine, which may require the creation of buffer states. One of these would be the Palatinat and another Rhinisch-Prussia. France desires also to annex the basin of the Sarre river, which might be called a reannexation.

France will insist that so far as the left bank of the Rhine farther to the north is concerned, the conference should forbid military works of any kind—barracks, bridgeheads, forts and fortresses—in that zone. The feeling is that the people inhabiting that zone should be free to decide for themselves whether they wish to join France, form an independent state, or return to Germany.

The French bill for reparations is not complete, but it has been announced in the chamber of deputies that it will be about 60,000,000,000 francs (\$13,200,000,000).

The French government does not ask for a protectorate in Syria in the ordinary sense because it considers that the population there is too advanced to make a protectorate necessary, but France, on account of her traditional interests in that country, feels that she should be called upon to exercise some sort of guardianship or guidance until Syria should be fully able to govern herself.

BRITISH CLAIMS.
Great Britain's delegation believes that a policy of nations is desirable and attainable and that it must be established by the present peace conference. She advocates a continued purpose other than those of a permanent and just peace under the principle of self-determination and that there shall be international freedom of transit by railroads and waterways, which is Great Britain's general definition of freedom of commerce in times of peace.

Great Britain will take military power over the German islands south of the equator for Australia and over German Southwest Africa for the Union of South Africa. She will also have the mandate over German East Africa and some parts of Arabia, and she has particular claims in this respect over Mesopotamia.

Great Britain will enter a pact with the other allies in the matter of indemnities, especially reparation for all paid damages and shipping losses.

ITALY'S CLAIMS.
Italy asks for the Trentino as far as the Brenner pass, including the whole of the southern Tyrol; Trieste, Istria, Fiume, Zara, Sebenico, the large part of the Dalmatian islands, Afulonia and its hinterland, a protectorate over Albania, possession of the islands in the Aegean which were taken from Turkey during the Tripolitan war and the province of Adalia in France and England should take territory in Asia Minor.

The Italian contention is that the Dalmatian islands and such parts of the Dalmatian coast as are not assigned to Italy shall be neutralized. Should France and England extend their colonial possessions in Africa, Italy desires to enlarge her possessions in Africa and Tripoli. She also wants Djibouti, French Somaliland and British Somaliland, on the Red Sea.

ROUMANIA.
Roumania wants that portion of Russian Bessarabia given her by the treaty of Bucharest; Southern Dobruja as ceded to her by Bulgaria after the second war, thus commanding the Danube; the Hapsburg provinces of Bukovina and Transylvania and part of Banat, which Serbia claims.

Both Roumania and Serbia have

MANDATORY PRINCIPLE NOT ACCEPTABLE TO FRANCE?

Indications That That Country and Australia Are Disatisfied With Proposed Colonial Arrangement.

Although France, in common cause with the other big powers, accepts practically the Wilson mandatory principle as to colonies, she does not like the conditions under which she is to dispose of them. It is not such a door is left open to her to repudiate it she does not approve the concrete application.

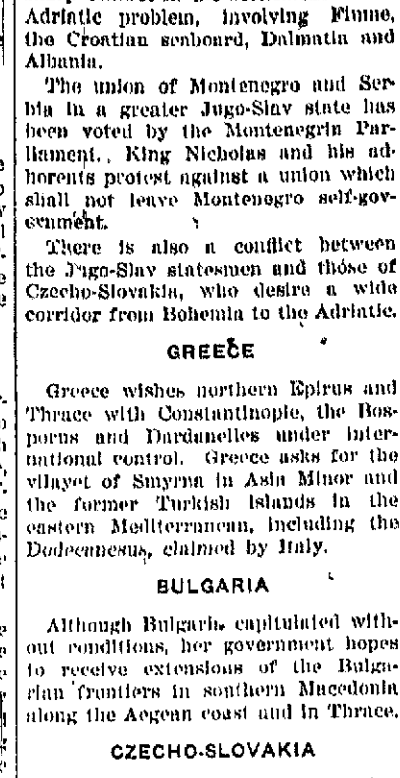
Le Matin this morning has a long article by Stephen Lausanne on the fight made by Premier Hughes of Australia against the Wilsonian idea, the printing of which is regarded as significant as a protest against the American attitude in this phase of peace-making.

The news from the Archangel section was not sufficiently definite as yet to justify any conclusion. Undoubtedly, he added, the bolshevik had stronger forces there now than they had before; so it had been considered safer to bring the allied troops closer together. Pichon held that the armistices authorized the entente governments to stop hostilities between Poland and Russia, if the Princes of Poland and Russia were not held, it

DANDRUFF MAKES HAIR FALL OUT

A small bottle of "Danderine" keeps hair thick, strong, beautiful.

Girls! Try this! Doubles beauty of your hair in a few moments.



Within ten minutes after an application of Danderine you can not find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp.

A little Danderine immediately doubles the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and scraggy, just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. The effect is amazing—your hair will be light, fluffy and wavy, and have an appearance of abundance; an incomparable lustre, softness and luxuriance.

Get a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderine for a few cents at any drug store or toilet counter, and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all—you surely can have beautiful hair and lots of it if you will just try a little Danderine.—Advt.

Wise Pat.
Pat was deeply a laborer, nothing more, nothing less, but naturally he was witty. While on a certain job one day he noticed his foreman standing idly by seemingly lost in thought, and, as Pat didn't relish the idea of doing all the work himself, he remarked: "Anything wrong, sir?"

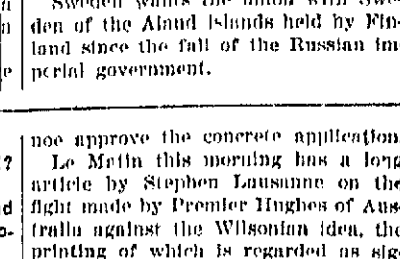
"No," replied the foreman, good-naturedly, "I was just thinking, you know, Pat, one man scheming is as good as two working."

"Then, sir," responded Pat, "that being the case, I suggest that we both scheme; that will be as good as four working."

STOMACH UPSET?

PAPE'S DIAPHRASIN AT ONCE ENDS SOURNESS, GAS, ACIDITY, INDIGESTION.

When meals upset you and you belch gas, acids and undigested food. When you have tense, aching stomach pain or any distress in stomach you can get relief instantly—No waiting!



An soon as you eat a tablet of Pape's Diaphrasin all the indigestion pain stops. Gases, acidity, heartburn, flatulence and dyspepsia vanish. Pape's Diaphrasin tablets cost very little at drug stores. Advt.

Poorly Paid for Good Work.
Mrs. Annand B. Brown, expert in the redemption of mutilated money, who died recently at the age of eighty-one after 43 years of service in the United States treasury, earned the gratitude of countless poor persons by her identification of the charred remains of currency, and performed marvelous feats in determining the original value of burned or mutilated fragments of bills, but her pay was only \$1,000 a year.

Sale of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County.
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State of Ohio, and that said firm has and he himself has full power to sell and convey unto the said Lucas County, Ohio, all that certain tract or parcel of land containing 36.36 acres of land, more or less, situated in said Lucas County, Ohio, and that said land is subject to a mortgage in favor of the said F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

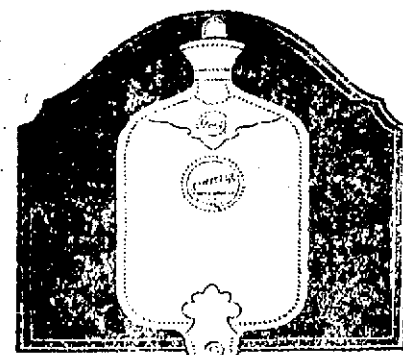
Good Delivery.
Hills—I want your minister is a great success. One of those straight-from-the-shoulder speakers, who can put 'em over the plate. Plunder—Yes, and in the plate.

A Lady of Distinction.
Is recognized by the delicate fascinating influence of the perfume she uses. A bath with Cuticura Soap and hot water to thoroughly cleanse the pores, followed by a dusting with Cuticura Talcum Powder usually means a clear, sweet, healthy skin.—Advt.

There's nothing a red-blooded man hates more than being made a hero and a pet of.

Keep your liver active, your bowels clean by taking Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets and you'll keep healthy, wealthy and wise. Advt.

In the dark lexicon of timidity there is no such word as "succeed!"



KANTLEEK
A
Rexall
PRODUCT

It can't leak
because it's
made in one
piece—that's
why we guar-
antee satisfac-
tion or your
money back.

Complete line of
Kantleek Rubber
goods. Prices
from 40c to \$4.75

OTTO'S PHARMACY
The "REXALL" Store

W. T. LYLE
Licensed Embalmer and
Funeral Director
Store on West Side
Lady Attendant at Desired
Night phone 885; Day phone 885

Dr. W. E. Jurden
The Successful Specialist

OF Eau Claire, Wisconsin will be in
GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN
at the
COMMERCIAL HOTEL
FEBRUARY 16th and 17th
Dr. Jurden has visited Grand Rapids
for many years. Medical and sur-
gical examinations and consultations
free.



Dr. Jurden is one of the best known, longest
established, absolutely reliable and suc-
cessful specialists in the state; an expert in
the treatment of all chronic dis-
eases and will cure you whatever your ailment
in a way that will astonish you.

SPECIALIST
For all Nervous and Chronic Diseases.
Physician and surgeon. 30 years in special-
ized and private practice. Treating all
forms of stubborn systemic diseases.

Consultation Free to the Sick
An honest opinion always given, diagnosis,
prognosis, and the incurable such advice as
may prove helpful.

Dr. Jurden has merited by skill and suc-
cess the confidence he maintains.

Many wonderful cures in diseases of
the stomach, liver, kidneys, heart,
lungs, nervous, and rheumatism, gall
stones, gravel, appendicitis, fistula,
and other rectal diseases, con-
stitutional catarrh, bronchitis,
asthma, catarrh of the throat, stom-
ach, indigestion, etc. Nervous debility,
falling memory, over work, sore eyes,
deafness, eye and ear diseases, blood
and skin diseases, blood poison, pin-
ples, spots, tetter, ulcers, eczema,
tumors, scrofula, cancer, where the
roots do not extend to vital parts,
goiter, swellings of the neck, blind-
ness, enlargements, tapeworms, dia-
betes, urinary, kidney and bladder
diseases, dropsy, fits, various warts,
enlarged glands, tissue waste, catar-
rhal discharges, drains, obstructions
weakness, and all constitutional and
serious internal diseases that baffle
the skill of many physicians.

Debilitated, Nervous Men and Women.
Young and Old Men Nervous Discouraged
Weak Women.

Get the Truth
DR. JURDEN
CONSULT

Examination free—He gives you his years of
SPECIALIZED AND EXPERIENCE.
Market regular, desire to few cities. Own
his medical institute building and dispensary
in the city of Eau Claire.

WRITE Treatment sent as directed. Address
W. E. JURDEN, M. D.
3529 S. Farwell St., Eau Claire, Wis.

FIRE INSURANCE

Now is the time to insure your
home or stock of goods. An over-
heated chimney or pipe may cause
a fire—are you fully protected?
Cheap Rates.

Real Estate

We handle all kinds of Real
Estate, both farm and city prop-
erty. Now is the time to list your
farms for the spring sales. We
are affiliated with a large Chicago
real estate firm and feel sure that
we can sell your farm if you are
not too steep on the price.

Accident and Sick Benefit Insurance

Now is the time to protect your-
self against "Influenza" by hav-
ing a good safe Benefit Policy. Ac-
cidents happen at any time. Be
fully protected. Try one of our
policies. Prices from \$12 to \$60
per annum.

We handle Farm Loans and
make collections.

Edward N. Pomainville
Dealer in Real Estate, Loans,
Insurance and Collections
MacKinnon Block - Grand Rapids, Wis.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS

Grand Rapids, Wis., Council Cham-
ber, Feb. 4, 1919.

Roll call showed all aldermen pre-
sent. Chas. E. Briere, mayor, presid-
ing.

Motion made, seconded and carried
that the reading of the minutes of the
last meeting be dispensed with.

Street committee alderman G. E. Gierke
reported on the matter of the applica-
tion for a bridge by Joseph Rick on
17th Avenue be denied. Motion made
and the report of the committee be
adopted.

Board of Public Works reported
favorably and recommended that the
petition of John Hollmuller request-
ing the permission to move his build-
ing approximately 15 feet onto his
old lot be granted. Motion made,
seconded and carried that the petition be
granted and that the permission be
granted as prayed for by said John
Hollmuller. All aldermen voting aye
on roll call.

Motion made and seconded that the
bill of the Grand Rapids Amusement
Company for \$223.76 be allowed,
same adopted on roll call, all aldermen
voting aye.

The matter of establishing a coal
and fuel depot was then taken from
the table and motion made and sec-
onded that action on the resolution be
indefinitely postponed. Motion car-
ried on roll call, all aldermen voting
aye, excepting alderman Bealer, Whit-
rock and Lynch voting no.

Petition for a sewer on 13th Avenue
south was referred to the Sewer Com-
mittee.

Ordinance No. 214 relating to the
purchase of and sale of gold, silver,
platinum, copper, brass, lead, tin, zinc
and other metals presented and it was
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Gross earnings	\$11,044.87
Deductions	
Interest on bonds	\$1,624.93
Depreciation	275.68
Insurance	154.50
	\$1,955.11
Net gain for six months	\$9,089.76
Water Dept. Earnings	
Commercial sales	\$6,141.74
Industrial sales	231.00
Municipal Hydrant rentals	231.00
Municipal departments	285.79
Misc. earnings from operation	71.92
	\$6,761.45
Disbursements	
Paid for power	\$1,044.63
Maintenance	655.93
Pump labor	720.00
General office expenses	191.55
Misc. supplies & expenses	621.03
	\$2,633.14
Gross earnings	\$4,938.31
Deductions	
Interest on bonds	\$1,485.00
Depreciation	289.44
Insurance	130.14
Taxes	119.00
	\$1,923.58
Net earnings or deficit	\$2,914.73
On motion duly made Council ad- journed.	

F. G. GILKEY, City Clerk.

ORDINANCE NO. 214

An ordinance relating to junk dealers
in the city of Grand Rapids.

The Common Council of the city of
Grand Rapids do ordain as follows:

Section 1. Every dealer or person
who purchases any articles composed
in whole or any part of gold, silver,
platinum, copper, brass, lead, tin, zinc
or who obtains same by exchange
from any person whatever shall take
the written consent of the parent or
guardian in full of the purchase and
shall be punished as provided in
section 4 hereof.

Section 2. Whoever being a dealer
in second hand articles or keeper of
a junk store purchases any article
except rags and waste paper from a
minor under 18 years of age without
the written consent of the parent or
guardian is guilty of a misdemeanor
and shall be punished as provided in
section 4 hereof.

Section 3. Any person or persons
violating the provisions of this ordi-
nance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor
and shall be punished as provided in
section 4 hereof.

Section 4. Any person or persons
violating the provisions of this ordi-
nance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor
and shall be punished as provided in
section 4 hereof.

Section 5. This ordinance shall
take effect and be in force from and
after the date hereof.

Passed by an affirmative vote by the
Common Council this 4th day of Febru-
ary 1919.

CHAS. E. BRIERE, F. G. GILKEY,
Mayor City Clerk.

TO BUILD NEW HOTEL

The residents of Minocqua have
interested themselves in the matter
of a new hotel for that city and ac-
cording to their tentative plans a
structure will embody about thirty
rooms includes all modern improve-
ments will be erected this spring.
The people up there have come to the
conclusion that they need a suitable
place for the tourists and anglers
to stop at in the summer to hold
business and are organizing a stock
company to put the proposition into
effect. One of the rooms, it is
planned, will be dedicated as a
soldiers and sailors Memorial and
all other hands can gather at any time
they wish to.

A. L. Akey of Biron was a pleasant
caller at this office on Saturday on
his way to Wausau to spend Sunday
with his brother, Tuffield Akey, who
was in the hospital there, having
undergone an operation a few days
before.

Gus Lundgren of the town of Ru-
dolph was among the business callers
at this office on Tuesday.

Lundgren reports that his brother,
Charles has been laid up with the flu
for three months past, and is just
able to get around again, being still
pretty weak from the effects of the
disease.

Sergt. Ernest Anderson returned
to Camp Grant, Ill., Tuesday after
spending a short furlough with his
parents, Mr. and Mrs. Nate Anderson.
Ernest has been expecting to get out
of the service but was recently trans-
ferred to a different department and
now may have to stay in a while
longer.

Teachers contract blanks for sale
at the Tribune office.

"Say It With Flowers"

Henry R. Ebsen,
FLORIST

Phone 25 Saratoga St.
East Side

CORRECT GLASSES

**All Opticians Claim To
Make Them—**

I make the EYES PROVE
the GLASSES are CORRECT
or they do not leave my estab-
lishment.

If your Glasses are correct
today, you can see PERFECT-
LY, not; the Glasses should
be discarded and CORRECT
GLASSES worn—do not ex-
periment—visit

LOUIS REICHEL

COAL AND WOOD

The Best
Grades at
Reasonable
Prices.

Keep Coal moving. There are con-
sumers who want certain grades
and sizes of coal but the happiest
are those who make the best of
what they can procure during
these strenuous times.

CALL US UP AT
Phone 416 or 5

BOSSERT BROTHERS

WOOD AND COAL YARDS

LOCAL ITEMS

John Jung attended the dance at
Rudolph Friday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Rayome have
moved to Port Edwards to reside.

L. E. Nash returned on Tuesday
from a business trip to New York.

Miss Bertha Yandi is spending two
weeks at Plainfield visiting relatives
and friends.

Frank Nelson has accepted a posi-
tion with the Johnson & Hill Co.
advertising man.

Otto Roenius made a business trip
to Oshkosh on Monday, returning the
day following.

Paul Herman of the town of Ru-
dolph was a pleasant caller at this
office on Monday.

Francis Daly is able to be about
again after being laid up a week
with neuralgia.

Miss Leona Nogolski of Milwaukee
is visiting at the home of her sister,
Mrs. A. L. Stewart.

Mrs. Emil Beck was called to Mosi-
ne on Saturday by the serious ill-
ness of her father.

John May of the town of Seneca
was among the business callers at
this office on Monday.

Singer sewing machines, best
in the world, needles and supplies at
the Music Shop.

Dr. G. Gamma of the town of
Sigel was among the business callers
at this office on Friday.

John W. Schmick of the town of
Rudolph was among the business
callers at this office on Monday.

A. B. Buterny, one of the solid
farmers on R. D. 5 favored this of-
fice with a pleasant call on Monday.

W. A. Marling of Madison spent
several days in this city last week
being the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Will
Marling.

Mrs. Merritt Denniston of Rudolph
favored this office with a pleasant
call on Friday while in the city on
business.

Mrs. John Stellmacher and Mrs.
Tony Wacholtz of the town of Sigel
were business visitors in the city on
Saturday.

Mrs. O. R. Moore returned on
Thursday from Baraboo where she
had spent a couple of weeks visiting
her mother.

Druggist F. L. Steib is spending
three weeks at one of the sanitari-
ums in Milwaukee where he is taking
treatments.

Julia Joswick and Emily and Peter
Broschowitz, all of Sigel left for Mil-
waukee Sunday where they have ac-
cepted positions and will make their
home.

We handle a complete line of
Moises' fancy box chocolates. John-
son & Hill Co.

Dr. and Mrs. A. L. Ridgman left
on Monday for Los Angeles, Cali-
fornia, where, if they find the con-
ditions to suit them, they expect to
spend the coming two months.

Walter Wykowski of the town of
Sigel was among the business visitors
at the Tribune office on Monday, hav-
ing come in to have his name en-
rolled on the subscription list.

<

PUTTING POUNDS ON PORKERS

Boys' and girls' pig clubs in Ames, Iowa, lately have been making big records in pig fattening. Information just received by the States Relations Service, United States Department of Agriculture shows that one boy for a period of 123 days made a gain of 233 pounds a day on his pig; another, 226 pounds a day. Twenty boys have averaged 2 or more pounds a day.

It is the best record from the standpoint of rate of gain that we have ever received," says Frank O. Reed, the pig club leader in Ames. Some excellent gains and unusual profits also have been made in hog fattening. Several members of the boys' corn club report over a hundred bushels to the acre, one showing 135, 126 and 124 bushels yields.

GROUND ALFALFA

—Dust cow and up feed on the market, put up in 100 pound sacks, price \$2.50, sacks included.

Nash Hardware Co.

EDWARD N. POMAINVILLE

Justice of the Peace

Real Estate, Loans and Insurance, Abstracts of Titles and Collections

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

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Office in Wood Block, East Side

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Office in Wood Block over postoffice

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Grand Rapids - Wisconsin

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Over Gill's Paint Store

Twenty-six years behind the camera, but not a day behind the times.

D. D. CONWAY

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J. J. JEFFREY

LAWYER

Loans and Collections. Commercial and Probate Law. Office across from Church's Drug Store

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GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE

Thursday, February 13, 1919

—Published by—

W. A. DRUM & A. B. SUTOR

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TO ABOLISH PRIMARIES

Assemblyman in Chilton of Merrill has introduced a bill in the legislature which seeks to do away with the primary election.

When the primary election was introduced, it was that it would allow anybody to run for office, as all he had to do was to get his friends to circulate a few papers and get his name on the primary ballot and then make the run.

"The trouble with it, when it came to try the thing out, it was found that a man had to make two campaigns instead of one as by the old method, so that it really took more money to get an office than it used to take under the old plan, a man had really no more of a chance than before."

Then it was stated that a lot of yahoos from the other party could not come in and back the caucus under the primary plan like they used to do. Under the old system, but it was found that this evil was not done away with at all, as often the man from the other side would go into the opposing primaries and vote for the weaker of the two candidates, so that their man would really have a better show.

The idea was that under the primary plan it would not be possible to hold a meeting before election and put up a man and run for office like they did under the convention plan, but it has been found that they held conventions just the same as they did in the good old days and thus defeat this idea, which was apparently one in which was a primary election.

As a matter of fact, a political party is no different from any other organization, and if you cannot meet and hold some sort of a convention they will hold a party. In the old days when the conventions were held, the effort was to get a good man as possible to run for office for the reason that a poor man would not get much of a show of election. It may be a show of popularity but not of brains, but the same thing is bound to occur at a primary or any other kind of an election.

As a matter of fact, the primary election law has been found to be a poor law, so poor that in many instances no primary was held. The city of Grand Rapids never held a primary election for the selection of a set of city officers, notwithstanding the fact that the law applied to municipal elections, the same as to others. It is a needless expense that gives nothing in return, and it should be done away with.

WANT APPLES GRADED

Congress will be asked to establish compulsory grades and brands for all apples shipped interstate in barrels and boxes. If the movement being launched by the State Horticultural Society and supported by the State Department of Agriculture, gains headway.

The large quantities of poor fruit received from the past two years are responsible for the new movement.

According to S. B. Fracker, acting state entomologist, who has charge of the apple grading administration in Wisconsin, the work and the results in securing good prices for the producer of good fruit, and protecting the consumer from misbranded inferior apples, have inspired strong support to these laws.

REMINGTON

A basket social was given at the schoolhouse in district No. 2 on Tuesday evening by Miss Helen Wipit. The proceeds were for the benefit of the school.

Miss Lova made a very pretty speech at the social. The Grand Rapids ladies later part of the last week.

RECEIVED

Miss Esther Elias is visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Rodis of Nekeas.

Chas. Thomas, a soldier of Camp Grant arrived home here last week.

Redmond Joyce arrived home from overseas. We are glad to see Uncle Sam's boys back home again.

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EVERY ITEM NEWS FOR SOMEBODY

Community Events of the Past Week from Various Parts of the County

SHERRY

Mrs. Hugh Williams had a party of young folks come out to her home on Thursday night to spend the evening with her and took a nice little with them as a gift for her. She was greatly pleased and the young people had a good time. They also had refreshments and the evening will long be remembered by all.

SHERRY

Mrs. Ethel Spies returned from Appleton on Friday where she attended the state Sunday school convention and reported a fine time. She gave part of her report on Sabbath at the opening of the Sunday school will give the rest next week.

SHERRY

The Adult Bible class of the Presbyterian Sunday school had their regular social meeting on last Friday night at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Zernicke. A very pleasant time was enjoyed by all that was there.

SHERRY

A little child of Mr. and Mrs. G. Zernicke of Schofield was buried in "God's acre" on Tuesday. The family came with the remains on the funeral train. A child of the family already lies there buried some time ago when the parents lived here.

SHERRY

A. Wilson is getting along splendidly from his recent illness. John Ellison shipped quite a lot of cattle, pigs and calves on Saturday.

SHERRY

Mrs. Brie Dille and baby of Fond du Lac was visiting friends in this vicinity the first of the week. She was formerly Miss Ethel Mahr.

SHERRY

A number of young folks gathered at the Frank Hunschmidt home last Wednesday evening and helped Miss Theresen celebrate her birthday. The evening was spent in dancing and refreshments were served and everyone had a good time.

SHERRY

Wright and Earl Robinson visited a few days last week with their uncle, Levi Niles and family near Fond du Lac.

SHERRY

Leslie and Carl Wednesday with Mrs. Clyde Welch.

Mabel Gabel in visiting her sister, Mrs. John Redmond and family near Nekeas this week.

SHERRY

Mr. and Mrs. Will Slope spent Sunday at the Tom Moore home near Vedun.

Mr. William was a Grand Rapids visitor Saturday and Sunday.

Red Cross met Wednesday last week with Mrs. P. L. Hicks of Pittsville.

SHERRY

Amelia and Julia Hammel spent Sunday at the Sropko home.

A niece of Richard Papko's is visiting at the Papko home.

SHERRY

A number of farmers around here are busy hauling cord wood to Grand Rapids.

John Walter spent a few days in Grand Rapids with her daughter who is in the hospital there.

Rev. and Mrs. C. A. Mollieko and son, Frances, of Grand Rapids called at the Peter and Charles Benson homes Thursday.

SHERRY

Miss Rose Casper of Racine is home for a few weeks visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Casper.

Miss Ida Lundquist spent the week of the 10th at Wausau the guest of friends.

SHERRY

The Wm. Bushman and Andrew Readmister families are laid up with the flu.

Ed. Livermore and Frank Korsten purchased an English shepherd dog from Geo. Kromenaker.

SHERRY

Miss Josephine Zurek who is employed at Eau Claire is home for a visit with her folks.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Kromenaker arrived to Milwaukee Monday.

O. B. Iverson will be at the school house Saturday, Feb. 16th to collect taxes.

SHERRY

Armon Stroblow was home from Grand Rapids Sunday and spent the day with his folks.

The Stoll Chaplinski family have moved into their new home.

Frank and his children have recovered from the flu.

SHERRY

Thos. DeBly and C. Hoogesteger are now drawing their milk to the Gola cheese factory.

Frank March visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joe March on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Hoogesteger expect to leave for Shobogyan this week to visit their parents and other relatives.

SHERRY

The house on a farm owned by a man by the name of Mr. Muzza, about 2 1/2 miles east of here was completely destroyed by fire last week. The fire broke out in the morning and spread rapidly, burning nearly all the contents. The man was down to Chicago at work and Mrs. Muzza was away on an errand to a neighbors and four small children were at home alone.

SHERRY

The oldest being about seven years. Just how the fire was started is not known but was first discovered by a train crew who stopped and gave the alarm and began to put out the fire. A crowd of neighbors soon gathered at the place but nothing much could be saved from the house as the fire had spread all through the building. This may be the last of the children, had the train crew not happened along just as they did. The two little tots were sitting on the floor with the fire cracking over them when the little fellows had got scared and skipped for the tall timber and had to be taken and brought back by force. The place was known as the "Alfred" place and was just recently purchased by Mr. Muzza and the loss of the house and contents leaves the family in rather destitute condition. The local Rev. Cross presided at the funeral and called for a general donation. The result was that a full load of provisions, bedding and clothing, etc., was soon on its way to the homeless mother and children, who accepted it with heartfelt thanks. If any insurance is paid at all it will be a small amount compared to the loss. The family have not decided whether they will rebuild and was just waiting for snow for sleighing and have gone to hauling wood, saw logs etc., on wagons. It is pleasant in some ways to have a bare winter but the people who have heavy loads to haul and for the good of grain and seedling we need snow.

SHERRY

There was a meeting at the schoolhouse last Friday night, when some speakers were present and gave some interesting talks on the Armenian and Syrian relief work.

SHERRY

For five months," says Mr. Evans, "I have been wearing the same pair of Neolin-soled shoes at my work at the La Belle Iron Works and they are good for two months more wear. As my work takes me to all parts of the mill daily where I have to walk over cinders, slag, etc., it is simply out of the question to buy anything else to take the place of Neolin Soles."

SHERRY

You too—and your whole family—will find Neolin-soled shoes wear long and save money. You can get them in the styles you like at almost any good shoe store. And any resolute who resole your worn shoes with Neolin Soles—scientifically made to be durable, comfortable and waterproof. They are made by the Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company, Akron, Ohio, who also make Wingfoot Soles—guaranteed to outwear any other heels.

SHERRY

Neolin Soles

SHERRY

Neolin Soles

Along the Seneca Road

Miss Lela Merriam who has been teaching in the northern Minnesota work in the Agricultural department at the university, is spending a few weeks at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Merriam.

Along the Seneca Road

The meeting of the S. S. C. was postponed from last week to this week Thursday, because of sickness in the Wm. Jackson family.

Along the Seneca Road

P. W. Jones has been soliciting for the Armenian Relief fund in this neighborhood, with satisfactory results. He is working for the S. S. C. in charge of Henry Huser.

Along the Seneca Road

Cecilia Steines is attending school in Grand Rapids this term.

The old saw mill which has stood for some time on the Teske farm has been moved to the place north of Arpin.

Along the Seneca Road

The ladies aid society met last Thursday with Mrs. M. S. Winegard and nine ladies were present and all report a good meeting. They will meet next time, March 6th with Mrs. Richard Carlson and everyone is welcome.

Along the Seneca Road

Roy Carlson and S. Joro went skating on the lake last Sunday.

Isabel Joro was a Kollner shopper on Saturday.

Along the Seneca Road

Olsen and wife were Grand Rapids shoppers Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Cordig and children were callers at the Charles Duck home Sunday.

Along the Seneca Road

Lillian Berard and Clem Ramsey spent Sunday at Sam Berard's at Colfax.

Richard Carlson was a business visitor in the town of Leola Thursday.

Along the Seneca Road

Archibald Phelps was absent from school a couple of days last week on account of a bad cold.

Ernest Martz was on the sick list last week.

Along the Seneca Road

Mrs. C. E. Duck called at the J. R. White home Sunday evening.

L. Olsen was a Hancock shopper Monday.

Along the Seneca Road

Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Winegard were callers at the R. Carlson home Sunday.

Chauncey Winegard was discharged from army service and came home last Thursday from Camp Meade. We are all glad to see him home again.

Along the Seneca Road

Miss Edna Morgan spent Monday night at the Walter home.

Miss Tilla Walter was taken to the Riverview hospital where on Thursday she underwent an operation for appendicitis. She is getting along nicely at this writing.

Along the Seneca Road

John Wright is now employed in the Biron mill.

A number of farmers around here are busy hauling cord wood to Grand Rapids.

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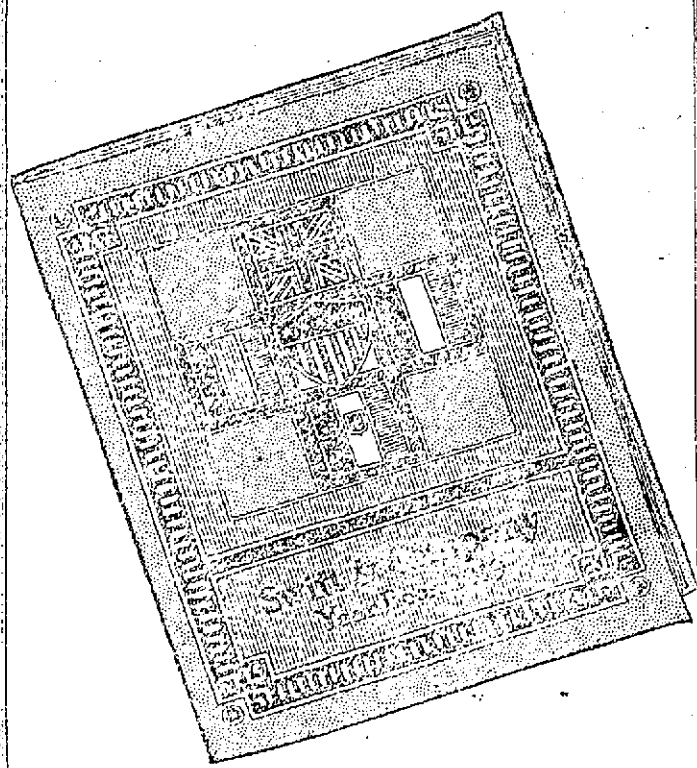
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Do You Want to Know Both Sides?

Swift & Company's 1919 Year Book, just out, tells you

What Swift & Company's profits were in 1918,
The truth about the Federal Trade Commission's investigation,
Why the prices of butter and eggs are so high,
And many other vital facts.

Whether or not you agree with us after reading this Year Book, you will at least know both sides.

You will find it interesting; Americans like to hear about big things done in a big way. You will also discover that we are merely human beings like yourself, doing in the best possible way a necessary service.

Legislation is pending in Washington; as a good American citizen you want to know both sides of this question. It concerns you, as well as one of the most important industries in the country.

Do not hesitate to send for a copy of this booklet. Your name and address are all we need.

Address Swift & Company
Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Illinois

Swift & Company, U.S.A.



LOCAL ITEMS

Nomination blanks for sale at the Tribune office.

O. R. Moore is spending a few days in Sturgeon Bay this week with friends.

Mrs. Geo. Moulton departed on Tuesday for an extended visit with her daughter at Chicago.

Jacob Sternot, one of the hustling farmers out on route five, was a Tribune visitor Wednesday.

Oliver Trudell arrived home on Sunday from Camp Lewis, Wash., having received an honorable discharge.

Albert Emerson of Altdorf called at this office on Wednesday and had his name entered on the Tribune subscription list.

Fred Ragan and Andy Karsboom are spending today at Watoma, driving down this morning and intending to return this afternoon.

Mrs. Nels Johnson received word from her son, Lieut. Don, who is in the aviation department, that he landed in New York on Sunday from France and expected to receive his discharge soon.

Albert Knoll of the town of Grand Rapids was among the business callers at this office on Wednesday.

The town of Sigel lost three of its brave boys during the war. They are Carl Elbert Lindstrom, killed in action and Julius Eddie and Gus Brostowitz who died of illness in France.

A number of the friends of Miss Mayne Henry surprised her on Wednesday evening and the result was a very pleasant evening for all concerned. Miss Henry left this morning for Minneapolis, where she has been employed for some time.

Miss Alma Friday arrived in this city on Monday for a few days visit with relatives and friends while enroute from Chicago where she had been purchasing her spring line of millinery to St. Cloud, Minn., where she owns and operates a millinery store.

VALENTINE PARTY

The Girls' Glee Club Operetta on Friday and Saturday nights will be a big Valentine party for you and your friends. Bring mother, dad, and all the children to see cupid and his valentines, funny Jack and Jill, the handsome Prince Charming and his charming sweetheart. Every song and dance is planned especially to entertain YOU.

The co-operation of the Art, Domestic Science and Manual Training departments has been greatly appreciated by the girls and Miss Bradford and Miss Schwarzkoff have made posters, designed costumes, and planned color schemes. Miss Jackson, Miss Feltine, Miss Dreese and Miss Daly have helped to make all the costumes and hats. Miss Weltman has assisted with dances, and Miss Ramsted with the accompaniments. Mr. Galt and Mr. Middlecamp have given able assistance as stage carpenters. To all of these, the Glee Club as a whole wishes to express their thanks.

The eighty members of the high school girls' glee club have been working hard and faithfully to prepare their comic operetta, "Prince Charming," for its public performance at the Theatre on Friday and Saturday nights. During the year at the Thursday rehearsals the average attendance has been 70 girls and 10 or 15 girls are on the waiting list of those who wish to join, when there is an opening for new members.

WINE AT THE ROAD SCHOOL

F. P. Menzel, W. H. Drath and M. T. Burr of the highway engineer's office of this city, were all in Madison last week where they attended the annual road school. They reported having had a first class meeting, the one of the largest and best that has ever been held in the state, there being about 650 present. Mr. Menzel of this city had an interesting paper before the meeting, he taking as his subject "How to Get Clean Out Grading Jobs." An addition has been made to the local engineers' office in the person of N. M. Isabella, who will be stationed in this city and be one of the assistants to Mr. Menzel.

RUDELPH

About thirty couple attended the masquerade at Haumschild's hall Friday night, the cold weather and an abundance of fun among the people of this vicinity keeping the attendance down considerably. The prizes were awarded to:

Stella Hass, best lady.
William Hass, best gentleman.
Mrs. K. J. Marceau, best comic lady.

Raymond Yeagle of Dakota, Illinois, best comic man. The music was furnished by Speltz Brothers orchestra and was up to their usual standard.

Mrs. H. P. Radtke has returned from a weeks visit with relatives at Greenwood.

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATION

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an open competitive examination for railway mail clerk, for both men and women on March 15, 1919, at various places in Wisconsin and other states. Among the qualifications necessary for this examination are the following:

Applicants must have reached their eighteenth birthday on the date of the examination, and must be free from physical defects.

Male applicants must measure at least 5 feet 6 inches in height, without shoes or shoes, and will not be eligible for appointment unless they weigh at least 130 pounds in ordinary clothing without overcoat or hat.

Female applicants must measure 5 feet 2 inches in height, without shoes or shoes, and will not be eligible for appointment unless they weigh at least 110 pounds in ordinary clothing, without overcoat or hat.

It is contemplated that the appointment of women will be terminal railway post offices in the following cities, in the following numbers only:

Birmingham, Ala.; Little Rock and Texarkana, Ark.; Los Angeles and Sacramento, Cal.; Denver, Colo.; Washington, D. C.; Atlanta, Ga.; Chicago, Ill.; Council Bluffs and Sioux City, Iowa; Wichita, Kans.; Boston and Springfield, Mass.; Detroit, Mich.; Minneapolis and St. Paul, Minn.; Kansas City, St. Joseph and St. Louis, Mo.; Omaha, Neb.; and St. Louis, Mo. (Terminal); Hoboken (Burlington Terminal); Albany, Buffalo, New York and Utica, N. Y.; Cincinnati and Cleveland, Ohio; Harrisburg, Philadelphia, and Pittsburgh, Pa.; Chattanooga and Nashville, Tenn.; Fort Worth and Houston, Tex.; Ogden, Utah; Spokane, Wash., and Milwaukee, Wis.

Anybody in this state who wishes to take the examination may wish to take application blanks from the local postoffice. The cities in Wisconsin in which examinations will be held are as follows: Appleton, Ashland, Chippewa Falls, Eau Claire, Fond du Lac, Green Bay, Janesville, LaCrosse, Madison, Marinette, Milwaukee, Oshkosh, Racine, Superior, Wausau and Wausau.

FINALLY GOT THE MILK

A story that is told on Leo A. Borchardt, a Stevens Point boy, who served with the A. E. F. in France, demonstrates that the boy from the dairy states know what to do when they want to say milk in the sign language. Here's what Borchardt did:

When the brigade headquarters detachment landed in France, the men rushed to the restaurants, but soon found themselves in trouble, as they could not talk French and the waitresses could not understand English. The party was without food and without money, and the young woman understood that they wanted milk. Finally Borchardt closed his fists, stuck out his thumbs, held them at his forehead to represent horns and moved like a cow. Then he went through the motion of milking. "Wee-wee," answered the waitress and scampered away for milk.

"GUN SETTER" ARRESTED

Oscar Crawford, who resides near Boulder Junction, in the northern part of the state, was arrested recently on the charge of having placed two set guns in the woods near his home. The arrests were made by Conservation Wardens Gwidt of Rhinelander and Weaver of Wausau, without firing them. The pieces were heavily loaded with slugs and it was evident that they had been placed there with the intention of killing deer. Crawford being one of the closest residents, suspicion pointed toward him. When accused he readily admitted his guilt. The family being in very poor circumstances the man was allowed to plead guilty to a less serious charge and bond.

Scandinavian Moravian Church
9:30 A. M. Sunday school.
10:30 A. M. English service.
Service every Sunday but the first in the month when the Norwegian language is used.
8:00 P. M. evening worship.
Sunday, Feb. 16th service in the Saratoga Union church at 3 P. M.

MARKET REPORT

Potatoes, scaly beauties, cwt. \$1.00
Spring Roosters 20c
Hens 15c
Geese 12c
Eggs 12c
Beef 12-13c
Hides 18-20c
Pork, dressed 16-17c
Veal 20-22c
Butter 20-22c
Hay, Timothy 90c
Rye \$1.00
Black wheat, per cwt. \$1.00
Wheat Flour \$1.50
Oats \$1.50
Rye Flour \$1.50

New Spring Petticoats

Guaranteed Silk Petticoats

Never heard of guaranteed Silk Petticoats before, but we have such a line now, in Taffetas, Satins and Knit Silks at remarkably low prices ranging from:

2:75 up to 12:50

Among these are very pretty novelties one of a kind so we advise you to choose early. Partalons Flesh Color Silk

75c to 3.75

Clearing Sale Offerings

All Light and Dark Galicos per yard 15c
Apron Gingham at 22 and 19c
Short Ends Silkaline and Gontorter Voiles 32c Value per yard 19c.

DRESS GOODS CLEARANCE, REMNANTS OF:

Dress Goods, Silks, Voiles, Gingham, Curtain Goods etc, Muslin, Etc., Ready to Wear Clearance on Furs, Coats, Suits, Dresses, Skirts, clearance of Underwear, Hose and Socks.

Our Spring Dress and Skiing Silks are ready for you:

W. C. Weisel

BIRTHS

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Myron Neiman of the town of Rudolph on Feb. 7th.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Lassa have rented their farm in the town of Sigel to John Lassa, and departed the past week for Chicago to reside.

THE

New Meat Market

Cor. 2nd and Vine Sts
Opposite Wood Co. Nat'l. Bank

SPECIALS FOR

FEB. 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, 1919

BEEF
Choice Tender Pot Roast 18c
Choice Tender Sirloin Steak 25c
Choice Tender Porter House Steak 25c
Boiling Beef 15c
Hamburger 20c
Choice Boneless Roast Beef 20c
Beef Stew 20c

PORK
Choice Pork Roast 25c
Pork Chops 28c
Pork Steak 27c
Fresh Spareribs 18c
Fresh Side Pork 28c
Fresh Back Bones 28c
Fresh Hog Liver 6c
Ham Pork Roast 27c
Pork Loin Roast 28c
Pork Rib Roast 15c
Pork Stew 22c
Plate Sausage, all Pork 22c

VEAL
Choice Leg Veal Roast 25c
Choice Loin Veal Roast 22c
Choice Shoulder Veal Roast 25c
Veal Chops 25c
Veal Stew 15c
Veal Cutlets 25c

CHOICE LAMB
Hindquarter Lamb 22c
Short Leg Lamb 25c
Choice Shoulder Lamb 20c
Lamb Stew 15c
Lamb Chops 25c

SMOKED AND SALT MEATS
No. 1 Hams 33c
No. 1 Picnic Hams 25c
Very Good Bacon Lean 39c
Fat Salt Pork 25c
Salt Side Pork 25c
Lean Salt Pork 25c
Salt Spareribs 15c

SAUSAGE
Home Made Bologna Sausage 18c
Home Made Liver Sausage 15c
Frankforts 20c
Head Cheese 15c
Smoked Liver Sausage 25c
Summer Sausage 25c
Mince Ham 20c

HOME RENDERED LARD
Fresh Lard 23 1/2c
No. 2 lard home made Lard 80c
No. 5 lard home made Lard \$1.35
No. 10 lard home made Lard \$2.70
Nut Butter 32c
Oleomargarine 1 pound print 30c
Oleomargarine 2 pound print 60c
Oleomargarine 5 lb. print \$1.45

JOHNSON & HILL CO.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

GROCERY DEPARTMENT

Business, with us, is the best we have ever had. THERE IS A REASON! Our prices are the lowest--the quality of our goods are the best for the money. Our service is good. Then why shouldn't we do a large business?

Some of Our Snaps:

TOILET SOAP
Palm Olive Soap per bar 11c
Kirk's Jap Rose Soap per bar 11c
Rice, a good lot at per pound 8c
Calumet Baking Powder 30c cans our price 19c
Royal Baking Powder, 45c cans 30c
Royal Baking Powder, 25c cans 16c
Dill Pickles per dozen 12c
Sour Pickles per dozen 9c
10c Bottle Pickles 7c
35c Jars Libby's Dried Beef 25c
45c bottles Durkes Salad Dressing 17c
25c bottle Durkes Salad Dressing 9c
Jello and Tryphosa per package 12c
Corn Flakes per package 12c
Puffed Rice per package 12c
Puffed Wheat per package 12c
Shredded Wheat per package 13c
25c Postum Cereal per package 13c
Post Toasties, large, special lot 18c
Post Toasties, large regular 18c
Post Toasties, small regular 12c
Grape Nuts per package 11c
Dr. Price's Corn Flakes per package 11c
National Rolled Oats per package 22c
Arm & Hammer Saleratus, 1 lb. package No. 1 per pkg. 5c
Arm & Hammer Saleratus 1 lb. packages, lot No. 2 pkg. 4c
Arm & Hammer Saleratus, 1 lb. package lot No. 3, per pkg. 3c
1 lot of Gum, 2 packages for 5c

OUR BIG CLEAN UP SALE
On Richeleau brand and Curtice Bros. brand of canned goods is still in force at 12 1/2% per cent on the dollar off.
Van Camp's No. 2 size Pork and Beans per can 16c
Hub City No. 3 size Pork and Beans per can 23c
1 lot No. 2 canned Peas per can 14c
1 lot No. 2 canned Corn per can 14c
1 lot pink Salmon, per 1 pound can 19c
1 lot rich red Alaska Salmon, 1 pound can 30c
Sardines in oil per can 9c 3 cans for 25c
Sardines imported in olive oil per can 20c
Sauer kraut No. 3 can per can 18c
Mince Meat, bulk per pound 8c

BEECHNUT PEANUT BUTTER, 35c jars, our price. 25c
Butter color, Dandelion, never so cheap again, 25c bottle 14c
Get enough to last you for some time

SOAP PRICES

Get your soap at these figures

7c bars Classic soap 5c
7c bars Electric Spark soap 5 1/2c
7c bars Bob White Soap 6c
7c bars Sunny Monday Soap 6c
7c bars Grandma's White Laundry 6c
7c package Washing Powder 4c
7c bar Scouring Soap 4c
15c package Lux, per package 10c
12c package Ivory Flakes 8c
1 lot Bon Ami, per cake 6 1/2c
50c package 20 Mule Team Soap Chips 34c
15c package 20 Mule Team Soap Chips 10c
18c package 20 Mule Team Borax 11c
1 lot canned Lye per can 6 1/2c

STOVE POLISH

Vulconal Stove Polish, 10c size 6 1/2c
Rising Sun Stove Polish 10c size 6c
E-Z Stove Polish 10c size 6 1/2c
12c cans Lye, a special lot at 6 1/2c

FLOUR! FLOUR!

Get our special prices on Flour and Feeds

EXTRA SPECIAL
Only 100 grape pattern cut bottoms, 1/2 gallon glass water pitchers, specially priced at each 59c
100 grape pattern cut bottoms, 2 quart glass berry dishes at only 49c
Only 100 of each, first come, first served

JOHNSON & HILL COMPANY

The Store that saves you time, trouble and money

Horses for Sale

At DR. V. P. NORTON'S BARN
West Side Market Square

Will have a car load of horses here about February 21st. These horses are Draft Farm Horses and guaranteed.

Remember these horses are handled by MAX WIRTH of Stevens Point, who has been an established dealer for the past thirty years.

Do not buy before you see these animals.

MAX WIRTH

Kantleek

It can't leak because it's made in one piece—that's why we guarantee satisfaction or your money back.

Complete line of Kantleek Rubber goods. Prices from 40c to \$4.75

OTTO'S PHARMACY

The "REXALL" Store

W. T. LYLE
Licensed Embalmer and Funeral Director
Store on West Side
Lady Attendant if Desired
Night phone 886; Day phone 885

Dr. W. E. Jurden

The Successful Specialist

Of Eau Claire, Wisconsin will be in GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN at the COMMERCIAL HOTEL FEBRUARY 16th and 17th.

Dr. Jurden has visited Grand Rapids for many years. Medical and surgical examinations and consultations free.

Dr. Jurden

For all Nervous and Chronic Diseases. Physician and surgeon, 30 years in special, mental and private practice. Treating all forms of nervous and chronic diseases.

Consultation Free to the Sick

An honest opinion always given, diagnosis, prognosis, and to the incurable such advice as may prolong life.

Dr. Jurden has merited by skill and success the confidence he maintains.

Many wonderful cures in diseases of the stomach, liver, kidneys, heart, lungs, nerves, and rheumatism, gallstones, gravel, appendicitis, flatulency, piles and other rectal diseases, constitutional catarrh, bronchitis, asthma, catarrh of the throat, stomach, bladder, etc. Nervous debility, falling memory, overwork, sore eyes, deafness, eye and ear diseases, blood and skin diseases, blood poison, pimples, spots, tetters, ulcers, eczema, tumors, scrofula, cancer where the roots do not extend to vital parts, goiter, swellings of the neck, lichen enlargements, tape worms, diabetes, urinary, kidney and bladder diseases, dropsy, fits, varicose veins, enlarged glands, tissue waste, catarrhal discharges, drains, obstructions, weakness, and all constitutional and nervous internal diseases that baffle the skill of many physicians.

Deficient, Despondent Men and Women. Young and Old Men Nervous Discouraged Weak Women

Get the Truth **DR. JURDEN**

Examination free—He gives you his years of SCIENCE AND EXPERIENCE. Own his medical institute building and dispensary in the city of Eau Claire.

WHITE—Treatment sent as directed. Address **W. E. JURDEN, M. D.** 3629 S. Farwell St., Eau Claire, Wis.

FIRE INSURANCE

Now is the time to insure your home or stock of goods. An over heated chimney or pipe may cause a fire—are you fully protected? Cheap Rates.

Real Estate

We handle all kinds of Real Estate, both farm and city property. Now is the time to list your farms for the spring sales. We are affiliated with a large Chicago real estate firm and feel sure that we can sell your farm if you are not too steep on the price.

Accident and Sick Benefit Insurance

Now is the time to protect yourself against "Influenza" by having a good safe Benefit Policy. Accidents happen at any time. Be fully protected. Try one of our policies. Prices from \$12 to \$60 per annum.

We handle Farm Loans and make collections.

Edward N. Pomainville

Dealer in Real Estate, Loans, Insurance and Collections
Mackinnon Block - Grand Rapids, Wis.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS

Grand Rapids, Wis., Council Chamber, Feb. 4, 1919.

Roll call showed all aldermen present. (Chas. E. Hiler, mayor presiding.)

Motion made, seconded and carried that the reading of the minutes of the last meeting be dispensed with.

Street committee and city engineer reported on the matter of the application for a bridge by Joseph R. Rook on 17th Avenue. The committee made that the report of the committee be adopted.

Board of Public Works reported favorable on the application for the petition of John Hollander requesting the permission to move his building approximately 15 feet onto his lot. The committee reported that the petition be granted. The motion was seconded and carried that the report be adopted and that the permission be granted as prayed for by said John Hollander. All aldermen voting aye on roll call.

Motion made and seconded that the bill of the Grand Rapids Amusement Company for \$222.76 be paid. The same was adopted on roll call, all aldermen voting aye.

The matter of establishing a coal and fuel depot was then taken from the table and motion made and seconded that action on the resolution be indefinitely postponed. Motion carried on roll call, all aldermen voting aye, excepting alderman Butler, Whitbeck and Lynch voting no.

Ordinance No. 214 relating to the purchase of copper, brass and lead, was read and seconded and it was duly adopted and motion made that the same be adopted on roll call, all aldermen voting aye.

ORDINANCE NO. 214

An ordinance relating to junk dealers in the city of Grand Rapids.

The Common Council of the city of Grand Rapids do ordain as follows:

Section 1. Any person who shall purchase any articles composed in whole or any part of gold, silver, precious stones, copper, lead, brass or any other metal, or who shall dispose of any person whatever shall take the name of said parties so disposing of the same and shall report said purchase to the Chief of Police of the city of Grand Rapids within 24 hours of the time of said purchase.

Section 2. Any person who shall fail to report as provided in section 1, or who shall dispose of any article or alter the form of said article within 24 hours from the time of said purchase shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided in section 4 hereof.

Section 3. Whoever being a dealer in second hand articles or keeper of a junk store purchases any article except rugs and waste paper from a minor under 18 years of age without the written consent of the parent or guardian, or who shall dispose of any article or alter the form of said article within 24 hours from the time of said purchase shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided in section 4 hereof.

Section 4. Any person or persons violating the provisions of this ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided in section 4 hereof.

Section 5. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after the date hereof.

Adopted by an affirmative vote by the Common Council this 4th day of February 1919.

Attest:
CLAS. E. BIERNE, P. C. GILKEY, City Clerk.

On motion duly made, seconded and unanimously carried on roll call, the same be adopted on roll call, all aldermen voting aye.

The Council then discussed the question of paying for the coming year and suggestions were made as to the paving of Grand Avenue, also one block north of Grand Avenue, and one block south of Grand Avenue, from Third Avenue to Eighth street from Second to Eighth street, Fifth street from Oak street to Lincoln street, Lincoln street from Birch street to Third street.

Moved, seconded and carried that said city purchase a clock for the city hall at a sum not to exceed \$15.

Motion made and seconded and carried on roll call that the following bills be allowed:

Wood Co. Tel. Co.	\$ 24.89
G. R. Rice, Dept.	80
G. R. Rice, Dept.	427.98
G. R. Rice, Dept.	341.29
W. A. Martin, Lib. Co.	12.00
Johnson & Hill Co.	21.00
Village of Byron	10.80
Lowry Co.	1.50
Stokess & Co.	12.00
G. R. Heating & P. Co.	38.00
Gotcheval & Anderson	1.50
The H. L. Lateral Fire Hose Co.	1350.00
The Daily & Weekly Leader	32.00
Place, Sides Co.	1.00
Living Henry	35.88
V. Dillingham	1.00
V. Dillingham	21.95
W. G. Gilkey	21.25
W. G. Gilkey	2.02
G. R. Rice	1.50
Wm. Schill	46.76
Household Co.	46.76

City Treasurer's Report of the Water Works Dept. for the month of Jan. 1919.

Overdraft January 1st.	\$12707.83
Orders drawn in January.	5003.01
Balance forward.	\$18611.77
Collected and deposited in January.	10616.06
Overdraft February 1st.	\$ 895.71
Respectfully submitted,	
LOUIS REICHEL, City Treasurer.	

To the honorable mayor and Common Council of the city of Grand Rapids, Gentlemen:

I herewith submit the report of my office for the month of January as follows:

Taxes collected in January.	\$1,203.31
Jan. 20 rec'd of Grand Rapids Water Works	
Taxes.	4,760.00
Jan. 20 rec'd of Grand Rapids Electric Co.	2,448.00
Total.	\$88,501.31
Overdraft Jan. 1st.	\$ 7,631.67
Orders cashed by bank in January.	30,226.60
Balance forward.	\$ 88,501.31
Overdraft.	\$ 9,056.98
Orders out standing.	700.00
Total overdraft.	\$ 9,447.52
Respectfully submitted,	
LOUIS REICHEL, City Treasurer.	

Waterworks and Electric Report.

To the honorable mayor and Common Council of the city of Grand Rapids, the following is a semi-annual report of the Grand Rapids Electric Light department and the Water Works, six months ending December 31, 1918.

Electric Dept's Earnings.

Commercial Light Earnings.	\$17818.67
Municipal Light Earnings.	1146.75
Commercial Power Earnings.	3012.00
Municipal Power Earnings.	2417.92
Cooking Power Earnings.	1106.62
Misc earnings from Operation.	274.31
Total.	\$28874.60
Cash discounts.	5101.81
Net gains from supply sales.	23772.79
Total.	\$23933.78
Disbursements.	\$2413.00
Distribution and line maintenance.	685.70
Consumption Expense (St. Light).	246.91
Commercial expense, (meter reading, etc.).	250.00
General office expense.	1833.76
Undistributed expense.	39.45
Taxes.	612.00
Transm. & transformation.	602.90
Total.	\$12288.81

LOCAL ITEMS

John Jung attended the dance at Rudolph Friday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Rayome have moved to Port Edwards to reside.

L. E. Nash returned on Tuesday from a business trip to New York.

Miss Bertha Yundt is spending two weeks at Plainfield visiting relatives and friends.

Frank Nelson has accepted a position with the Johnson & Hill Co. advertising man.

Otto Roush made a business trip to Oshkosh on Monday, returning the day following.

Paul Herman of the town of Rudolph was a pleasant caller at this office on Monday.

Francis Daly is able to be about again after being laid up a week with neuritis.

Miss Leona Nopolski of Milwaukee is visiting at the home of her sister, Mrs. A. L. Stewart.

Mrs. Emil Beck was called to Mosinee on Saturday by the serious illness of her father.

John May of the town of Seneca was among the business callers at this office on Monday.

Singer sewing machines, best in the world, needles and supplies at the Music Shop.

Mrs. G. Gamma of the town of Sigel was among the business callers at this office on Friday.

John W. Schmick of the town of Rudolph was among the business callers at this office on Monday.

A. B. Butany, one of the solid farmers on R. D. 6 favored this office with a pleasant call on Monday.

W. A. Marling of Madison spent several days in this city last week being the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Will Marling.

Mrs. Merritt Dommition of Rudolph favored this office with a pleasant call on Friday while in the city on business.

Mrs. John Stellmacher and Mrs. Tony Wacholtz of the town of Sigel were business visitors in the city on Saturday.

Mrs. O. R. Moore returned on Thursday from Lambeau where she had spent a couple of weeks visiting her mother.

Druggist F. L. Stoll is spending three weeks at one of the sanitariums in Milwaukee where he is taking treatments.

Julia Joswick and Emily and Peter Dzwonkiewicz, all of Sigel left for Milwaukee Sunday where they have secured positions and will make their home.

—We handle a complete line of Moises' fancy box chocolates. Johnson & Hill Co.

Dr. and Mrs. A. L. Ridgman left on Monday for Los Angeles, California, where, if they find the conditions to suit them, they expect to spend the coming two months.

Walter Wykowski of the town of Sigel was among the business visitors at the Tribune office on Monday, having come in to have his name enrolled on the subscription list.

Mr. and Mrs. Durt Worden who have resided in Vesper for several years, have moved to this city. Mr. Worden having accepted a position with Jenson & Anderson, Forc dealers.

A. L. Akey of Bron was a pleasant caller at this office on Saturday on his way to Wausau to spend Sunday with his brother, Tullio Akey, who was in the hospital there, having undergone an operation a few days before.

Geo. Lundgren of the town of Rudolph was among the business callers at this office on Thursday. Mr. Lundgren reports that his brother, Charles, has been out of the hospital for three months past, and is just able to get around again, being still pretty weak from the effects of the disease.

Sgt. Ernest Anderson returned to Camp Grant, Ill., Tuesday after spending a short furlough with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Nate Anderson. Ernest has been expecting to get out of the service but was recently transferred to a different department and now may have to stay in a while longer.

DEDUCTIONS

Interest on bonds.	\$1824.99
Depreciation.	3376.65
Insurance.	164.50
Total.	\$5166.14

Net gain for six months. \$11094.87

Water Dept's Earnings.

Commercial sales.	\$6141.74
Municipal Hydrant rentals.	2310.00
Municipal departments.	295.70
Misc. earnings from operation.	71.82
Total.	\$9731.18

Disbursements.

Paid for power.	\$1044.02
Maintenance.	611.00
Pump labor.	720.00
Commercial expense.	101.50
General office expense.	753.84
Misc. supplies & expenses.	621.05
Total.	\$3476.57

Gross earnings. \$4934.01

Deductions. \$1485.00

Interest on bonds. \$2384.44

Depreciation. \$2384.44

Insurance. \$130.10

Taxes. \$1190.40

Net earnings or deficit. \$708.57

On motion duly made Council adjourned.

F. G. GILKEY, City Clerk.

TO BUILD NEW HOTEL

The residents of Minocqua have interested themselves in the matter of a new hotel for that city and according to their tentative plans a structure will embody about thirty rooms includes all modern improvements will be erected this spring. The people up there have come to the conclusion that they need a suitable place for the tourists and anglers to stop at in summer to hold the business and are organizing a stock company to put the proposition under way. One of the rooms, it is planned, will be dedicated as a place where the sailors Memorial and a place they can gather at any time they wish to.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—We have a new Delco Farm Lighting Plant that we will sell at cost. Also have a number of second hand Ford all over hauled and in good condition which we will sell at prices from \$250.00 to \$400.00. Jensen & Anderson.

Teachers contract blanks for sale at the Tribune office.

"Say It With Flowers"

Henry R. Ebsen, FLORIST

Phone 25 Saratoga St. East Side

CORRECT GLASSES

Henry R. Ebsen, FLORIST

Phone 25 Saratoga St. East Side

All Opticians Claim To Make Them—

I make the EYES PROVE the GLASSES are CORRECT or they do not leave my establishment.

If your Glasses are correct today, you can see PERFECTLY. If not, the Glasses should be discarded and CORRECT GLASSES worn—do not experiment—visit

LOUIS REICHEL

COAL AND WOOD

The Best Grades at Reasonable Prices.

Keep Coal moving. There are consumers who want certain grades and sizes of coal but the happiest are those who make the best of what they can procure during these strenuous times.

CALL US UP AT Phone 416 or 5

BOSSERT BROTHERS

WOOD AND COAL YARDS

Ernest Anderson has adopted the position as night clerk at the Hotel Witter.

Miss Anna Bamberg has taken the management of the east side news stand for Wheeler & Kruger.

A marriage license was issued this week to Otto Kuohi and Henrietta Laura Marks, both of this city.

F. B. Taylor, one of the instructors at the agricultural school is recovering from a very severe case of influenza.

C. Lundstrum of the town of Sigel favored this office with a pleasant call on Tuesday while in the city on business.

Kenneth McCamley spent several days in Milwaukee last week attending the Wisconsin Retail Hardware Men's Convention.

H. Lofelt, the tailor, has moved his tailor shop to the Taylor & Scott building formerly occupied by the Sierck News depot.

—Just received a fresh shipment of Moises' box candles at Johnson & Hill Co. grocery department.

Roy Potter, who has been in the aviation service in camp at Memphis, Tenn., arrived home on Monday having received an honorable discharge.

Ben Smart left on Monday for Milwaukee where he spent three days attending the state convention of independent telephone companies.

—Violins, banjos, mandolins, ukuleles, guitars and string fixtures for sale at the Music Shop.

Sylvester Gales of the town of Grand Rapids was in the city on business Tuesday and while here favored the Tribune office with a pleasant call.

Port, Wilson of Plainfield met with a horrible accident on Wednesday while cutting ice on Plainfield lake. While assisting in moving the ice machine, he slipped and his right foot came in contact with the power saw, cutting the front half so that it more lay by skin.

Milo McGown, a Stevens Point man, paid a fine of \$105 in the circuit court over there Saturday following charges of issuing worthless checks and "lewd and lascivious conduct." McGown it was alleged, lured a girl from St. Paul, Minn. to Stevens Point after issuing the false checks.

The Winding-Plow Paper company have closed their plant near Stevens Point and are undergoing extensive repairs. The improvements include a new floor in the finishing room, a floor in the boiler room and some lumbering in the heater section. The work is being rushed and may be completed this week.

Ralph Luther, formerly of this city, but for several years past a resident of Fort Atkinson, spent Saturday and Sunday in this city the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Ben Smart. Mr. Luther was formerly agent at the Northwestern depot in this city, but went out of the railroad business several years ago.

Ben Hansen has taken the state agency for the Boggs potato grader, a contrivance for the grading of potatoes to comply with the requirements of the markets in the big cities. Ben has been in the potato business for a good many years, and ought to know what he is talking about when it comes to potatoes, and he says that the new grader is the real thing for the purpose for which it was built. He has secured offices in the Wood block on the east side.

The Tribune acknowledges the receipt of a booklet from F. B. Ward who with Mrs. Ward, is spending the winter at West Palm Beach, Florida. The booklet tells of the advantages to be gained by living down in that part of Florida, and what nice weather they have all the year round, and many other nice things, and one cannot help being impressed with the idea that it must be almost as nice as Wisconsin as a permanent place of abode, if all the things in the book are true, and of course they would not put in anything that was not true. Of course we do not raise any tomatoes nor pineapples here during the winter months, and sometimes, that is there have been times when money got down to the freezing mark, and even went a little below, but these occasions occur so seldom that it seems hardly necessary to mention the fact.

Dr. W. E. Jurden

The Successful Specialist

Of Eau Claire, Wisconsin will be in GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN at the COMMERCIAL HOTEL FEBRUARY 16th and 17th.

Dr. Jurden has visited Grand Rapids for many years. Medical and surgical examinations and consultations free.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—We have a new Delco Farm Lighting Plant that we will sell at cost. Also have a number of second hand Ford all over hauled and in good condition which we will sell at prices from \$250.00 to \$400.00. Jensen & Anderson.

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Keep Coal moving. There are consumers who want certain grades and sizes of coal but the happiest are those who make the best of what they can procure during these strenuous times.

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BOSSERT BROTHERS

WOOD AND COAL YARDS

DRS. FAIRFIELD, BARTON & CO.

CLINIC BUILDING, GREEN BAY, WIS.

DR. W. E. FAIRFIELD, Surgery

DR. W. E. LEAFER, Obstetrics, Diseases of Women, Heart and Lungs

DR. H. L. COWLES, Diseases of Children, Skin, Kidneys and Bladder

DR. J. J. ROSE, Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Glasses Fitted

DR. W. H. BARTON, Diseases of the Stomach and Intestines

R. WHITE, X-Ray and Chemical Laboratories

DEBT

DEBT is the devil of discouragement that directs the destinies of man or woman who is careless in money matters.

If you would keep a close check on your income and your expenses, open a bank account at once. With checks, you will be able to pay as you go because with your balance always before you, you will go only as far as you can pay.

WE WILL WELCOME YOUR ACCOUNT

CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK

GRAND AVENUE, GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.

PEOPLES CASH & CARRY STORE

ORIGINATORS AND MAINTAINERS OF LOW PRICES

Swift's Pure Lard, per pound.....28c

Richelieu Coffee, 3 pounds for.....\$1.00

Grandma's Washing Powder large size.....20c

Large size can of tomatoes.....18c

Standard Tobacco large size.....40c

Ko Ko Nut Butter per pound Saturday.....30c

Oleomargarine, per pound Saturday.....30c

Colgate's Tooth Paste, large tubes.....20c

Wilbur's Cocoa, large 12 oz. can.....25c

Pearl White Soap, per bar.....5c

Fresh shipment of fancy Bacon, Saturday per pound.....42c

Selected fancy dried apples, per pound.....16c

Hobo Milk, small size per can.....5c

Salt Pork, nice and lean per pound.....23c

Brun's 10 oz. bottle of Tomato Catsup for.....10c

Brun or Middlings per 100 pounds.....\$2.25

Bright fancy Bananas per dozen Saturday.....25c

500 dozen of those nice juicy thin skinned oranges for Saturday at per dozen.....25c

Aunt Jimmie's 4 pound package Pancake flour.....45c

5 ounce can of Ripe Olives for.....10c

Dried Appricots Saturday per pound.....15c

Pure Apple Butter, nothing any healthier for the children, leave them eat all they want, Saturday per pound.....13c

Fancy Brick Cheese, pound brick.....30c

T. P. Peerenboom

AS YOU WERE!

Pre-War Bread from Pre-War Flour

We are now permitted to make


Old Style "VICTORIA"

You are now permitted to make **WHITE WHEAT BREAD**

Bread from "VICTORIA" Satisfies

Send a note, giving your name and address, by your son or daughter Saturday a. m. and receive a token of our appreciation of your patronage.

Grand Rapids Milling Company



Kantleek

It can't leak because it's made in one piece—that's why we guarantee satisfaction or your money back.

Complete line of Kantleek Rubber goods. Prices from 40c to \$4.75.

OTTO'S PHARMACY

The "REXALL" Store

W. T. LYLE

Licensed Embalmer and Funeral Director

Store on West Side

Lady Attendant if Desired

Night phone 885; Day phone 835

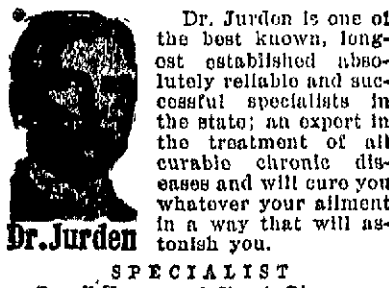
Dr. W. E. Jurden

The Successful Specialist

Of Eau Claire, Wisconsin will be in GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN at the

COMMERCIAL HOTEL, FEBRUARY 16th and 17th

Dr. Jurden has visited Grand Rapids for many years. Medical and surgical examinations and consultations free.



Dr. Jurden

For all Nervous and Chronic Diseases. Physician and surgeon, 30 years in special, hospital and private practice. Treating all forms of subacute systemic diseases.

Consultation Free to the Sick

An honest opinion always given, diagnosis, prognosis, and the most reliable advice as may be given.

(Dr. Jurden has merited by skill and success the confidence he maintains.)

Many wonderful cures in diseases of the stomach, liver, kidneys, heart, lungs, nerves, and rheumatism, gall stones, gravel, appendicitis, fistulas, piles and other rectal diseases, constitutional catarrh, bronchitis, asthma, catarrh of the throat, stomach, bladder, etc. Nervous debility, fading memory, overwork, sore eyes, deafness, eye and ear diseases, blood and skin diseases, blood poison, pimples, spots, zoster, ulcers, eczema, tumors, scrofula, cancer where the roots do not extend to vital parts, goiter, swellings of the neck, hidden enlargements, tapeworms, diabetes, urinary, kidney and bladder diseases, dropsy, etc. Various venous, enlarged glands, tissue waste, catarrh discharges, drainage obstructions, weakness, and all constitutional and serious internal diseases that baffle the skill of many physicians.

Debilitated, Dependent Men and Women. Young and Old Men Nervous Discouraged Weak Women

Get the Truth **DR. JURDEN**

Examination Free—He gives you his years of SCIENCE AND EXPERIENCE.

Makes regular visits to a few clinics. Owns his medical institute building and dispensary in the city of Eau Claire.

WRITE—Treatment sent as directed. Address **W. E. JURDEN, M. D.** 1620 S. Farwell St., Eau Claire, Wis.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—We have a new DeLoe Farm Lighting Plant that we will sell at cost. Also have a number of second hand Ford cars all over hauled in and good condition. We will sell at prices from \$250.00 to \$400.00. Jensen & Anderson.

FIRE INSURANCE

Now is the time to insure your home or stock of goods. An over heated chimney or pipe may cause a fire—are you fully protected? Cheap Rates.

Real Estate

We handle all kinds of Real Estate, both farm and city property. Now is the time to list your farms for the spring sales. We are affiliated with a large Chicago real estate firm and feel sure that we can sell your farm if you are not too steep on the price.

Accident and Sick Benefit Insurance

Now is the time to protect yourself against "Influenza" by having a good safe Benefit Policy. Accidents happen at any time. Be fully protected. Try one of our policies. Prices from \$12 to \$60 per annum.

We handle Farm Loans and make collections.

Edward N. Pomainville

Dealer in Real Estate, Loans, Insurance and Collections

MacKinnon Block - Grand Rapids, Wis.

Grand Rapids, Wis., Council Chamber, Feb. 4, 1919.

Hall called 11:00 a.m. Alderman present, Chas. M. Brierle, mayor presiding.

Roll called, minutes of the last meeting read and approved.

Street committee and city engineer reported on the matter of the application for a license to use the 17th Avenue bridge. Motion made that the report of the committee be adopted.

Board of Public Works reported favorably and recommended that the petition of John Hollmuller requesting the permission to move his building approximately 15 feet onto the old lot be granted. Motion made and seconded and carried that the petition be granted and that the permission be granted to be played for by John Hollmuller. All aldermen voting aye on roll call.

Motion made and seconded that the bill of the Grand Rapids Amusement Company for \$223.75 be allowed, same adopted on roll call, all aldermen voting aye.

The matter of establishing a coal and fuel depot was then taken from the table and motion made and seconded that action on the resolution be indefinitely postponed. Motion carried on roll call, all aldermen voting aye, excepting alderman Decker, Whitlock and Lynch voting no.

Petition for sewer on 13th Avenue south was referred to the Sewer Committee.

Ordinance No. 214 relating to the purchase of copper, brass and valuable metals presented and it was duly moved and seconded that the same be adopted, the same was unanimously adopted on roll call, all aldermen voting aye.

Ordinance No. 214

An ordinance relating to junk dealers in the city of Grand Rapids. The Common Council of the city of Grand Rapids do hereby enact as follows: Section 1. Every dealer or person who purchases any articles composed in whole or any part of gold, silver, precious stones, copper, lead, brass or zinc or who obtains same by exchange from any person shall inform the name of said parties so disposing of the same and shall report said disposal to the Chief of Police of the city of Grand Rapids within 24 hours.

Section 2. Any person who shall violate the provisions of this ordinance or who shall destroy or alter the form of said articles without the written consent of the person who shall be placed in a jail of Wood County, for a period of not exceeding 60 days and not less than 10 days or until such time as the costs and fine are paid.

Section 3. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after the date hereof.

Passed by an affirmative vote by the Common Council this 4th day of February 1919.

Attest: CHAS. M. BRIERLE, P. G. GILKEY, Mayor.

TO BUILD NEW HOTEL.

The residents of Minocqua have interested themselves in the matter of a new hotel for that city and according to the tentative plans a structure will embody about thirty rooms includes all modern improvements will be erected this spring. The people up there have come to the conclusion that they need a suitable place for the tourists and a building to stop at in summer to hold the business and are organizing a stock company to put the proposition under way. One of the rooms, it is planned, will be dedicated as a memorial to the late Mrs. M. J. Anderson and a place they can gather at any time they wish to.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—We have a new DeLoe Farm Lighting Plant that we will sell at cost. Also have a number of second hand Ford cars all over hauled in and good condition. We will sell at prices from \$250.00 to \$400.00. Jensen & Anderson.

Teachers contract blanks for sale at the Tribune office.

"Say It With Flowers"

Henry R. Ebsen, FLORIST

Phone 26 Saratoga St. East Side

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Phone 26 Saratoga St. East Side	
CORRECT GLASSES	
All Opticians Claim To Make Them—	
I make the EYES PROVE the GLASSES are CORRECT or they do not leave my establishment.	
If your Glasses are correct today, you can see PERFECTLY, if not; the Glasses should be discarded and CORRECT GLASSES worn—do not experiment—visit	
LOUIS REICHEL	
COAL AND WOOD	
The Best Grades at Reasonable Prices.	
Keep Coal moving. There are consumers who want certain grades and sizes of coal but the happiest are those who make the best of what they can procure during these strenuous times.	
CALL US UP AT Phone 416 or 5	
BOSSERT BROTHERS	
WOOD AND COAL YARDS	

LOCAL ITEMS

John Jung attended the dance at Rudolph Friday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Rayome have moved to Port Edwards to reside.

L. E. Nash returned on Tuesday from a business trip to New York.

Miss Bortha Yanit is spending two weeks at Plainfield visiting relatives and friends.

Frank Nelson has accepted a position with the Johnson & Hill Co. advertising man.

Otto Roenius made a business trip to Oshkosh on Monday, returning the day following.

Paul Herman of the town of Rudolph was a pleasant caller at this office on Monday.

Francis Daly is able to be about again after being laid up a week with neuralgia.

Miss Leona Nogolski of Milwaukee is visiting at the home of her sister, Mrs. A. L. Stewart.

Mrs. Emil Beck was called to Mosinee on Saturday by the serious illness of her father.

John May of the town of Seneca was among the business callers at this office on Monday.

Singer sewing machines, best in the world, needles and supplies at the Music Shop.

Mrs. G. Gamma of the town of Sigel was among the business callers at this office on Friday.

John W. Schrick of the town of Rudolph was among the business callers at this office on Monday.

A. B. Butyn, one of the solid farmers on R. D. 5 favored this office with a pleasant call on Monday.

W. A. Marling of Madison spent several days this city last week being the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Will Marling.

Mrs. Merritt Denniston of Rudolph favored this office with a pleasant call on Friday while in the city on business.

Mrs. John Stelmacher and Mrs. Tony Wacholz of the town of Sigel were business visitors in the city on Saturday.

Mrs. O. R. Moore returned on Thursday from Daraboo where she had spent a couple of weeks visiting her mother.

Druggist F. L. Storb is spending three weeks at one of the sanitariums in Milwaukee where he is taking treatments.

Julia Jozewski and Emily and Peter Brodewitz, all of Sigel left for Milwaukee Sunday where they have secured positions and will make their home.

—We handle a complete line of Moises' fancy box chocolates. Johnson & Hill Co.

Dr. and Mrs. A. L. Ridgman left on Monday for Los Angeles, California, where, if they find the conditions to suit them, they expect to spend the coming two months.

Walter Wykowski of the town of Sigel was among the business visitors at the Tribune office on Monday, having come in to have his name enrolled on the subscription list.

Mr. and Mrs. Bart Worden, who have resided in Vesper for several years, have moved to this city. Mr. Worden having accepted a position with Jensen & Anderson, Port Edwards.

A. L. Akoy of Dixon was a pleasant caller at this office on Saturday on his way to Wauwatosa to spend Sunday with his brother, Tullio Akoy, who was in the hospital there, having undergone an operation a few days before.

Gus Lundgren of the town of Rudolph was among the business callers at this office on Thursday. Mr. Lundgren reports that his brother, Charles has been laid up with the flu for three months past, and is just able to get around again, being still pretty weak from the effects of the disease.

Sgt. Ernest Anderson returned to Camp Grant, Ill., Tuesday after spending a short furlough with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Nate Anderson. Ernest has been expecting to get out of the service but was recently transferred to a different department and now may have to stay in a while longer.

AS YOU WERE!

Pre-War Bread from Pre-War Flour

We are now permitted to make

Old Style "VICTORIA"

You are now permitted to make **WHITE WHEAT BREAD**

Bread from "VICTORIA" Satisfies

Send a note, giving your name and address, by your son or daughter Saturday a. m. and receive a token of our appreciation of your patronage.

Grand Rapids Milling Company

Ernest Anderson has accepted the position as night clerk at the Hotel Witter.

Miss Anna Bamberg has taken the management of the east side news stand for Wheelan & Kruger.

A marriage license was issued this week to Otto Kuehl and Henrietta Laura Marks, both of this city.

J. B. Taylor, one of the instructors at the agricultural school is recovering from a very severe case of influenza.

C. Landstrum of the town of Sigel favored this office with a pleasant call on Tuesday while in the city on business.

Kenneth McCamley spent several days in Milwaukee last week attending the Wisconsin Retail Hardware Men's Convention.

H. Lofel, the tailor, has moved his tailor shop to the Taylor & Scott building formerly occupied by the Slerck News depot.

—Just received a fresh shipment of Moises' box candies at Johnson & Hill Co. grocery department.

Roy Potter, who has been in the aviation service in camp at Memphis, Tenn., arrived home on Monday having received an honorable discharge.

Ben Smart left on Monday for Milwaukee, where he spent three days attending the state convention of independent telephone companies.

—Violins, banjos, madonnas, ukuleles, guitars and string fixtures for same at the Music Shop.

Sylvester Galles of the town of Grand Rapids was in the city on business Tuesday and while here favored the Tribune office with a pleasant call.

Barl Wilson of Plainfield met with a horrible accident on Wednesday while cutting ice on Plainfield lake. While assisting in moving the ice machine, he slipped and his right foot came in contact with the power saw, cutting the front half so that it merely hung by skin.

Mike McGowan, a Stevens Point man, paid a fine of \$108 in the circuit court over there Saturday following charges of issuing worthless checks and "lewd and lascivious conduct." McGowan was alleged, lured a girl from Sun Prairie to Stevens Point after issuing the false checks.

The Whiting-Flower Pulp Company have closed their plant near Stevens Point and are undergoing extensive repairs. The improvements include a new floor in the finishing room, a floor in the heater room and some timbering in the heater section. The work is being rushed and may be completed this week.

Ralph Luther, formerly of this city, but for several years past a resident of Port Arkison, spent Saturday and Sunday in this city the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Dan Smart. Mr. Luther was formerly agent at the Northwestern depot in this city, but went out of the railroad business several years ago.

Don Hansen has taken the state agency for the Dog's potato grader, a contrivance for the grading of potatoes to comply with the requirements of the markets in the big cities. Don has been in the potato business for a good many years, and ought to know what he is talking about when it comes to potatoes, and he says that the new grader is the real thing for the purpose for which it was built. He has secured offices in the Wood block on the east side.

The Tribune acknowledges the receipt of a booklet from P. E. Ward, who with Mrs. Ward, is spending the winter at West Palm Beach, Florida. The booklet tells of the advantages to be gained by living down in that part of Florida, and what nice weather they have all the year round, and many other nice things, and one cannot help being impressed with the idea that it must be almost as nice as Wisconsin as a permanent place of abode, if all the things in the book are true, and of course they would not put in anything that was not true. Of course we do not raise any tomatoes nor pineapples here during the winter months, and sometimes, that is there have been times when money got down to the freezing mark, and even went a little below, but these occasions occur so seldom that it seems hardly necessary to mention the fact.

DRS. FAIRFIELD, BARTRAN & CO.

CLINIC BUILDING, GREEN BAY, WIS.

DR. W. E. FAIRFIELD, Surgeon

DR. J. J. ROBB, Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Diseases

DR. W. H. BARTRAN, Diseases of the Stomach and Intestines

DR. R. L. COVLE, Diseases of Children

DR. E. WHITE, X-Ray and Chemical Laboratories

PEOPLES CASH & CARRY STORE

ORIGINATORS AND MAINTAINERS OF LOW PRICES

Swift's Pure Lard, per pound.....28c

Richelieu Coffee, 3 pounds for.....\$1.00

Graham's Washing Powder large size.....20c

Large size can of tomatoes.....18c

Standard Tobacco large size.....40c

Ko Ko Nut Butter per pound Saturday.....30c

Oleomargarine, per pound Saturday.....30c

Colgate's Tooth Paste, large tubes.....20c

Wilbur's Cocoa, large 12 oz. can.....25c

Pearl White Soap, per bar.....5c

Fresh shipment of fancy Bacon, Saturday per pound.....42c

Selected fancy dried apples, per pound.....16c

Hebe Milk, small size per can.....5c

Salt Pork, nice and lean per pound.....23c

Braun's 10 oz. bottle of Tomato Catsup for.....10c

Bran or Middlings per 100 pounds.....\$2.25

Bright fancy Bananas per dozen Saturday.....25c

500 dozen of those nice juicy thin skinned oranges for Saturday at per dozen.....25c

Aunt Jemima's 4 pound package Pancake flour.....45c

5 ounce can of Ripe Olives for.....15c

Dried Appricots Saturday per pound.....10c

Pure Apple Butter, nothing any healthier for the children, leave them eat all they want, Saturday per pound.....13c

Fancy Brick Cheese, pound brick.....30c

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Grand Rapids Milling Company

YANKEE MAJOR LOSSES 56,592

39,158 Dead Is U. S. Toll in War
Against Germany and
Her Allies.

27,762 KILLED IN ACTION

11,386 Yanks Died of Wounds; 14,649
Missing in Action; 2,785 Taken
Prisoner—Losses by Divi-
sions Given.

Washington, Feb. 4.—An official tabulation of casualties by divisions for the American expeditionary forces, 95 per cent complete to date, was made public by the war department. The totals for all divisions, exclusive of the two regiments of marines in the second division, are: Killed in action, 27,762; died of wounds, 11,386; missing in action, 14,649; prisoners, 2,785; grand total of major casualties, 56,592.

Major casualties of the "Thirty-fifth Division (Missouri and Kansas National Guard) "practically complete." General March announced were 1,733 men, divided as follows:

Killed, 590; died of wounds, 217; missing in action, 808; prisoners, 112. The figures for each of the 30 combat divisions included show the following totals of major casualties:

First (regulars), 2,565.
Second (regulars), 4,617.
Fourth (regulars), 2,060.
Fifth (regulars), 2,504.
Sixth (regulars), 122.
Seventh (regulars), 326.
Twenty-sixth (New England National Guard), 2,864.

Twenty-seventh (New York National Guard), 2,494.

Twenty-eighth (Pennsylvania National Guard), 2,800.

Twenty-ninth (New Jersey, Virginia, Maryland, Delaware and District of Columbia National Guard), 1,117.

Thirtieth (Tennessee, North Carolina and South Carolina National Guard), 1,772.

Thirty-second (Michigan and Wisconsin National Guard), 3,212.

Thirty-third (Illinois, Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, North and South Dakota National Guard), 1,471.

Thirty-fifth (Missouri and Kansas National Guard), 1,733.

Thirty-sixth (Texas and Oklahoma National Guard), 1,250.

Forty-second (Indiana), 2,830.

Seventy-seventh (New York metropolitan National army), 2,092.

Seventy-eighth (New York and northern Pennsylvania National army), 1,423.

Seventy-ninth (southern Pennsylvania National army), 2,360.

Eightieth (New Jersey, Virginia, Maryland, Delaware and District of Columbia National army), 1,355.

Eighty-first (Tennessee, North Carolina and South Carolina National army), 370.

Eighty-second (Georgia, Alabama and Florida National army), 1,592.

Eighty-third (Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, North Dakota and South Dakota National army), 66.

Eighty-ninth (Kansas, Missouri and Colorado National army), 1,355.

Ninety-fifth (Texas, Arizona, New Mexico and Oklahoma National army), 1,585.

Ninety-sixth (Washington, Oregon, California, Nevada, Utah, Idaho, Montana and Wyoming), 1,702.

Ninety-seventh (National army, negroes), 211.

Ninety-eighth (National army, negroes), 400.

As to other reported heavy casualties, General Guderich said, 15 divisions in France had sustained losses greater than the "Thirty-fifth." In that list the "Ninety-seventh (National army, negroes)" division, also reported to have suffered severely, stood 28th and the "Ninety-third division stood 25th.

UKRAINE SENDS ULTIMATUM

Tells Poles They Must Evacuate Disputed Territories or Fight, Geneva Reports.

Geneva, Feb. 4.—The government of the Ukraine has threatened war on Poland if the latter government does not withdraw its troops from disputed territories, according to word received here.

YANKS IN BERLIN ON MISSION

Twenty-One U. S. Army Officers Go to Capital to Study Situation.

London, Feb. 4.—Twenty-one American officers have arrived in Berlin from Cologne to study the political situation in Germany, according to a news agency dispatch from Amsterdam.

Yanks Arrest 219 Germans.

American Headquarters in Germany, Feb. 5.—Two hundred and nineteen Germans have been arrested and tried by American court-martial during the two months of American occupation, according to figures made public.

Chicago Greets Its Heroes.

Chicago, Feb. 5.—Returning heroes of the Blackhawk division, 1,500 strong, and composing the 314th ammunition train and the 314th field signal battalion, were welcomed by a throng of friends and relatives.

Body Is Identified.

Englewood, N. J., Feb. 4.—The body of the young woman found in a crevice on the edge of the Palisades one week ago was positively identified as that of Azeele Packwood of Tampa, Fla., by her brother, George Packwood.

Ship Hits Mine; 11 Killed.

Copenhagen, Feb. 4.—Eleven persons were killed when a fishing steamer struck a floating mine off Stavanger, it is reported. Many mines are afloat in the North sea, giving fishermen great anxiety.

Breadstuffs for Germany.

New York, Feb. 2.—Under the general food program outlined by the allies Germany will be allowed about 1,000,000 bushels of breadstuffs a month, mostly from the United States, if she can find the money to pay for it.

Won't Tax Campaign Funds.

Washington, Feb. 3.—By a vote of 241 to 161 the house instructed its conferees on the war revenue bill to refuse to concur in the senate amendment imposing a 100 per cent tax on political contributions exceeding \$500.

JOSEPH J. GREW



Joseph J. Grew is secretary and supervising director of the American commission to negotiate peace, with the rank of minister plenipotentiary.

HITS U. S. RAIL RULE

HINES OPPOSED TO GOVERNMENT OWNERSHIP.

Director General Says He Favors Federal Supervision of Few Big Companies.

Washington, Feb. 5.—Director General Hines, testifying before the senate interstate commerce committee, said he did not believe in government ownership, but in organization of a few big rail-way companies subject to close government supervision.

"I do not believe there is anything substantial in the argument that a five-year extension of government operation would necessarily mean government ownership. I believe there can be a form of radically reconstructed private ownership with such close government representation on the boards of directors as will give the public and labor all the benefit of government ownership and at the same time will preserve the benefits of private and self-interested initiative, and will avoid the political difficulties from government ownership."

To permit development of a comprehensive and permanent solution Mr. Hines renewed Mr. McAdoo's recommendation for a five-year extension of government control and explained that if this were not done he believed it would be best for all interests concerned to relinquish government control without waiting for expiration of the 21-month period provided by existing law.

GIVE BELGIUM \$2,000,000,000

Sum Advanced by Allies to Be Paid Out of First Indemnity Received From Germany.

Paris, Feb. 3.—Two billion dollars have been advanced to Belgium by Great Britain, France and the United States, the amount to be deducted from the first installment of the war indemnity to be paid by Germany, according to a dispatch from Brussels.

The dispatch adds that the amount will be raised either by an interallied bond issue or by a German loan having priority over all other loans.

BAR HUNTING FROM PLANES

Shooting of Wild Fowl in United States by Airman With Machine Guns Prohibited.

Washington, Feb. 5.—Shooting of wild fowl with machine guns from airplanes, the latest device employed by sportsmen along the Atlantic coast, has been forbidden by order of the director of military aeronautics. Instructions have been issued by the director to conduct all flights along the coast wherever migratory wild fowl may be found in such a manner to interfere as little as possible with the birds.

M'ADDOO COUNSEL FOR MOVIES

Former Secretary of the Treasury Engaged by Los Angeles Picture Company.

Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 5.—William C. McAdoo, formerly secretary of the treasury, has been retained as counsel by a recently organized moving-picture firm, according to announcement by John Fairbanks, brother of one of the founders of the concern. Mr. McAdoo is passing the winter near here.

To Recognize Union Labor.

New York, Feb. 6.—The Bethlehem Steel company has received from its former stand against the rulings of the national war labor board, and agrees to accept collective bargaining on the part of its employees.

Battle in Bremen Suburbs.

Copenhagen, Feb. 6.—Anarchists and government troops are fighting on the outskirts of Bremen, according to dispatches received here. Government forces are reported to have forced their way into the city.

Monster Battleships for Japan.

Tokyo, Feb. 5.—Details of Japan's greater navy program were learned here. It includes the sister battleships Nagato, to be launched in July, and Matsui, in October. Each battleship will be of 40,000 tons.

U. S. Food Reaches Vienna.

Vienna, Feb. 5.—A detachment of 100 American soldiers arrived here with the first shipment of American food for relief purposes. The American shipment will enable the serving of a full bread ration.

New Job for the League.

London, Feb. 4.—Internationalization of control and transport of the world's munitions was advocated by former Premier Asquith in an address at Queen's hall in support of the league of nations plan.

Pope Names Mgr. Dowling.

Rome, Feb. 4.—Pope Benedict has promoted Mgr. Austin Dowling, bishop of Des Moines, Ia., to be metropolitan of the diocese of St. Paul, Minn., in succession to the late Archbishop Ireland.

BIG U. S. NAVY ASKED BY WILSON

Cable to Daniels Insists That
Great Construction Program
Be Continued.

TEXT OF MESSAGE SECRET

Insistence of President in the Three-Year Program Forces Indorsement—Cablegram Involves International Policy.

Washington, Feb. 6.—Insistence by President Wilson upon the administration's policy of naval expansion led to the unanimous approval given by the house naval committee to another three-year construction program.

This was disclosed by Chairman Padgett of the committee when the house began consideration of the \$750,000,000 annual naval appropriation bill.

Mr. Padgett told of a cablegram sent by the president from Paris to Secretary Daniels, saying nothing had occurred over there to change the recommendations he made in his annual message to congress.

The message was brought to the attention of the committee by Daniels. "The president was very earnest," Representative Padgett said, "and very insistent that the three-year program be carried out."

Mr. Padgett refused to make public the cablegram, and it was under a cross-fire of questions from Republican members that he referred to its substance.

"Did he say in substance that lack of the program would be fatal to his negotiations?" asked Representative Rogers of Massachusetts (Rep.).

"Because we from a statement," replied Mr. Padgett, "I will neither affirm nor deny a word that was in the cable. I will not give the words that he did or did not use."

Representative Graham of Illinois (Rep.), asked about the receipt of the cable, and Mr. Padgett replied that it had been given him in confidence by Secretary Daniels.

"Is your own reason that the report was unanimous?" asked Graham.

"Yes, sir," responded Mr. Padgett.

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FRUIT MEN FOR U. S. RULE

Head of California Exchange Makes Plea for Federal Control of Traffic in Foodstuffs.

Chicago, Feb. 3.—The desirability of government supervision of traffic in foodstuffs was thrashed out at the American Fruit and Vegetable Shippers' association convention at Hotel Sherman. Experience during the war, it is said, has developed in the association, which includes "food kings" who virtually control the fruits and vegetable business, a strong sentiment for federal supervision.

The head of the California Fruit Growers' exchange, during the war Mr. Powell was first assistant to Herbert Hoover in the food administration. He told the other "fruit kings" that federal supervision is desirable. Mr. Powell declared that millions of dollars' worth of food spoil annually while producers and receivers wrangle.

4 HELD FOR \$100,000 FRAUD

Two Men and Two Women Arrested at Cincinnati and Held for \$100,000 in Deal in Kansas City, Mo.

Cincinnati, Feb. 3.—Charged in federal warrants with violating the postal regulations in connection with certain oil and stock transactions in Kansas City, Mo., two men and two women were arrested here by deputy United States marshals. The men, who claimed to be brothers, and the women were taken before United States Commissioner Joseph Adler and held in \$5,000 bond each. They will be taken to Kansas City.

Anarchists in New Advance.

Copenhagen, Feb. 6.—In their advance from Dvinsk, the anarchists have captured Vilkomir, 40 miles north-northwest of Vilna, the capital of Lithuania, according to a report from Vilna.

Reds Want Peace.

Paris, Feb. 6.—The Russian soviet government will take "all measures" to bring about an agreement with the entente, according to a wireless message sent out from Moscow on Sunday.

Judge Rules Against Berger.

Chicago, Feb. 5.—Federal Judge Landis refused to set aside the verdict against Victor Berger, Republican congressman-elect from New York, and four other Socialists recently convicted of violating the espionage act.

"Crown Prince" Asks Divorce.

Zurich, Feb. 5.—Frederick Wilhelm Hohenzollern, eldest son of the former German emperor, according to a Berlin dispatch to the Munich Zeitung, has instituted proceedings for a divorce.

Nat Goodwin Dies.

New York, Feb. 3.—Nat C. Goodwin, the actor, died at a hotel here, after a brief illness. Death was due to a general breakdown in health, following an operation for the removal of his right eye several months ago.

1,500 Prisoners on Strike.

Leavenworth, Kan., Feb. 3.—More than 1,500 of the 3,570 prisoners in the United States disciplinary barracks, where are destroyed a quartermaster's storehouse, refused to leave their cells or to perform any labor.

P. A. S. FRANKLIN



P. A. S. Franklin, president of the International Mercantile Marine Co., is one of the country's big men who is likely to continue his voluntary war work well into the days of peace. He represents the United States shipping board on the exports control committee, a body whose labors are not reduced by cessation of fighting. Mr. Franklin was for some time chairman of the shipping control committee of the shipping board, and is still doing the same work on the exports control committee.

Washington, Feb. 6.—Insistence by President Wilson upon the administration's policy of naval expansion led to the unanimous approval given by the house naval committee to another three-year construction program.

This was disclosed by Chairman Padgett of the committee when the house began consideration of the \$750,000,000 annual naval appropriation bill.

Mr. Padgett told of a cablegram sent by the president from Paris to Secretary Daniels, saying nothing had occurred over there to change the recommendations he made in his annual message to congress.

The message was brought to the attention of the committee by Daniels. "The president was very earnest," Representative Padgett said, "and very insistent that the three-year program be carried out."

Mr. Padgett refused to make public the cablegram, and it was under a cross-fire of questions from Republican members that he referred to its substance.

"Did he say in substance that lack of the program would be fatal to his negotiations?" asked Representative Rogers of Massachusetts (Rep.).

"Because we from a statement," replied Mr. Padgett, "I will neither affirm nor deny a word that was in the cable. I will not give the words that he did or did not use."

Representative Graham of Illinois (Rep.), asked about the receipt of the cable, and Mr. Padgett replied that it had been given him in confidence by Secretary Daniels.

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27,000 SILK WORKERS STRIKE

New Jersey Operatives Demand 47 Hour Week—Small Shops Yield to Demands.

Peterborough, N. J., Feb. 5.—Between 26,000 and 27,000 silk workers, representing 90 per cent of the industry in Peterborough, are idle, according to Louis Magnet, local chairman of the United Textile Workers of America.

SINN FEIN LEADER ESCAPES

Edward De Valera Flees From Prison in London, Says Exchange Telegraph Company.

London, Feb. 6.—Edward de Valera, Sinn Fein leader, has escaped from prison, the Exchange Telegraph company declared.

Phoney Deputies Take \$15,000.

Detroit, Feb. 3.—Thieves posing as deputy sheriffs here searching for whiskey were richer by 4,000 Russian rubles, or \$15,000 in real American money, while Michael Tostitsky was swearing never again to trust money to his trunk. The phoney officers were their victim out of the room while making the search for whiskey, and when returned the trunk was broken open and ransacked.

Opens Line to Belgium.

Brussels, Feb. 6.—The first train from Paris arrived here by way of Mous and Maubeuge. Direct train service between Paris and Brussels is expected to be opened within three weeks.

President Wilson Presides.

Paris, Feb. 6.—President Wilson presided over the commission of the Society of Nations, which had before it the completed project for constituting the league, discussing it article by article.

Protest Order to Kill Deer.

The state conservation commission has ordered the killing of deer on Rock Island, the killing to be done under supervision of the game warden. There are from 25 to 50 deer browsing on the place. The owner, C. H. Thorndarson of Chicago, filed complaint that the deer were eating his shrubbery and fruit trees. The payment of the deer was asked the department to drive them to Peninsula state park where Death's Door is frozen over. Rock Island is 16 miles from the mainland and one mile from Washington Island.

See No Lower Wheat and Flour.

No prospects of lower wheat and flour prices are foreseen by Milwaukee grain men, even though there is an enormous surplus of grain above the demand. The government price of \$2.26 must be maintained to stabilize the market, they believe. The payment of \$2.26 per bushel for wheat to the farmer must continue until June 1, 1920. The government may remove the limit on the market and pay the farmer the difference, but this would disrupt the market, grain men say.

Won't Give Gibraltar to Spain.

Paris, Feb. 3.—The report that some arrangement was in prospect through which Gibraltar would be turned over to Spanish jurisdiction is denied here.

FARM MARKETING BILL TO HOUSE

Radically Different From Special Committee's Measure.

TO ABOLISH 3 DEPARTMENTS

Duties of Dairy and Food Department, Department of Farmers' Institutes and Bureau of Immigration to Go to New Commission.

Madison.—Interest prevails in the equity farm marketing bill by Assemblyman J. C. Hanson of Dane county. The provisions of this measure are radically different from the bill drafted by the special legislative committee. The latter bill is being considered by the senate.

Senator George B. Skogro of the upper branch. Market legislation is one of the most important planks in the administration platform and promises to be the central issue of legislation.

The Hanson bill abolishes the dairy and food department, the department of farmers' institutes and the bureau of immigration, and transfers the duties of these departments to a new commission. The bill creates a board of foods and markets composed of three members appointed by the governor, by and with the advice of the senate and assembly. Of the three members of the board, one shall be selected from a list furnished the governor by the former organizations of the state; a similar plan shall be taken from a similar list furnished by the labor organization and the third may be named by the executive without suggestion. The regular term of office is six years and the salary is \$5,000 annually. The secretary shall receive a salary of \$3,000 annually.

Then comes a provision that will not be found in any other marketing bill so far enacted by any state. The bill says in speaking of the commission: "Any member of said board may be removed from office by a majority vote and any vote of both houses of the legislature assembled in joint session."

Among the more important powers of the commission are:

1. Establish rules and practices relating to standardizing, grading, packing, weighing, storage and sale of food products, including an investigation of supply and demand, prevailing prices, cost of production or manufacture, and profits in handling thereof.

2. To collect information on the supply and demand for products and to plan and market these products efficiently and economically.

3. To promote organization of public markets.

4. Investigate delays, embargoes, rates and charges for handling agricultural products or food institute legal proceedings to secure justice.

5. To promote co-operation.

6. To fix standards for receptacles and for products and classification of farm products.

It made unlawful for any person to use the state label unless in fact such product has been inspected, graded and standardized or to use a similar label or design. The board is given power to investigate the conduct of any board or business handling food products to ascertain if the practices of the board are in accordance with the law. The bill also authorizes the board to investigate the manufacture of food products and the selling of the same, are affected with the public interest.

Senator J. Henry Bennett of Viroqua has started his fight in the legislature to secure higher income taxes. As a preliminary he has offered a resolution in the upper house of the Wisconsin legislature calling upon the senate to determine the income tax data of the earnings of corporations and individuals to the legislature, to be used as a basis for his bill.

The resolution asks the tax commission to furnish to the legislature the net income and names of all corporations in the state having an income in excess of \$5,000 annually. His application asks for the income tax data for the years 1918 and 1917, which is now available at the offices of the state tax commission.

The number of individuals in the state with incomes in excess of \$5,000 for the years mentioned is also asked for, tabulated so as to show the number of persons in each \$2,500 group above \$5,000.

Following are some assembly bills offered:

Kandutsch—Requiring autoists to dim their lights in passing other vehicles.

Young—Providing that a dairy organization may pay the expense of a dairy and food inspector, who shall give his time to the inspection of the organization's products.

Young—School districts dissolved by neglect may be added to adjoining districts.

Hellweg—Detach territory from the town of Winter and attach same to Meadowbrook, Sawyer county.

Roethel—Providing for the transportation of children to school districts having an attendance of less than 11 to adjoining districts.

To Erect Roosevelt Statue.

Col. Theodore Roosevelt will be honored by the state of Wisconsin for his public service. Both houses of the legislature have adopted a resolution, offered by Senator Burke of Green Bay, providing for the erection of a statue of Colonel Roosevelt at Madison.

The resolution declares that the statue should be of bronze, posed as the setting sun and leading the plainsmen of the far West. The original resolution provided that the statue might either be erected at Milwaukee or Madison.

War Raises Pay for Police.

Raises in salaries have been granted to the police officers in 28 Wisconsin cities during recent months, according to a special report of the present state police superintendent.

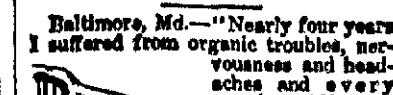
The report, on request, by the municipal reference bureau of the University of Wisconsin. To the bureau's city, 68 cities reported "no raise" and others are considering the question. The highest paid police chief in the state, outside of Milwaukee, receives \$2,400 a year and the lowest \$100.

New Measures to Guard Health.

A dozen bills are expected to appear in the assembly proposing safeguards of public health. These measures were recommended by the state board of health, requiring county boards to employ public health nurses, authorizing local boards of

DOCTOR URGED AN OPERATION

Instead I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Was Cured



month would have to stay in bed most of the time. Treatments would relieve me for a time but my doctor was always urging me to

have an operation. My sister asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound before consenting to an operation. I took

work is a pleasure. I tell all my friends who have any trouble of this kind what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Com-


It is only natural for any woman to dread the thought of an operation. So many women have been restored to health by the famous remedy, Lydia E.

Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, after an operation has been advised that it will pay any woman who suffers from such ailments to consider trying it before submitting to such a trying ordeal.

CREAMERY RESULTS

HEALTH

HEAVEN
TELLS IN
PROFITS



Decide right now to put your dairy on a profit basis. Go after 100% health in your milk cows.

Maximum profits are impossible without maximum health.
You do not need a veterinary for most of the ailments common among dairy cows. Barrenness, Retained Afterbirth, Lost Appe-

g
y

tite, Scouring, Bunches, Abortion, etc., are nearly always a direct result of impaired organs of digestion and reproduction.

You can successfully treat and eliminate these diseases yourself with the aid of *Yon-Ken*.

with the aid of Kow-Kure. This well-known cow medicine acts directly on the affected organs and promptly restores a normal condition. The occasional use of Kow-Kure is a sure preventive of most cow ailments. Take one of

your backward cows and put it to the test. You'll be surprised at the increased milk yield that comes with restored health.

Buy Kow-Kurs from your feed dealer or druggist; 60c. and \$1.20 each.

Send for our free book
"The Home Cow Doctor"
Dairy Association Co.
LYNDONVILLE,
VERMONT.



**COME TO THE
SHORTHORN CONGRESS**
AT CHICAGO, ILL., FEB. 18, 19, 20

\$5,000 IN CASH PRIZE
300 Registered Shortbreds
in the Show and All
to be Sold in the Auction
 The Shortbreds is the future
 of the breed. Proof and now.
 Now is the time to produce
 both. COME and SEE.

Chinese Bamboo.
The number of different varieties

Mr. Frank N. Meyer, agricultural explorer for the United States in China, made an extended study of the bamboo for the purpose of demonstrating its utility for introduction into the

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

To half pint of water add 1 oz. Rum, a small box of Barbo's Compound and $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. of glycerine. Any Druggist put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. Full directions for mixing and use come in each box of Barbo's Compound. It will gradually destroy

Life's Minor Worries.
Frequently a woman worries a great deal about the condition of her hair.

deal over the question of caring
another woman who doesn't care
the least whether she calls or not
Boston Transcript.

Cole's Carbolic Antiseptic Quickly Relieves

We all have our ups and downs, and the man who gets to the top does

Selfishness is the greatest enemy
of the human family.

Don't Go From Bad to Worse

lameness, stiffness and rheumatism, and if neglected, brings danger of serious troubles—dropsy, gravel and Bright's disease. Don't delay. Use **Doan's Kidney Pills**. They have helped thousands and should help you.

A Michigan Case

Mrs. Lester Brown, 418 Alice St., Flint, Mich., says: "Before using Doan's Kidney Pills I suffered awfully with constant headaches and my back was lame and

so. It felt as though
my back would break
when I stooped over
the washbowl and my
kidneys caused
much trouble. I finally
procured Doan's
Kidney Pills and
they helped me.

Get Dean's at Any Store, 60c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

NEWSPAPERARCH

NEWSPAPERARCH

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE

LOOK AT CHILD'S TONGUE IF SICK, CROSS, FEVERISH

HURRY, MOTHER! REMOVE POISONS FROM LITTLE STOMACH, LIVER, BOWELS.

GIVE CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS AT ONCE FOR BILIOUS OR CONSTIPATED.



Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, it is a sure sign that your little one's stomach, liver and bowels need a gentle, thorough cleansing at once.

When peevish, cross, listless, pale, doesn't sleep, doesn't eat or act naturally, or is feverish, stomach sour, breath bad; has stomach-ache, sore throat, diarrhoea, full of cold, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the foul, constipated waste, undigested food and sour bile gently moved out of the little bowels without griping, and you have a well, playful child again.

Your nervous, cross little children to take this harmless "fruit laxative," they love its delicious taste, and it always makes them feel splendid.

Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on gold bottle. Beware of counterfeiters! Ask to see the bottle, and get the genuine, here. To be sure you get the genuine, ask to see that it is made by the "California Syrup Company." Refuse any other kind with contempt.—Adv.

LOOKS MUCH LIKE HUNS' PROPAGANDA

COVERT THREAT THAT GERMANY MAY LEAD THE BOLSHEVISTS OF EASTERN EUROPE.

IS PLEA FOR EASIER TERMS

Congressman Cannon's Vigorous Old-Time Speech for Bill to Appropriately \$100,000,000 for the Starving People of Central Europe.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington.—For several weeks there has been in circulation something that comes very near being propaganda, but it may simply be the result of more recent investigations of conditions in Europe. Stories are told in various ways and at various times about the condition of Germany and her inability to pay any large indemnity. Then these statements are followed up with others to the effect that it will not do to boycott Germany and that she must have an opportunity to pay her debts. The result is that her products must be bought by other countries, else her people will starve and bolshevism will take absolute control. Finally these stories culminate in this sort of scare:

All eastern Europe, it is said, is badly infected with bolshevism. Germany, containing the most important of all the nations in the world, is turning toward bolshevism, and there is grave danger that she may become the leading power of that vast territory comprising Germany, Russia, Austria, parts of Turkey and most of the Balkans. This would mean another war and on a much greater scale and of far more disastrous consequences than that which has just been fought.

In this connection it is said that one reason why the president was so anxious to get \$100,000,000 to feed the starving people of Europe was for the purpose of stopping the spread of bolshevism. Possibly this carries out the idea voiced by Senator Vardaman of Mississippi, who says that bolshevism is a disease caused by hunger. It may be that the hungry hordes of Europe are going to be a great menace, but it is impossible for them to become as great a menace as was Germany.

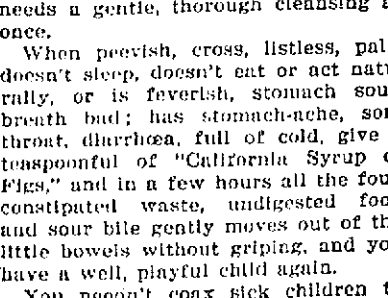
The men who are putting forth these ideas admit that there is still a strong sentiment in the countries lately at war with Germany to make that country pay, and pay heavily, for the injuries she inflicted upon Belgium and France and the enormous expense she caused all the nations in the great war. They also say that the sentiment in the United States is stronger even than in Europe, and they realize that it would be very difficult to overcome the idea of exacting a vast indemnity from Germany and at the same time making her an outlaw among nations. Nevertheless, they are asserting that it is necessary in order to establish stable governments in Europe.

Uncle Joe Cannon will go down to history as the most remarkable man that has ever been known in the halls of congress. He went into action in his old-time, vigorous style in support of the bill to give \$100,000,000 to feed the starving people of Europe. He was like the Joe Cannon of a quarter of a century ago, going through all the gyrations, arm swinging, fancy steps, and using the force of Anglo-Saxon which is always effective. There has not been a speech made in congress in many years that was so liberally punctuated with cheers and applause as that made by this famous octogenarian, who has been longer in congress than any other man who ever served.

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An Attack of Influenza Often Leaves Kidneys in Weakened Condition

Doctors in all parts of the country have been kept busy with the epidemic of influenza which has visited so many homes. The symptoms of this disease are very distressing and leave the system in a run down condition. Almost every victim complains of lame back and urinary troubles which should not be neglected, as these danger signals often lead to dangerous kidney troubles. Druggists report a large sale on Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, which so many people say soon heals and strengthens the kidneys after an attack of 2719 Swamp-Root, being an herbal compound, has a gentle healing effect on the kidneys, which is almost immediately noticed in most cases. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, which is almost immediately noticed in most cases. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, which is almost immediately noticed in most cases.

People who had out the past should destroy the blither.

All liking has its grounds in like ness.

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Send for Maule's Seed Book, which contains pages of most useful and reliable information. Beat the high cost of living by growing your own vegetables. Seeds started thousands of new gardens last year—big crops were produced.

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Learn what, when, and how to plant and prepare your garden for best results. Paper securely has limited, only 1519 copies left. Send for your copy today.

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The men who are putting forth these ideas admit that there is still a strong sentiment in the countries lately at war with Germany to make that country pay, and pay heavily, for the injuries she inflicted upon Belgium and France and the enormous expense she caused all the nations in the great war. They also say that the sentiment in the United States is stronger even than in Europe, and they realize that it would be very difficult to overcome the idea of exacting a vast indemnity from Germany and at the same time making her an outlaw among nations. Nevertheless, they are asserting that it is necessary in order to establish stable governments in Europe.

Uncle Joe Cannon will go down to history as the most remarkable man that has ever been known in the halls of congress. He went into action in his old-time, vigorous style in support of the bill to give \$100,000,000 to feed the starving people of Europe. He was like the Joe Cannon of a quarter of a century ago, going through all the gyrations, arm swinging, fancy steps, and using the force of Anglo-Saxon which is always effective. There has not been a speech made in congress in many years that was so liberally punctuated with cheers and applause as that made by this famous octogenarian, who has been longer in congress than any other man who ever served.

TILTING TABLE FRAME COMPLETE WITH SAW

24 inch \$23.90
26 inch \$24.90
28 inch \$25.90
30 inch \$26.90

SAWS

24 inch \$5.40
26 inch \$6.40
28 inch \$7.40
30 inch \$8.40

MANDREL \$4.00 AND UP

POND ICE SAWS

\$4.00 AND UP

AMERICAN SAW & TOOL WORKS
14th ST. & WESTERN AVE., CHICAGO

LOOKS MUCH LIKE HUNS' PROPAGANDA

COVERT THREAT THAT GERMANY MAY LEAD THE BOLSHEVISTS OF EASTERN EUROPE.

IS PLEA FOR EASIER TERMS

Congressman Cannon's Vigorous Old-Time Speech for Bill to Appropriately \$100,000,000 for the Starving People of Central Europe.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington.—For several weeks there has been in circulation something that comes very near being propaganda, but it may simply be the result of more recent investigations of conditions in Europe. Stories are told in various ways and at various times about the condition of Germany and her inability to pay any large indemnity. Then these statements are followed up with others to the effect that it will not do to boycott Germany and that she must have an opportunity to pay her debts. The result is that her products must be bought by other countries, else her people will starve and bolshevism will take absolute control. Finally these stories culminate in this sort of scare:

All eastern Europe, it is said, is badly infected with bolshevism. Germany, containing the most important of all the nations in the world, is turning toward bolshevism, and there is grave danger that she may become the leading power of that vast territory comprising Germany, Russia, Austria, parts of Turkey and most of the Balkans. This would mean another war and on a much greater scale and of far more disastrous consequences than that which has just been fought.

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Why Lose Dandruff and Itching? The Remedy Your Hair Cuticura

Altogether! Soap, 25¢; Ointment 25¢; 50¢; 75¢; 1.00; 1.50; 2.00; 2.50; 3.00; 3.50; 4.00; 4.50; 5.00; 5.50; 6.00; 6.50; 7.00; 7.50; 8.00; 8.50; 9.00; 9.50; 10.00; 10.50; 11.00; 11.50; 12.00; 12.50; 13.00; 13.50; 14.00; 14.50; 15.00; 15.50; 16.00; 16.50; 17.00; 17.50; 18.00; 18.50; 19.00; 19.50; 20.00; 20.50; 21.00; 21.50; 22.00; 22.50; 23.00; 23.50; 24.00; 24.50; 25.00; 25.50; 26.00; 26.50; 27.00; 27.50; 28.00; 28.50; 29.00; 29.50; 30.00; 30.50; 31.00; 31.50; 32.00; 32.50; 33.00; 33.50; 34.00; 34.50; 35.00; 35.50; 36.00; 36.50; 37.00; 37.50; 38.00; 38.50; 39.00; 39.50; 40.00; 40.50; 41.00; 41.50; 42.00; 42.50; 43.00; 43.50; 44.00; 44.50; 45.00; 45.50; 46.00; 46.50; 47.00; 47.50; 48.00; 48.50; 49.00; 49.50; 50.00; 50.50; 51.00; 51.50; 52.00; 52.50; 53.00; 53.50; 54.00; 54.50; 55.00; 55.50; 56.00; 56.50; 57.00; 57.50; 58.00; 58.50; 59.00; 59.50; 60.00; 60.50; 61.00; 61.50; 62.00; 62.50; 63.00; 63.50; 64.00; 64.50; 65.00; 65.50; 66.00; 66.50; 67.00; 67.50; 68.00; 68.50; 69.00; 69.50; 70.00; 70.50; 71.00; 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Complete line of Kantleek Rubber Goods. Prices from 40c to \$4.75.

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The "REXALL" Store

W. T. LYLE
Licensed Embalmer and Funeral Director
Store on West Side
Lady Attendant & Desired
Night phone 886; Day phone 885

Dr. W. E. Jurden
The Successful Specialist

Of Eau Claire, Wisconsin will be in GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN at the COMMERCIAL HOTEL, FEBRUARY 16th and 17th.

Dr. Jurden has visited Grand Rapids for many years. Medical and surgical examinations and consultations free.

Dr. Jurden

SPECIALIST

For all Nervous and Chronic Diseases.

Physician and specialist. Treating all forms of asthenic and chronic diseases.

Consultation Free to the Sick

A honest opinion always given, diagnosis, prognosis, and to the incurable such advice as may prove life.

Dr. Jurden has merited by skill and success the confidence he maintains.

Many wonderful cures in diseases of the stomach, liver, kidneys, heart, lungs, nerves, rheumatism, gall stones, gravel, appendicitis, flatulency, piles and other rectal diseases, constitutional catarrh, bronchitis, asthma, catarrh of the throat, stomach, bladder, etc. Nervous debility, falling memory, overwork, sore eyes, deafness, and all diseases, blood and skin diseases, blood poison, pimples, spots, tetters, ulcers, eczema, vitiligo, scrofula, cancer, etc. The roots do not extend to vital parts, goiter, swellings of the neck, hidden enlargements, tapo worms, diabetes, urinary, kidney and bladder diseases, dropsy, fits, varicose veins, enlarged glands, tissue waste, catarrh discharges, drains, obstructions, weakness, and all constitutional and serious internal diseases that baffle the skill of many physicians.

Debilitated, Despondent Men and Women.

Young and Old Men Nervous Discouraged Weak Women

Get the Truth **DR. JURDEN**

CONSULT

Examination free—He gives you his years of SCIENCE AND EXPERIENCE.

Makes regular visits to a few cities. Owns his medical institute building and dispensary in the city of Eau Claire.

WRITE—Treatment sent as directed. Address

W. E. JURDEN, M. D.

1520 S. Farwell St., Eau Claire, Wis.

FIRE INSURANCE

Now is the time to insure your home or stock of goods. An over heated chimney or pipe may cause a fire—are you fully protected? Cheap Rates.

Real Estate

We handle all kinds of Real Estate, both farm and city property. Now is the time to list your farms for the spring sales. We are affiliated with a large Chicago real estate firm and feel sure that we can sell your farm if you are not too steep on the price.

Accident and Sick Benefit Insurance

Now is the time to protect yourself against "Influenza" by having a good safe Benefit Policy. Accidents happen at any time. Be fully protected. Try one of our policies. Prices from \$12 to \$60 per annum.

We handle Farm Loans and make collections.

Edward N. Pomainville

Dealer in Real Estate, Loans, Insurance and Collections

MacKinnon Block - Grand Rapids, Wis.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

Grand Rapids, Wis., Council Chambers, Feb. 4, 1919.

Roll call showed all alderman present. Chas. E. Briere, mayor presiding.

Motion made, seconded and carried that the reading of the minutes of the last meeting be dispensed with.

Street committee and city engineer reported on the matter of the application for a new sewer on the 17th Avenue. The report of the committee be adopted.

Board of Public Works reported favorably and recommended that the petition of John Holliman be granted the permission to move his building approximately 15 feet, onto his old lot be granted. Motion made, seconded and carried that the report be adopted and that the permission be granted as prayed for by said John Holliman. All alderman voting aye on roll call.

Motion made and seconded that the bill of the Grand Rapids American Company for \$22.75 be allowed, same adopted on roll call, all alderman voting aye.

The matter of establishing a coal and fuel depot was then taken from the table and motion made and seconded that the action on the resolution be indefinitely postponed. Motion carried on roll call, all alderman voting aye, excepting alderman Decker, Whitbeck and Lynch voting no.

Petition for a sewer on 13th Avenue south was referred to the Sewer Committee.

Ordinance No. 214 relating to the purchase of copper, brass and valuable metal articles of the city of Grand Rapids do ordain as follows:

Section 1. Every dealer or person who purchases any articles composed in whole or any part of gold, silver, precious stones, copper, lead, brass or any other metal shall report to the Chief of Police of the city of Grand Rapids within 24 hours, in a written consent of the parent or guardian, and shall report said purchase and shall be punished as provided in section 4 hereof.

Section 2. Any person who shall fail to report as provided in section 1 of this ordinance or who shall destroy or alter the form of said articles with intent to defraud the city of Grand Rapids shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided in section 4 hereof.

Section 3. Whoever being a dealer in second hand articles or keeper of a junk store, purveyor of second hand goods and waste paper from a minor under 18 years of age without the written consent of the parent or guardian shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided in section 4 hereof.

Section 4. Any person or persons violating the provisions of this ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$5 and not more than \$50 and costs of the prosecution and fine the person shall be placed in a jail of Wood County, for a period not exceeding 30 days, or both such fine and imprisonment, or until such time as the costs and fine are paid.

Section 5. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after the date hereof.

Passed by an affirmative vote by the Common Council this 4th day of February 1919.

Attest: CHAS. E. BRIERE, F. G. GILKEY, Mayor, City Clerk.

Motion duly made, seconded and carried on roll call that the following bills be allowed:

Wood Co. Tel. Co. \$24.89

G. R. Elec. Dept. 47.80

G. R. Elec. Dept. 141.20

G. R. Elec. Dept. 35.00

W. A. Marling Lbr. Co. 11.11

Johnson & Hill Co. 10.80

W. A. Marling Lbr. Co. 12.50

Nokosa P. Company 12.00

G. R. Heating & P. Co. 38.00

Gutschalk & Anderson 1.89

The Bi-Lateral Fire Hose Co. 1350.00

The Daily & Weekly Leader 32.00

Elec. Sales Co. 1.95

Irving Henry 35.68

V. Hilmeyer 1.00

C. R. Bole 21.25

P. C. Gilkey 21.25

W. C. Weisel 2.92

G. R. Tribune 1.50

Wm. Schill 46.75

Rosert Coal Co. 46.75

City Treasurer's Report of the Water Works Dept. for the month of Jan. 1919

Overdraft January 1st. \$12707.83

Orders drawn in January. 5908.91

Collected and deposited in January. 18611.77

January. 10516.06

Overdraft February 1st. \$ 8095.71

Respectfully submitted, LOUIS SCHALL, City Treasurer.

To the honorable mayor and Common Council of the city of Grand Rapids.

Gentlemen:

I herewith submit the report of my office for the month of January as follows:

Taxes collected in January. \$31,293.31

Jan. 20 rec'd of Grand Rapids Water Works 4,760.00

Jan. 26 rec'd of Grand Rapids Electric Co. 2,448.00

Total. \$38,501.31

Overdraft Jan. 1st. \$ 7,631.67

Orders cashed by bank in January. 39,926.60

January. \$47,558.27

Money deposited in Jan. 38,501.31

Overdraft. \$ 9,056.96

Orders outstanding. 790.55

Total overdraft. \$ 9,847.52

Respectfully submitted, LOUIS SCHALL, City Treasurer.

To the honorable mayor and Common Council of the city of Grand Rapids, the following is a semi-annual report of the Grand Rapids Electric Light department and the Water Works: Six months ending December 31, 1918.

Electric Dept. Earnings

Commercial Light earnings. \$17916.87

Municipal Light Earnings. 1146.25

Commercial Power Earnings. 2012.39

Municipal Power Earnings. 2417.32

Coking Power Earnings. 1106.52

Misc. earnings from Operation. 274.31

Total. \$28874.59

Cash discounts. 5101.81

Net gains from supply sales. \$23772.78

Disbursements. \$23933.78

Paid for Current. \$8413.00

Distribution and line maintenance. 658.70

Consumption Expense (St. Lights). 246.91

Commercial expense, (meter reading, etc.). 269.00

General office expense. 1836.76

Undistributed expense. 612.00

Transm. & transformation. 602.39

Total. \$12863.81

LOCAL ITEMS

Ernest Andrew has accepted the position as night clerk at the Hotel Witter.

Miss Anna Bamberg has taken the management of the east side news stand for Wheelan & Kruger.

A marriage license was issued this week to Otto Kuehl and Henrietta Laura Marks, both of this city.

J. B. Taylor, one of the instructors at the agricultural school is recovering from a very severe case of influenza.

C. Landstrum of the town of Sigel favored this office with a pleasant call on Tuesday while in the city on business.

Kenneth McCamley spent several days in Milwaukee last week attending the Wisconsin Retail Hardware Men's Convention.

H. Leloff, the tailor, has moved his tailor shop to the Taylor & Scott building formerly occupied by the Sierck News depot.

Just received a fresh shipment of Moises' box candles at Johnson & Hill Co. grocery department.

Roy Potter, who has been in the aviation service in camp at Hamlet, Tenn. Marks, both of this city.

Ben Smart left on Monday for Milwaukee, where he spent three days attending the state convention of independent telephone companies.

Violins, banjos, madonnas, ukuleles, guitars and string fixtures for same at the Music Shop.

Sylvester Gales of the town of Stevens Point was in the city on business Tuesday and while here favored the Tribune office with a pleasant call.

Bert Wilson of Plainfield met with a horrible accident on Wednesday while cutting ice on Plainfield lake. While assisting in moving the ice machine, he slipped and his right foot came in contact with the power saw, cutting the front half so that it merely hung by skin.

Mike McGowan, Stevens Point man, paid a fine of \$108 in the circuit court over there Saturday following charges of issuing worthless checks and "lewd and lascivious conduct." McGowan it was alleged, lured a girl from Sun Prairie to Stevens Point after issuing the false checks.

The Whiting-Plover Paper company have closed their plant near Stevens Point and are undergoing extensive repairs. The improvements include a new floor in the finishing room, a floor in the beater room and some timbering in the beater section. Work is being rushed and may be completed this week.

Ralph Luther, formerly of this city, but for several years past a resident of Port Atkinson, spent Saturday and Sunday in this city the object being to see Ben Smart. Mr. Luther was formerly agent at the Northwestern depot in this city, but went out of the railroad business several years ago.

Ben Hansen has taken the state agency for the Bog's potato grader, a contrivance for the grading of potatoes to comply with the requirements of the markets in the big cities. Ben has been in the potato business for a good many years, and ought to know what he is talking about when it comes to potatoes, and he says that the new grader is the real thing for the purpose for which it was built. He has secured offices in the Wood block on the east side.

The Tribune acknowledges the receipt of a booklet from F. E. Ward who with Mrs. Ward, is spending the winter at West Palm Beach, Florida. The booklet tells of the advantages to be gained by living down in that part of Florida, and what nice weather they have all the year round, and many other nice things, and one cannot help being impressed with the idea that it must be almost as nice as Wisconsin as a permanent place of abode, if all the things in the booklet are true, and of course they would not put in anything that was not true. Of course we do not raise any tomatoes nor pineapples here during the winter months, and sometimes, that is there have been times when mercury got down to the freezing mark, and even went a little below, but these occasions occur so seldom that it seems hardly necessary to mention the fact.

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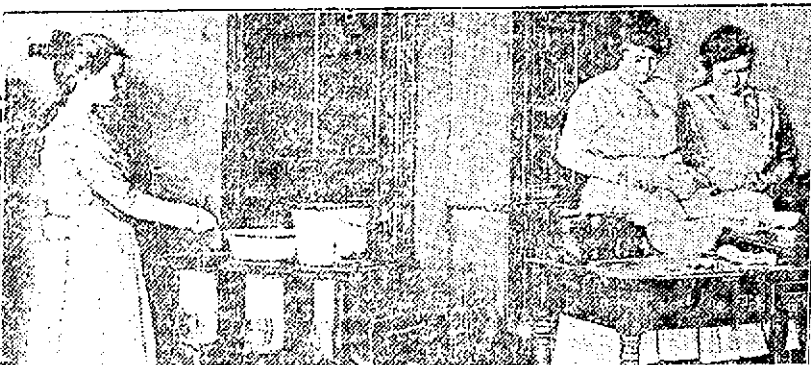
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The Housewife and Her Work

(Special Information Service, United States Department of Agriculture.)
GIVE THE BOYS AND GIRLS A SQUARE MEAL



Big Girls Prepare the Hot Dishes—Whole School Enjoys Them.

HOT LUNCH BIG HELP TO CHILD

Noon Meal for Youth Which Contains No Hot Dish Considered Back Number.

DEMONSTRATION AGENT AIDS

Department of Agriculture Official Planned Easily Prepared Lunches and Taught Teachers How to Cook Simple Foods.

No, you didn't have any hot food at noon when you attended the little red school to which you had been sent over two miles of roads that always seemed muddy, dusty, or waist deep with snow. But wouldn't you have a hot cup of cocoa have doubled your enjoyment of the stoneware lunch?

Hot lunches in rural schools. This is no age of progress, and what was considered good enough by grandfathers is scorned by his grandsons. Those who were in close touch with the educational problem, both in the city and country, realized what a handicap the child labored under who ate the average school lunch. The hot school lunch was, and is, the solution of what to do for many an apparently dull child.

Feeding the country lunch for the school children is a very incidental part of the morning's work for most mothers, and the best of the country lunch is a very simple one. Cold griddle cakes, left from breakfast; soda biscuits, slices of pie, apples and other unsatisfactory items from the bulk of the lunch. These are the things that the child is expected to eat, the teacher of kindergarten at the first try.

Aid of Demonstration Agents. Nearly every school superintendent realized the necessity of changing or supplementing this kind of a lunch, and it was done in many places. The work and life of teachers, who had no training in cooking and some of them couldn't cook at all. Here was where the home demonstration agent's help was found invaluable. In every state in the Union—almost in every county—the home demonstration agent from the department of agriculture, who works in co-operation with the state agricultural colleges, have helped with the school lunch problem. They have planned easily prepared lunches, taught teachers how to cook

simple foods, and when more extensive plans were desired, helped the teacher to organize the families of the children attending her school. The United States department of agriculture has a publication which tells how to make school lunches more attractive and more nutritious. It is Farmers' Bulletin 712, and will be sent on request.

In most schools all that is attempted to serve is hot corn, soup, or creamed dishes. But in some localities the whole lunch is a community affair, one family sending enough food of one kind for all. Many mothers with two or three lunch baskets to pack prefer instead to send a pan of baked beans, two cakes, when this method is followed, the teacher plans so the burden is shared equally. Each family is furnished once a week with a slip telling what is expected from it on each school day. This works out successfully in localities where the community life is strong.

Many ways of distributing the work at the school are used. In some localities each child furnishes its own dishes; in others they are provided by the school. A community adopts the plan best suited to its needs. One of the plans of the home demonstration agent for this coming year is to see that every rural child will have a fair chance to develop into the strong, useful citizen he was intended to be, and they feed the hot lunch is one of the potent factors.

Keep Cloth Looking Like New. To have fabrics, after laundering, possess their original appearance, care must be taken with colored materials that they do not fade, and with white materials that they remain snow white. Aside from this, suggests the department of agriculture, much depends on the staining of cloth. Too much stirring spoils its appearance and too little is quite as bad.

Most housekeepers use starch for stiffening ordinary clothing. Starch keeps the clothes clean longer and also acts as an absorbent for stain, thus saving wear on the fiber by making excess friction in laundering unnecessary. Manufacturers add other substances besides starch to their finished mixture and their practices have been adopted in home laundry work with success.

For instance, borax gives smoothness; paraffin, wax or turpentine give gloss; and alum a certain degree of pliability. The substance used to whiten is bluing, which counteracts the yellow tinge. To use any finishing process successfully the mixture must be carefully worked into the fabric to insure uniform finish. This is done by dipping in and out of the starch and bluing and rubbing well between the hands.

Use the tea that is left over for cleaning the grained woodwork. It is excellent for this purpose, but should be used cold.

THIS YEAR'S HOME DEMONSTRATION PLANS

Leaders in 35 northern and western states have recommended the following projects for immediate work by the home demonstration agents:

1. Continuation of the thrift campaign, the foundation for which was laid in war conservation work. This is especially necessary while prices remain high and wages tend to return to lower levels. It is imperative that the whole nation unite in developing habits of thrift.

2. Home production of food.

3. Increased home conveniences.

4. Marketing of products of home industries.

5. Continuation and extension of food work inaugurated by the food administration with special emphasis on nutrition.

6. Continuation of the work started by the children's bureau so as to emphasize the importance not only of proper feeding, but of right sanitary conditions and care of infants and children.

7. Teaching of home making, the need for which was demonstrated by the influenza epidemic and the shortage of nurses.

8. Improvement of living conditions of women in industry and of families receiving public benefit such as given by the civilian relief of the Red Cross or by the state (mothers' pensions).

9. Development of better housing conditions, as a continuation of the improvement of standards set for laborers in war industries.

10. Work with foreign women in both rural and urban districts to aid in Americanization.

11. Mop and floor cloths knitted of soft string are excellent.

12. Creamed sole is a pretty dish served in green pepper cases.

13. To be wholesome pork must always be thoroughly cooked.

14. Bean stew with little odd bits of meat added is nourishing.

15. Cabbage is nourishing because of the gluten contained therein.

16. Almost all kinds of bottles can be used if kept well cleaned.

17. The feverish patient enjoys cold water mixed with fruit juices.

18. Do not wash a child's face just before going out into the cold.

19. Sour milk is absolutely necessary for good Boston brown bread.

20. Egg stains on table-linen should be soaked out in cold water before washing.

21. Rub brown sugar on a ham before boiling it. The ham will have a delicious flavor.

22. Nuts can be chopped with a biscuit cutter.

23. Rice flour can be used for thickening custards.

24. Sweet potatoes should be bought in small quantities.

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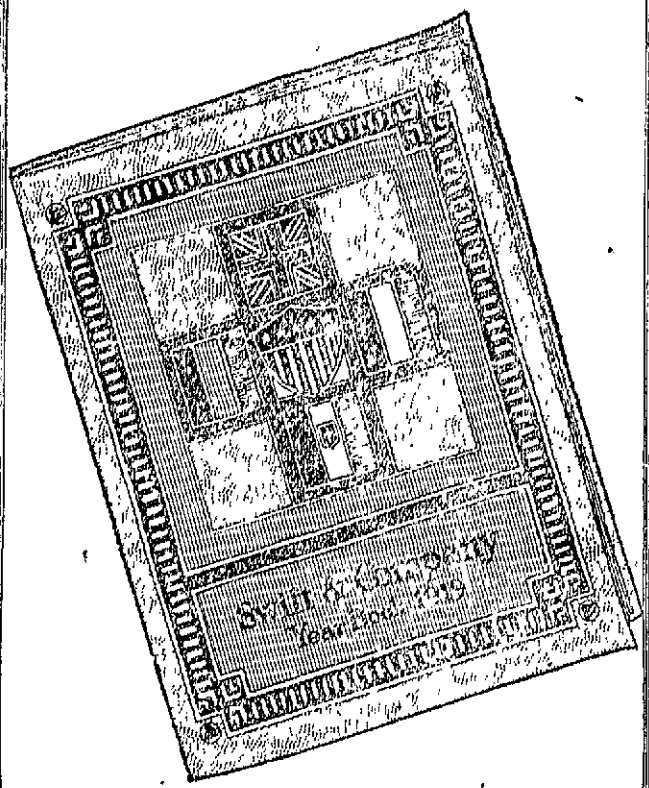
202. Rub brown sugar on a ham before boiling it. The ham will have a delicious flavor.

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205. When snede shoes become shiny rub them with sandpaper.

206. Rub brown sugar on a ham before boiling it. The ham will have a delicious flavor.



Do You Want to Know Both Sides?

Swift & Company's 1919 Year Book, just out, tells you

What Swift & Company's profits were in 1918,

The truth about the Federal Trade Commission's investigation,

Why the prices of butter and eggs are so high,

And many other vital facts.

Whether or not you agree with us after reading this Year Book, you will at least know both sides.

You will find it interesting; Americans like to hear about big things done in a big way.

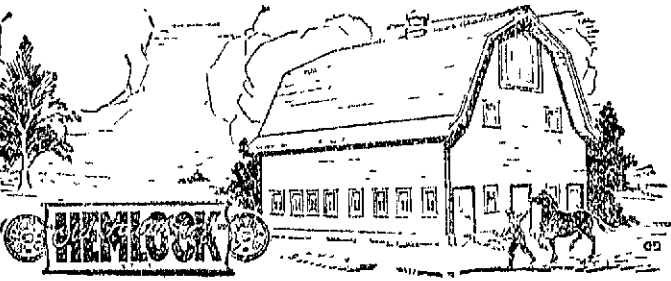
You will also discover that we are merely human beings like yourself, doing in the best possible way a necessary service.

Legislation is pending in Washington; as a good American citizen you want to know both sides of this question. It concerns you, as well as one of the most important industries in the country.

Do not hesitate to send for a copy of this booklet. Your name and address are all we need.

Address Swift & Company
Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Illinois

Swift & Company, U.S.A.



Barn Plans Free WHY?

Why should we give to you free plans for the most modern barns? We do it—and there is no "string" to it.

But of course there's a "WHY." This is it. We feel certain that if you get the fine big working plans published for "Old Faithful" HEMLOCK you will investigate "Old Faithful" HEMLOCK, and if you investigate "Old Faithful" you will surely build your barn of it. You won't have to but you WILL.

"Old Faithful" HEMLOCK Lumber has been a standard for over 200 years—a pretty good test. So send for Book No. 3 and pick out the plan you want.

THE HEMLOCK MANUFACTURERS
(of Wisconsin and Northern Michigan) Offices at Oshkosh, Wisconsin
We spread the word about "Old Faithful" HEMLOCK but we do not sell it. Get it from your LOCAL LUMBER DEALER.

Horses for Sale

At DR. V. P. NORTON'S BARN
West Side Market Square

Will have a car load of horses here about February 21st. These horses are Draft Farm Horses and guaranteed.

Remember these horses are handled by MAX WIRTH of Stevens Point, who has been an established dealer for the past thirty years.

Do not buy before you see these animals.

MAX WIRTH

LOCAL ITEMS

Nomination blanks for sale at the Tribune office.

O. R. Moore is spending a few days in Sturgeon Bay this week with friends.

Mrs. Geo. Moulton departed on Tuesday for an extended visit with her daughter at Chicago.

Jacob Storm, one of the hustling farmers out on route five was a Tribune visitor Wednesday.

Oliver Trudell arrived home on Sunday from Camp Lewis, Wash., having received an honorable discharge.

Albert Emerson of Aldorf called at this office on Wednesday and had his name entered on the Tribune subscription list.

Truce Haggen and Andy Karasboom are spending today at Watouma, driving down this morning and intending to return this afternoon.

Mrs. Nels Johnson received word from her son, Lieut. Don, who is in the aviation department, that he landed in New York on Sunday from France and expected to receive his discharge soon.

Albert Knoll of the town of Grand Rapids was among the business callers at this office on Wednesday.

The town of Sigel lost three of its brave boys during the war just ended. They are Carl Elben Lindstrom, killed in action and Julius Biddle and Gus Bistowicz who died of illness in France.

A number of the friends of Miss Maymo Henry met her on Wednesday evening and the result was a very pleasant evening for all concerned. Miss Henry left this morning for Minneapolis, where she has been employed for some time.

Miss Alma Friday arrived in this city on Monday for a few days visit with relatives and friends while en route from Chicago where she had been purchasing her spring line of millinery to St. Cloud, Minn., where she owns and operates a millinery store.

VALENTINE PARTY

The Girls' Glee Club Operetta on Friday and Saturday nights will be a big Valentine party for you and your friends. Bring mother, dad and all the children to see cupid and his valentines, funny Jack and Jill, the handsome Prince Charming and his charming sweetheart. Every song and dance is planned especially to entertain.

The co-operation of the Art, Domestic Science and Manual Training departments has been greatly appreciated by the girls and Miss Bradford and Miss Schwarzkoff have made posters, designed costumes and planned the party. Miss Jackson, Miss Pontaine, Miss Broome and Miss Daly have helped to make all the costumes and hats. Miss Wellman has assisted with dances, and Miss Ramsted with the accompaniments. Mr. Gahl and Mr. Middlecamp have given able assistance as stage carpenters. To all of these, the Glee Club as a whole wishes to express their thanks.

The eighty members of the high school girls' glee club have been working hard and faithfully to prepare their costumes and songs. "Charming" for its public performance at Daly's Theatre on Friday and Saturday nights. During the year at the Thursday rehearsals the average attendance has been 70 girls and 10 or 15 girls are on the waiting list of those who wish to join, when there is an opening for new members.

WIRE AT THE ROAD SCHOOL

P. F. Mengel, W. H. Drath and M. F. Burr of the highway engineering office of this city, were all in Madison last week where they attended the annual road school. They report having had a first class meeting, one of the largest and best that has ever been held in the state, there being about 650 present. Mr. Mengel of this city had an interesting paper before the meeting, he taking as his subject "How to Get Clean Cut Grading Jobs." An audience of 150 men made to the local engineering office in the person of N. M. Isabehn, who will be stationing this city and he one of the assistants to Mr. Mengel.

RUDOLPH

About thirty couples attended the masquerade at Hunsch's hall Friday night, the cold weather and an abundance of flu among the people of this vicinity keeping the attendance down considerably. The prizes were awarded to:

Stella Huss, best lady.

William Hass, best gentleman.

Mrs. K. J. Maroon, best comic lady.

Raymond Yangle of Dakota, Illinois best comic gent.

The music was furnished by Speltz brothers orchestra and was up to their usual standard.

Mrs. H. F. Rutledge has returned from a weeks visit with relatives at Greenwood.

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATION

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an open competitive examination for railway mail clerk, for both men and women on March 15, 1919, at various places in Wisconsin and other states. Among the qualifications necessary for this examination are the following:

Applicants must have reached their eighteenth but not thirty-fifth birthday on the date of the examination, and must be free from physical defects.

Male applicants must measure at least 5 feet in height, without boots or shoes, and will not be eligible for appointment unless they weigh at least 130 pounds in ordinary clothing without overcoat or hat.

Female applicants must measure 5 feet 2 inches in height, without boots or shoes, and will not be eligible for appointment unless they weigh at least 110 pounds in ordinary clothing, without overcoat or hat.

It is contemplated that the appointment of women will be terminal railway post offices in the following cities, in limited numbers only:

Birmingham, Ala.; Little Rock and Texarkana, Ark.; Los Angeles and Sacramento, Cal.; Denver, Colo.; Washington, D. C.; Atlanta, Ga.; Chicago, Ill.; Council Bluffs and Sioux City, Iowa; Wichita, Kans.; Boston and Springfield, Mass.; Detroit, Mich.; Minneapolis, and St. Paul, Minn.; Kansas City, St. Joseph and St. Louis, Mo.; Omaha, Neb. (Durlington Terminal); Hoboken, N. J.; Jersey City, N. J.; Albany, Buffalo, New York and Utica, N. Y.; Cincinnati and Cleveland, Ohio; Harrisburg, Philadelphia, and Pittsburgh, Pa.; Chattanooga and Nashville, Tenn.; Fort Worth and Houston, Tex.; Ogden, Utah; Spokane, Wash., and Milwaukee, Wis. Anybody in this locality who wishes to take the examination may secure application blanks from the local postoffice. The cities in Wisconsin in which examinations will be held are as follows: Appleton, Ashland, Chippewa Falls, Eau Claire, Kaukauna, Ladysburg, Janesville, LaCrosse, Madison, Marinette, Milwaukee, Oshkosh, Racine, Superior, Waukesha and Wausau.

FINALLY GOT THE MILK

A story that is told on Leo A. Borchardt, a Stevens Point boy, who served with the A. E. F. in France, demonstrates that the boy from the dairy states know what to do when they want to say milk in the sign language. Here's what Borchardt did:

When the brigade headquarters detachment landed in France, the men rushed to the restaurants, but soon found themselves in trouble, as they could not talk French and the waitresses could not understand English. The party Borchardt was with procured coffee, bread and butter but could not make the young woman understand that they wanted milk. Finally Borchardt closed his fists, stuck out his thumbs, held them at his forehead to represent horns and mooed like a cow. Then he went through the motion of milking. "Woo-woo," answered the waitress and scampored away for milk.

"GUN SETTER" ARRESTED

Oscar Crawford, who resides near Boulder Junction, in the northern part of the state, was arrested recently on the charge of having placed two set guns in the woods near his home. The arrests were made by Game warden Wardens Givitt of Rhinelander and Weaver of Woodruff, who luckily discovered the guns without firing them. The pieces were heavily loaded with slugs and it was evident that they had been placed there with the intention of killing deer. Crawford being one of the closest residents, suspicion pointed toward him. When accused he readily admitted his guilt. The family being in very poor circumstances the man was allowed to plead guilty to a less serious charge and fined.

Scandinavian Moravian Church
9:30 A. M. Sunday school.
10:30 A. M. English preaching service every Sunday but the first in the month when the Norwegian language is used.

8:00 P. M. evening worship
Sunday, Feb. 10th service in the Saratoga Union church at 3 P. M.

MARKET REPORT

Potatoes, stray beauties, cwt. \$1.00
Spring Roosters 20c
Hens 22c
Osses 32c
Eggs 32c
Beef 15-16c
Hides 12-13c
Pork, dressed 18-20c
Veal 16-17c
Butter 36-42c
Lard, Thatchy 42-45c
Rye 90c
Buckwheat, per cwt. \$1.00
Wheat Flour \$11.60
Oats 52c
Rye Flour \$10.50

New Spring Petticoats

Guaranteed Silk Petticoats

Never heard of guaranteed Silk Petticoats before, but we have such a line now, in Taffetas, Satins and Knit Silks at remarkably low prices ranging from:

2:75 up to 12:50

Among these are very pretty novelties one of a kind so we advise you to choose early. Pantaloons Flesh Color Silk

75c to 3.75

Clearing Sale Offerings

All Light and Dark Galicos per yard 15c
Apron Gingham at 22 and 19c
Short Ends Silkaline and Comforter Voiles 32c Value per yard 19c.

DRESS GOODS CLEARANCE, REMNANTS OF:

Dress Goods, Silks, Voiles, Gingham, Curtain Goods etc., Muslin, Etc., Ready to Wear Clearance on Furs, Coats, Suits, Dresses, Skirts, clearance of Underwear, Hose and Socks.

Our Spring Dress and Ski-tint Silks are ready for you.

W. C. Weisel

BIRTHS

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Myron Neiman of the town of Rudolph on Feb. 7th.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Lassa have rented their farm in the town of Sigel to John Lassa, and departed the past week for Chicago to reside.

THE

New Meat Market

Cor. 2nd and Vine Sts

Opposite Wood Co. Nat'l. Bank

SPECIALS FOR

FEB. 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, 1919

BEEF

Choice Tender Sirloin Steak 25c
Choice Tender Porter House Steak 25c
Choice Tender Round Steak 25c
Boiling Beef 15c
Hamburger 20c
Choice Boneless Roast Beef 25c
Beef Stew 20c

PORK

Choice Pork Roast 25c
Pork Chops 25c
Pork Steak 25c
Pork Spare Ribs 15c
Fresh Side Pork 15c
Fresh Back Bones 8c
Fresh Pigs Feet 8c
Fresh Hog Liver 6c
Ham Pork Roast 27c
Ham Pork 24c
Pork Rib Roast 15c
Pork Pig Tails 10c
Plate Sausage, all Pork 22c

VEAL

Choice Leg Veal Roast 25c
Choice Loins Veal Roast 25c
Choice Shoulder Veal Roast 20c
Veal Chops 25c
Veal Stew 15c
Veal Cutlets 25c

CHOICE LAMB

Hamquarter Lamb 25c
Short Leg Lamb 25c
Choice Shoulder Lamb 20c
Lamb Spare Ribs 15c
Lamb Chops 25c

SMOKED AND SALED MEATS

No. 1 Hams 35c
No. 1 Picnic Hams 25c
Very Good Bacon Loins 30c
Salt Pork 25c
Lean Salt Pork 25c
Salt Spareribs 15c

SAUSAGE

Home Made Bologna Sausage 15c
Home Made Liver Sausage 15c
Frankforts 20c
Head Cheese 15c
Smoked Liver Sausage 25c
Summer Sausage 25c
Mince Ham 20c

HOME RENDERED LARD

Fresh Leaf Lard 23 1/2c
No. 3 pails Home made Lard 80c
No. 5 pails Home made Lard \$1.35
No. 10 pails Home made Lard \$2.70
Nut Butter 32c
Oleomargarine 1 pound print 30c
Oleomargarine 2 pound print 60c
Oleomargarine 5 lb. print \$1.15

JOHNSON & HILL CO.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

GROCERY DEPARTMENT

Business, with us, is the best we have ever had. THERE IS A REASON! Our prices are the lowest—the quality of our goods are the best for the money. Our service is good. Then why shouldn't we do a large business?

Some of Our Snaps:

SAVE ON CANNED MILK
By buying it here. This milk is guaranteed as good as any on the market

Libby's tall cans, lot No. 3 per can 12 1/2c
Hebe tall can, lot No. 3 per can 11c
If you have a large family, buy it by the case. If you don't want a case get it by the dozen. Get it now before the price advances.

OUR BIG CLEAN UP SALE

On Richeleau brand and Curtice Bros. brand of canned goods is still in force at 12 1/2% per cent on the dollar off.
Van Camp's No. 2 size Pork and Beans per can 16c
Hub City No. 3 size Pork and Beans per can 14c
1 lot No. 2 canned Peas per can 14c
1 lot No. 2 canned Corn per can 14c
1 lot pink Salmon, per 1 pound can 19c
1 lot rich red Alaska Salmon, 1 pound can 30c
Sardines in oil per can, 9c 3 cans for 25c
Sardines imported in olive oil per can 20c
Sauer kraut No. 3 can per can 16c
Mince Meat, bulk per pound 8c

BEECHNUT PEANUT BUTTER, 35c jars, our price. 25c
Butter color, Dandelion, never so cheap again, 25c bottle 14c
Get enough to last you for some time

SOAP PRICES

Get your soap at these figures

7c bars Classic soap 5c
7c bars Electric Spark soap 5 1/2c
7c bars Bob White Soap 6c
7c bars Sunny Monday Soap 6c
7c bars Grandma's White Laundry 6c
7c package Washing Powder 4c
7c bar Scouring Soap 4c
15c package Lux, per package 10c
12c package Ivory Flakes 8c
1 lot Bon Ami, per cake 6 1/2c
50c package 20 Mule Team Soap Chips 34c
15c package 20 Mule Team Soap Chips 10c
18c package 20 Mule Team Borax 11c
1 lot canned Lye per can 6 1/2c

STOVE POLISH

Vulconal Stove Polish, 10c size 6 1/2c
Rising Sun Stove Polish 10c size 6c
E-Z Stove Polish 10c size 6 1/2c
12c cans Lye, a special lot at 6 1/2c

Our Big Winter Clearance Sale

Started with a rush last Friday. Our store has been filled with thrifty buyers who were quick to take advantage of these money saving opportunities. It will pay you well to come to our store to attend this sale. THE SAVINGS YOU CAN MAKE WILL SURPRISE YOU. Many shrewd buyers have already attended this sale and were well pleased with their savings. If you will attend it, you will also be well pleased. Read carefully every sale item in our bills and advertisements distributed last week. THEY SHOULD INTEREST YOU!

Special Blanket Value at \$3.75

Genuine Nashua Cotton Bed Blankets, size 72x84 in., good and large, a heavy blanket weighing 4 1-4 lbs., colors grey or tan with fancy border. Regular price of this blanket is \$4.95. We have priced it specially during the Winter Clearance Sale at only **\$3.75**

If you cannot come to our store, send your MAIL ORDERS and you will SAVE TIME and MONEY.

JOHNSON & HILL CO.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

JOHNSON & HILL CO.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

TOILET SOAP

Palm-Olive Soap per bar 11c
Kirk's Jap Rose Soap per bar 11c
Rice, a good lot at per pound 8c
Calumet Baking Powder 30c cans our price 19c
Royal Baking Powder, 45c cans 30c
Royal Baking Powder, 25c cans 16c
Dill Pickles per dozen 12c
Sour Pickles per dozen 9c
10c Bottle Pickles 7c
35c Jars Libby's Dried Beef 25c
45c bottles Durkes Salad Dressing 31c
25c bottle Durkes Salad Dressing 17c
Jello and Tryphosa per package 9c
Corn Flakes per package 12c
Puffed Rice per package 12c
Puffed Wheat per package 12c
Shredded Wheat per package 13c
25c Postum Cereal per package 19c
Post Toasties, large, special lot 13c
Post Toasties, large regular 18c
Post Toasties, small regular 12c
Grape Nuts per package 11c
Dr. Price's Corn Flakes per package 11c
National Rolled Oats per package 22c
Arm & Hammer Saleratus, 1 lb. package No. 1 per pkg. 5c
Arm & Hammer Saleratus 1 lb. packages, lot No. 2 pkg. 4c
Arm & Hammer Saleratus, 1 lb. package lot No. 3, per pkg. 3c
1 lot of Gum, 2 packages for 5c

SMOKING TOBACCO

Standard 16 oz. package 42c
Standard 8 oz. package 21c
35c package Nigger Hair Tobacco 29c
30 package P. S. or Badger Tobacco 21c
15c package P. S. or Badger Tobacco 12c
15c tins Velvet, Tuxedo and Prince Albert 12 1/2c
All 7c packages of Smoking Tobacco 6c
Sugar 100 lbs. \$9.88 10 lbs. \$1.00 5 lbs. 52c
We give 2% on all cash purchases in this store. Makes sugar cost \$9.67 for cash.

FLOUR! FLOUR!

Get our special prices on Flour and Feeds

EXTRA SPECIAL

Only 100 grape pattern cut bottoms, 1/2 gallon glass water pitchers, specially priced at each 59c
100 grape pattern cut bottoms, 2 quart glass berry dishes at only 49c
Only 100 of each, first come, first served

JOHNSON & HILL COMPANY

The Store that saves you time, trouble and money

Keeps PERUNA In the House All the time

Breaks up a Cold. Good for Bronchial Inflammations.

Those who object to liquid medicines can secure Peruna Tablets

Mr. Robert McDougall, R. R. No. 6, Liberty, Indiana, writes:

"I wish to state that I always keep Peruna in the house. I think it is a good medicine to have on hand. I commenced taking a cold, I take Peruna and it breaks it up for me. It is also good for the Bronchial Tubes."

Peruna has served the American people for over thirty years. Those who know its value always have it at hand. Why not you?

Exclusive Privilege.

"The man is an old resident of this town," said the visitor. "How can you tell?"

"By the freedom with which he cracks local institutions and his indignation if a stranger tries to help him knock."

She Was Prepared.

A Surgeon examined herself during the time when the order came to set the clock back. "They can't fool me," she said. "I never set mine ahead."

Charity consists of gifts. Probably but is why a girl thinks it charitable to give her rivals an away.

What the average man needs is a razor for his conversation.

Look out for Spanish Influenza.

At the first sign of a cold take

CASCARA QUININE

Standard cold remedy for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiate—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine bottle has a Red top with Mr. Bill's picture. At All Drug Stores.

Many School Children are Sick.

MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN

Pleasant to take and give satisfaction. A certain Relief for Feverishness, Constipation, Headache, Teething and Stomach Disorders and remove Worms. They tend to break up a cold in 24 hours, act on the Stomach, Liver and Bowels and correct intestinal disorders. Over 10,000 testimonials of relief.

Read a few extracts from the hundreds of unsolicited letters we receive every year, the originals of which are on file in our offices:

"I received a sample of MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN some time ago. I tried them on my little three-year-old girl who was very puny, and she is picking up wonderfully."

"I received a sample of MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN some time ago. I tried them on my little three-year-old girl who was very puny, and she is picking up wonderfully."

Acid-Stomach Ruins Health of Millions

Positives those painful attacks of indigestion; that awful bloated, lumpy feeling after eating and, downright stomach misery that you have experienced it more so well; besides, indigestion, belching, gas, constipation, sour stomach and distressing heartburn—besides all this, ACID-STOMACH undermines the health and saps the strength of millions.

If you don't get rid of those stomach miseries there is no telling where your stomach troubles will end, for it is a well known scientific fact that many serious ailments have their start in an acid-stomach.

Start now—this very day—to get rid of your stomach miseries. Take EATONIC—the wonderful remedy that absorbs the excess acid from the stomach and relieves INFLAMMATION. You simply have no idea how much better, stronger and brighter you feel at once. It drives out all the gas and acid, puts an immediate stop to belching and heartburn, ends stomach suffering and makes it cool, sweet, comfortable and strong.

There can be no further excuse for you to allow acid-stomach to wreck your health—put up with misery upon misery until you get to the point where you feel down and out and that life has lost all its joys. Remember, just as acid-stomach ruins teeth, so acid-stomach ruins health.

Take EATONIC. It's good, just like a bit of candy and makes the stomach feel fine. You can then eat the things you like and, what is more, you will find that you eat with more power and energy. You'll feel so much better—have punch and pep—and will be able to do things and get results, and your stomach misery will be gone.

Take our advice. Get a big box of EATONIC from your druggist today. It costs so little. If it fails to remove your stomach distress, he will refund your money. That is guaranteed. You are to be satisfied or money refunded.

EATONIC

For Retained Afterbirth

When a new baby is born, the placenta should be expelled within 24 hours. A retained afterbirth is a dangerous condition. It is a common cause of hemorrhage and infection. It is a condition that can be prevented by the use of EATONIC.

General Laboratories

301 S. Jackson St., Madison, Wis., U.S.A.

Don't Kill Your Cattle by Drenching

LAXATONIC

PISO'S

VILLAGE LIFE FOR CITY DWELLERS

"Social Unit" Experiment in Cincinnati Has Been So Successful That It May Be Generally Adopted.

AN THE advantages of village life restored to the city? Can city dwellers have the friendly and neighborly feeling which marks the relations between men and women in the small town, where no one can be ill, or out of work, without receiving neighborly assistance? Can we find for the cities something to take the place of the town meeting, where all the population gathers together to discuss common problems and government is interpreted in terms of community service, instead of being housed in some remote city hall?

The "Social Unit," newest experiment in applied democracy, believes that these advantages can be restored to cities, and in a section of Cincinnati is attempting to prove that they can. So successful has this experiment been, in the few months during which it has been tried, that people all over the country are beginning to watch it, and to talk about it, and influential men and women are even saying that the "Social Unit" has the biggest reconstruction program to offer America which has yet been formulated.

The little Cincinnati district, which is trying to re-establish the sort of neighborliness which exists in small towns, has the most distinguished of visitors, men on reconstruction missions from the European countries, medical organizers and social service workers. For instance, Dr. Rene Sand of the University of Brussels was recently sent to this country to study methods for re-establishing and reorganizing Belgium. He visited Cincinnati and said of the Social Unit: "I shall carry back to my people no more constructive suggestions than those which I have gotten from the Social Unit."

This Social Unit district of Cincinnati, has acquired fame because the people are trying to be helpful each to the other and have gone to work to effect an organization which would make it possible for every one to be of service.

Neighborhood in the Village.

In the small village it is impossible for anyone to be sick or be reared or out of employment without the folks of the village knowing about it and wanting to do something about it. A death or a contagious disease affects the entire village and the only people who go unheeded are those who rebuff kindness or who wear it out. But in the crowded city people get away from this neighborliness, and seem to care nothing about the folks around them. Babies die because the mothers do not know how to care for them. Many people who have consumption and other diseases live with small children around them, exposing them to sickness. Many invalids spend months at home, alone and unattended. All this is not because the people of the city are not as kind hearted and as willing to be helpful, but because the city is too large for every one to know every one else, and many people live near each other for years without knowing even each other's names.

The Social Unit organization has divided the district of 15,000 people in which it is working into thirty-one small blocks of about 500 people each. The plan is to make each of these blocks a village where folks will become to know one another and to be interested in having their neighbors happy and contented. In a country village there is usually some one woman who is a sort of village mother to whom folks go in times of trouble, who knows every one and is always busy getting people to help those in need. Taking her as an example, the Social Unit organization has found in each tiny block village a woman who serves as a "block mother," who knows when anyone needs help of any kind and sees that help is given by the right agency. This worker is chosen by the people of her block and is paid enough so that she will be enabled to employ someone to do part of her housework during the times that she is "mothering" her block. The thirty-one block workers, together, form what is called the Citizens' Council. The work of this Citizens' Council is to learn what the needs of every part of the district are and to see that plans are worked out for meeting these needs. In doing this it uses the knowledge of the different skilled groups in the community.

Use People With Expert Knowledge.

In every community there are certain groups, each of which knows more about one particular thing than any other group. For example, the doctors know more about the prevention of disease than anyone else, the teachers know more about educating children, the plumbers about plumbing, the business men about business, and so on.

The Social Unit has organized people with special skill for the good of the community as a whole. The doctors are the board of health of the district; the employers and trade unionists are the industrial experts; the social workers are the department of public welfare; the teachers the board of education, and so on. When the Citizens' Council, or the "block representatives" discover a health need in the district it puts the problem up to the doctor group. From that time on the doctors are responsible for finding a solution for the problem and for submitting the plan they devise to the Citizens' Council. If

the block workers in the Citizens' Council should find that there are many men out of work in the various blocks, the business and labor groups would be held responsible for the working out of some plan to meet the problem. In this way, everyone in the Social Unit district is enabled to work for the whole community at the same time that he is working for himself. Everyone is a part of the big force for good in the community. Slowly, one by one, each occupation is being organized and will have an executive in charge. The committee made up of the executives of all the occupational groups is called the Occupational Council of the Social Unit. The Occupational Council and the Citizens' Council acting together are the means by which the community governs itself.

Children Given Medical Attention.

When the doctors and nurses of the Social Unit district were organized they found that there were many babies dying every year quite unnecessarily, either because little diseases which they contracted were not taken in time, or because their mothers were not properly educated in caring for them. The doctors asked the Citizens' Council to go into their blocks and find out how many children under six years of age there were. They found that there were 1,170. The doctors decided to give each of these children a complete medical examination, and the "block work-

ers" went back to their blocks and told the mothers and fathers that the district physicians would examine their children and tell them if there was anything wrong and how it could be remedied. One thousand and forty-three of the children were brought to the district health station. Hundreds of defects were discovered and remedied. Classes were organized for the mothers; the district nurses went into the homes to follow up the children who had been examined and see that the parents were giving them the right care.

When the epidemic of influenza broke out, everyone knew that somewhere in his or her block, within calling distance, was a woman who would exert the utmost effort to see that those who were ill got help. The doctors and nurses were mobilized through the district headquarters, so that cases could be cared for in the shortest possible time. There was hardly a case in the district which was not reported, and when the epidemic was over it was found that the death rate in this district had been a third lower than in the rest of the city.

Census Is Taken.

A little while ago the people of this district decided that they could not work out their problems as they should unless they knew more about each other, so they decided to take a census of themselves and their families. They went out who they lived and what countries they came from, how many rooms they lived in and what they did for a living. "Uplift" organizations have taken census of this kind before, but probably never before has a district voted through its block representatives and its skilled groups to make a study of its own life and present that study to the world. The people were willing to make it, because they were doing it themselves, and because they knew that if they found housing conditions and other things that were bad, an organization which could remedy them. If they found children and young people without opportunities for healthful, happy play they could see that such a condition did not continue.

Secret of a Successful Community.

The men and women who are backing the Social Unit experiment—for the Cincinnati district is really a laboratory for social experimentation, and hundreds of men and women of vision are interested in it—believe that the secret of a successful community organization lies in making everyone feel that he is important. It is hard to feel that you are important, and that what you do counts for good or ill, in a city of half a million or more. But in a city block, which is really a little village, with its own council, its own "block worker," its own program of health, recreation and civic endeavor, every man, woman and child is important. If they fail to do their part they can see immediately the effect upon the life of their little community. If they work in the interests of their little community they can see the good effects as well. And this, after all, is the advantage which the village has over the city. People don't get lost in the village as they do in the city. And no one can "get lost" in the Social Unit.

A FAUX PAS.

"You made a bad break just now when you remarked that congressional humor was dry stuff," marked that congressman in the party looked "I noticed one gentleman in the party looked hurt. What was wrong?"

"The person you speak of is a professional writer of anecdotes. I understand he does a brisk business with congressmen."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

WEARING IS RIGHT.

"Doesn't your wife find the demands of the social whirl very wearing?" asked the inquisitive man of the husband of a society butterfly.

"Wearing, well, I should say they are wearing," commented the poor husband as he remembered half a dozen dressmakers' bills in his pocket.

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Raw Recruit (late of the criminal bar)—I say, old top, do you believe in corporal punishments in the army?

Seasoned Soldier—Now, the corporals ain't a had set, but these dern sergeants ought to have sample' comin' to 'em.

HE EXPLAINS.

"Are you down on matrimony?"

"Not at all," said the old bachelor. "Matrimony is well enough."

"And I believe in letting well enough alone," said Louisville Courier-Journal.

Island Population.

The twenty-eight inhabited islands known as the Gilbert and Ellice islands, protectorate, or Pacific islands, are scattered over a tract of ocean extending 1,100 miles from east to west, and 800 miles from north to south, giving an area of close to 1,000,000 square miles. At the last census the total population comprised 30,523 natives, 301 Asiatics and 297 Europeans.

Alt cavities will be sealed by a cle-

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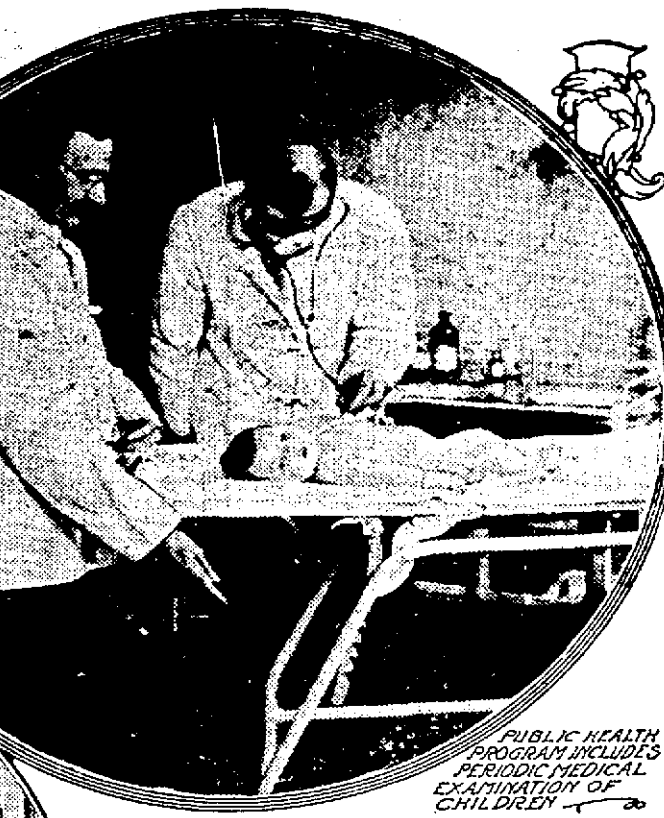
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Stranger (looking at the taximeter)—Nine dollars and fifty cents! I told you I wanted to come in the most direct way, and a think you've been driving me roundabout!

Cobby—Roundabout, eh? You ought to have hired an airplane! He said



PUBLIC HEALTH PROGRAM INCLUDES PERIODIC MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS OF CHILDREN

ers" went back to their blocks and told the mothers and fathers that the district physicians would examine their children and tell them if there was anything wrong and how it could be remedied. One thousand and forty-three of the children were brought to the district health station. Hundreds of defects were discovered and remedied. Classes were organized for the mothers; the district nurses went into the homes to follow up the children who had been examined and see that the parents were giving them the right care.

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YOUR CHANCE HERE

Unbounded Prosperity Ahead of Western Canada.

Opportunity Beckons Settlers of All Kinds—"With the Golden Wake That Marked the Way the Happy Reapers Went"—James Whitcomb Riley.

The war having been brought to a favorable conclusion more attention can now be given to the agricultural and industrial development of Western Canada, which were checked by the untimely times of the past four years. Now that these are over, the proper development of the country will be continued.

True, much agricultural progress has been made during this time. Crop production has been greatly increased, the number of live stock has been increased, and with each succeeding year the drying and wool industries have become more important. But despite this forward march, many phases of development have been held in check. The activities of farmers, too, have been greatly hampered by shortage of labor, and, under the circumstances, what they have achieved can only be described as marvelous.

Excepting those industries closely allied to agriculture, such as butter and cheese manufacture, industrial activity in the Prairie Provinces has been almost at a standstill. And even in these branches extensions have been strictly limited to those of urgent necessity. Building has been considerably curtailed, especially in the towns and cities, though some new houses and modern dwellings, barns and other buildings have been erected by farmers in the country. Indeed, the amount of building farmers have done is one of the outward signs of their prosperity; but considerably more of it would have been done had not the more important work of crop production been so hampered.

With more help available, and the use of the labor-saving devices that have been adopted during the last few years great advances in the agricultural development of Western Canada might be looked for even if no new settlers were expected, but the coming of thousands of prospective settlers who have hitherto been deterred only by the unsettled conditions from making their homes in this last great West will give a considerable impetus to every phase of agriculture in these Prairie Provinces.

Hand in hand with the development of agriculture there will be a renewal of industrial activity. For the establishment of such industries as sugar refineries, canneries, and many other industries for the utilization of the products of the land, as well as for the extension of the already important industries of butter and cheese manufacture, are splendid opportunities. Mining, lumbering, quarrying, the manufacture of clay products are also a few industries capable of considerable growth, and to which great attention can now be devoted.

To provide accommodation for present business requirements alone would keep the building trade busy for a long time, but with further development in the cities it is impossible to foresee any slackness in any branch of this trade. And the number of farmers whose needs have outgrown their present accommodation and who have to the future depend on being placed in their buildings by larger and more modern ones is considerable and constantly increasing. Meanwhile work will be gradually resumed and the railways have much work in contemplation.

All this points to a period of most prosperity in Western Canada, material and industrial prosperity. The former is the more important, for on it the latter depends. Being generally an agricultural country, Western Canada will probably pass through the reconstruction period with little difficulty.

There is no reason to believe that farming will be less remunerative than it has been in the past; there are, on the other hand, many good and sound reasons for believing that the returns will be as large as ever. The rich, rolling, intelligent farming on the fertile prairies of Western Canada, as well as the stock raising, is as profitable as it does the smallest possible capital outlay compared with that required to get a start in older settled countries, will continue to be one of the quickest and surest ways to independence that can be followed by the average man. Advertisement.

There is often a black eye in a minute—if it is applied to the wrong man.

Weekly Health Talks

The Many Mysteries of Nature

BY L. W. BOWER, M. D.

You can take an onion seed and a penny seed, and plant them side by side in the same spot of ground. In one case, you get an onion, and in the other case, you get a penny. The onion seed is a mystery of nature, and the penny seed is a mystery of nature.

Send for Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. This medicine is made of vegetable growths that nature surely intended for backbone, headache, weakness, dizziness, bearing-down pains, nervous irritability, pelvic inflammations, and for the many disorders common to women in all ages of life. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is made of lady's slipper, black cohosh root, corn root, blue cohosh root, and Oregon grape root. Women who take this standard remedy know that in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription they are getting a safe woman's tonic and a good drug.

Favorite Prescription should have the full confidence of every woman in America, because it contains no alcohol and no narcotic. Dr. Pierce knew, when he first made this standard medicine, that whiskey and morphine are injurious, and so he has always kept them out of his formula. Send for Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is the only safe woman's tonic and a good drug.

W. N. U., MILWAUKEE, NO. 6-1018.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature

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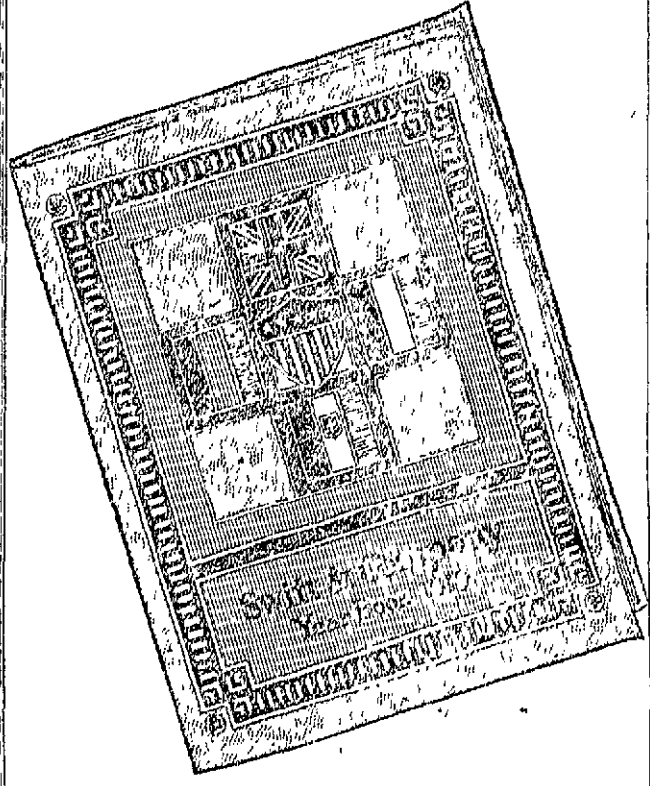
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For Over Thirty Years

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Do You Want to Know Both Sides?

Swift & Company's 1919 Year Book, just out, tells you

What Swift & Company's profits were in 1918,
The truth about the Federal Trade Commission's investigation,
Why the prices of butter and eggs are so high,
And many other vital facts.

Whether or not you agree with us after reading this Year Book, you will at least know both sides.

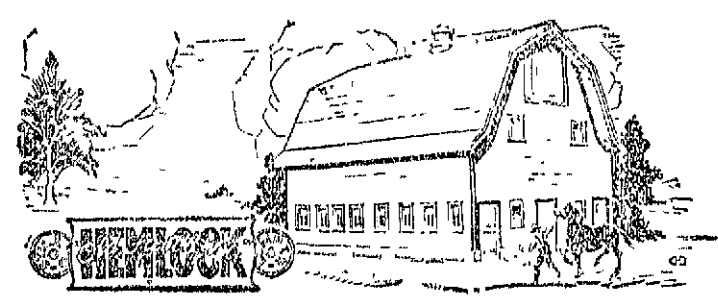
You will find it interesting; Americans like to hear about big things done in a big way. You will also discover that we are merely human beings like yourself, doing in the best possible way a necessary service.

Legislation is pending in Washington; as a good American citizen you want to know both sides of this question. It concerns you, as well as one of the most important industries in the country.

Do not hesitate to send for a copy of this booklet. Your name and address are all we need.

Address Swift & Company
Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Illinois

Swift & Company, U.S.A.



Barn Plans Free WHY?

Why should we give to you free plans for the most modern barns? We do it—and there is no "string" to it.

But of course there's a "WHY." This is it. We feel certain that if you get the fine big working plans published for "Old Faithful" HEMLOCK you will investigate "Old Faithful" HEMLOCK, and if you investigate "Old Faithful" you will surely build your barn of it. You won't have to but you WILL.

"Old Faithful" HEMLOCK Lumber has been a standard for over 200 years—a pretty good test. So send for Book No. 3 and pick out the plan you want.

THE HEMLOCK MANUFACTURERS
(of Wisconsin and Northern Michigan) Offices at Oshkosh, Wisconsin
We open all this good news about "Old Faithful" HEMLOCK to you
We do not sell it. Get it from your LOCAL LUMBER DEALER.

Horses for Sale

At DR. V. P. NORTON'S BARN
West Side Market Square

Will have a car load of horses here about February 21st. These horses are Draft Farm Horses and guaranteed.

Remember these horses are handled by MAX WIRTH of Stevens Point, who has been an established dealer for the past thirty years.

Do not buy before you see these animals.

MAX WIRTH

LOCAL ITEMS

Nominations blanks for sale at the Tribune office.
O. R. Moore is spending a few days in Sturgeon Bay this week with friends.

Miss Geo. Moulton departed on Tuesday for an extended visit with her daughter at Chicago.

Jacob Stiernot, one of the hustling tarriers out on route five was a Tribune visitor Wednesday.

Oliver Trudell arrived home on Sunday from Camp Lewis, Wash., having received an honorable discharge.

Albert Emerson of Aldorf called at this office on Wednesday and had his name entered on the Tribune subscription list.

Fred Ragan and Andy Karsboom are spending today at Wautoma, driving down this morning and intending to return this afternoon.

Miss Nels Johnson received word from her son, Leola, Don, who is in the aviation department, that he landed in New York on Sunday from France and expected to receive his discharge soon.

Albert Knoll of the town of Grand Rapids was among the business callers at this office on Wednesday.

The town of Sigel lost three of its brave boys during the war just ended. They are Carl Elben Lindstrom, killed in action and Julius Hauke and Gus Brostowicz who died of illness in France.

A number of the friends of Miss Mayne Henry surprised her on Wednesday evening and the result was a very pleasant evening for all concerned. Miss Henry left this morning for Minneapolis, where she has been employed for some time.

Miss Alma Friday arrived in this city on Monday for a few days visit with relatives and friends while en route from Chicago where she had been purchasing her spring line of millinery to St. Cloud, Minn., where she owns and operates a millinery store.

VALENTINE PARTY

The Girls' Glee Club Operetta on Friday and Saturday nights will be a big Valentine party for you and your friends. Bring mother, dad and all the children to see cupid and his valentines, funny Jack and Jill, the handsome Prince Charming and his charming sweetheart. Every song and dance is planned especially to entertain YOU.

The co-operation of the Art, Domestic Science and Manual Training departments has been greatly appreciated by the girls and Miss Bradford and Miss Schwartzkopf have made posters, designed costumes and planned color schemes. Miss Jackson, Miss Pontaine, Miss Broene and Miss Daly have helped to make all the costumes and hats. Miss Wolfman has assisted with dances, and Miss Ramsted with the accompaniments. Mr. Gahl and Mr. Middlecamp have given able assistance as stage carpenters. To all of these, the Glee Club heartily wishes to express their thanks.

The thirty members of the high school girls' glee club have been working hard and faithfully to prepare their comic operetta, "Prince Charming," for its public performance at Daly's Theatre on Friday and Saturday nights. During the year at the Thursday rehearsals the average attendance has been 70 girls and 10 or 15 girls are on the waiting list of those who wish to join when there is an opening for new members.

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CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATIONS

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an open competitive examination for railway mail clerk, for both men and women, March 15, 1919, at various places in Wisconsin and other states. Among the qualifications necessary for this examination are the following:

Applicants must have reached their eighteenth birthday on the date of the examination, and must be free from physical defects.

Male applicants must measure at least 5 feet in height, without shoes or shoes, and will not be eligible for appointment unless they weigh at least 130 pounds in ordinary clothing without overcoat or hat.

Female applicants must measure 5 feet 2 inches in height, without shoes or shoes, and will not be eligible for appointment unless they weigh at least 110 pounds in ordinary clothing, without overcoat or hat.

It is contemplated that the appointment of women will be territorial railway post offices in the following cities, in limited numbers only:

Birmingham, Ala.; Little Rock and Texarkana, Ark.; Los Angeles and Sacramento, Cal.; Denver, Colo.; Washington, D. C.; Atlanta, Ga.; Chicago, Ill.; Council Bluffs and Sioux City, Iowa; Wichita, Kans.; Boston and Springfield, Mass.; Detroit, Mich.; Minneapolis, and St. Paul, Minn.; Kansas City, St. Joseph and St. Louis, Mo.; Omaha, Neb. (Burlington terminal); Hoboken and Jersey City, N. J.; Albany, Buffalo, New York and Utica, N. Y.; Cincinnati and Cleveland, Ohio; Harrisburg, Philadelphia, and Pittsburgh, Pa.; Chattanooga and Nashville, Tenn.; Fort Worth and Houston, Tex.; Ogden, Utah; Spokane, Wash., and Milwaukee, Wis.

Anybody in this locality who wishes to take the examination may secure application blanks from the local post office. The cities in Wisconsin in which examinations will be held are as follows: Appleton, Ashland, Chippewa Falls, Eau Claire, Fond du Lac, Green Bay, Janesville, Ladysburg, Madison, Marinette, Milwaukee, Oshkosh, Racine, Superior, Wausau, and Wausau.

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A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Myron Neiman of the town of Rudolph on Feb. 7th.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Lassa have rented their farm in the town of Sigel to John Lassa, and departed the past week for Chicago to reside.

THE
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Cor. 2nd and Vine Sts.
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SPECIALS FOR
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Choice Tender Round Steak.....25c
Boiling Beef.....15c
Hamburger.....20c
Choice Boneless Roast Beef.....25c
Beef Stew.....20c

Choice Pork Roast.....25c
Pork Chops.....25c
Pork Steak.....25c
Fresh Spareribs.....15c
Fresh Side Pork.....25c
Fresh Back Bones.....8c
Fresh Pigs Feet.....8c
Fresh Hog Liver.....4c
Ham Pork Roast.....25c
Pork Loin Roast.....25c
Pork Rib Roast.....25c
Fresh Pig Tails.....15c
Pork Sausage, all Pork.....22c

Choice Leg Veal Roast.....25c
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Choice Shoulder Veal Roast.....25c
Veal Chops.....25c
Veal Stew.....15c
Veal Cutlets.....25c

Choice Lamb.....25c
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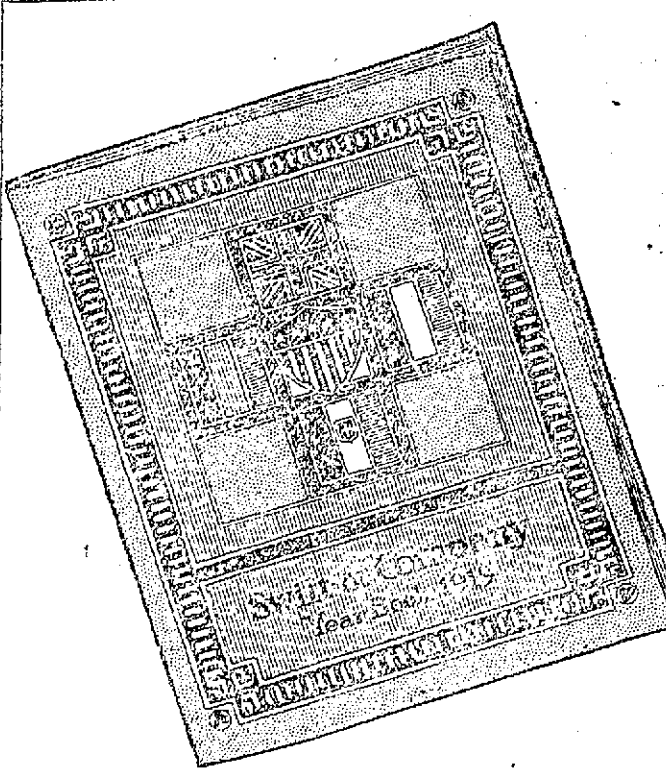
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Do You Want to Know Both Sides?

Swift & Company's 1919 Year Book, just out, tells you

What Swift & Company's profits were in 1918,
The truth about the Federal Trade Commission's investigation,
Why the prices of butter and eggs are so high,
And many other vital facts.

Whether or not you agree with us after reading this Year Book, you will at least know both sides.

You will find it interesting; Americans like to hear about big things done in a big way.


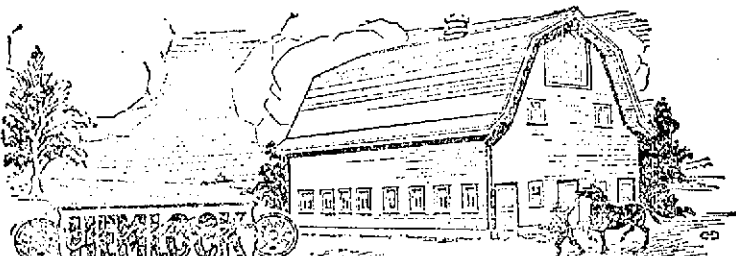
You will also discover that we are merely human beings like yourself, doing in the best possible way a necessary service.

Legislation is pending in Washington; as a good American citizen you want to know both sides of this question. It concerns you, as well as one of the most important industries in the country.

Do not hesitate to send for a copy of this booklet. Your name and address are all we need.

Address Swift & Company
Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Illinois

Swift & Company, U.S.A.

Barn Plans Free WHY?

Why should we give to you free plans for the most modern barns? We do it—and there is no "string" to it.

But of course there's a "WHY." This is it. We feel certain that if you get the fine big working plans published for "Old Faithful" HEMLOCK you will investigate "Old Faithful" HEMLOCK, and if you investigate "Old Faithful" you will surely build your barn of it. You won't have to but you WILL.

"Old Faithful" HEMLOCK Lumber has been a standard for over 200 years—a pretty good test. So send for Book No. 3 and pick out the plan you want.

THE HEMLOCK MANUFACTURERS
(of Wisconsin and Northern Michigan) Offices at Oshkosh, Wisconsin
We spend the good money about "Old Faithful" HEMLOCK but we do not sell it. Get it from your LOCAL LUMBER DEALER.

Horses for Sale

At DR. V. P. NORTON'S BARN
West Side Market Square

Will have a car load of horses here about February 21st. These horses are Draft Farm Horses and guaranteed.

Remember these horses are handled by MAX WIRTH of Stevens Point, who has been an established dealer for the past thirty years.

Do not buy before you see these animals.

MAX WIRTH

LOCAL ITEMS

Nomination blanks for sale at the Tribune office.

O. R. Moore is spending a few days in Sturgeon Bay this week with friends.

Mrs. Geo. Moulton departed on Tuesday for an extended visit with her daughter at Chicago.

Jacob Stenot, one of the hustling farmers out on route five was a Tribune visitor Wednesday.

Oliver Trudell arrived home on Sunday from Camp Lewis, Wash., having received an honorable discharge.

Albert Emerson of Alford called at this office on Wednesday and had his name entered on the Tribune subscription list.

Fred Ragan and Andy Karsboom are spending today at Wautoma, driving down this morning and intending to return this afternoon.

Mrs. Nels Johnson received word from her son, Lieut. Don, who is in the aviation department, that he landed in New York on Sunday from France and expected to receive his discharge soon.

Albert Knoll of the town of Grand Rapids was among the business callers at this office on Wednesday.

The town of Sigel lost three of its brave boys during the war just ended. They are Carl Elben Lindstrom, killed in action and Julius Duddle and Gus Brostowitz who died of illness in France.

A number of the friends of Miss Mayne Henry staged her on Wednesday evening and the result was a very pleasant evening for all concerned. Miss Henry left this morning for Minneapolis, where she has been employed for some time.

Miss Alma Friday arrived in this city on Monday for a few days visit with relatives and friends while en route from Chicago where she had been purchasing her spring line of millinery to St. Cloud, Minn., where she owns and operates a millinery store.

VALENTINE PARTY

The Girls' Glee Club Operetta on Friday and Saturday night will be a big Valentine party for you and your friends. Bring mother, dad, and all the children to see cupid and his valentines. Funny Jack and Jill, the handsome Prince Charming and his charming sweetheart. Every song and dance is planned especially to entertain YOU.

The co-operation of the Art, Domestic Science and Manual Training departments has been greatly appreciated by the girls and Miss Bradford and Miss Schwarzkoft have made posters, designed costumes, and color schemes. Miss Jackson, Miss Fontaine, Miss Breene, and Miss Daly have helped to make all the costumes and hats. Miss Weltman has assisted with the dances, and Miss Ramsted with the accompaniments. Mr. Gahl and Mr. Middlecamp have given able assistance as stage carpenters. To all of these, the Glee Club as a whole wishes to express their thanks.

The eighty members of the high school girls' glee club have been working hard and faithfully to prepare their comic operetta, "Prince Charming," for its public performance at Daly's Theatre on Friday and Saturday nights. During the year at the Thursday rehearsals the average attendance has been 70 girls and 10 or 15 girls are on the waiting list of those who wish to join, when there is an opening for new members.

WERE AT THE ROAD SCHOOL

F. F. Mengel, W. H. Drath and M. E. Burr of the highway engineer's office of this city, were all in Madison last week where they attended the annual road school. They report having had a first class meeting, one of the largest and best that has ever been held in the state, there being about 650 present. Mr. Mengel before the meeting, he taking as his subject "How to Get Clean Cut Grading Jobs." An addition has been made to the local highway office in the person of N. M. Isabella, who will be stationed in this city and be one of the assistants to Mr. Mengel.

RUDOLPH

About thirty couple attended the masquerade at Haunschild's hall Friday night, the cold weather and an abundance of flu among the people of this vicinity keeping the attendance down considerably. The prizes were awarded to:

Stella Hass, best lady.
Mrs. K. J. Marceau, best comic lady.
Raymond Yeagle of Dakota; Illinois, best comic gent.
The music was furnished by Speltz Brothers orchestra and was up to their usual standard.
Mrs. H. F. Radtke has returned from a weeks visit with relatives at Greenwood.

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATION

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an open competitive examination for railway mail clerk, for both men and women on March 15, 1919, at various places in Wisconsin and other states. Among the qualifications necessary for this examination are the following:

Applicants must have reached their eighteenth but not thirty-fifth birthday on the date of the examination, and must be free from physical defects.

Male applicants must measure at least 5 feet in height, without boots or shoes, and will not be eligible for appointment unless they weigh at least 130 pounds in ordinary clothing, without overcoat or hat.

Female applicants must measure 5 feet 2 inches in height, without boots or shoes, and will not be eligible for appointment unless they weigh at least 110 pounds in ordinary clothing, without overcoat or hat.

It is contemplated that the appointment of women will be terminal railway post offices in the following cities, in limited numbers only:

Birmingham, Ala.; Little Rock and Texarkana, Ark.; Los Angeles and Sacramento, Cal.; Denver, Colo.; Chicago, Ill.; Council Bluffs and Sioux City, Iowa; Wichita, Kans.; Boston and Springfield, Mass.; Detroit, Mich.; Minneapolis, St. Paul, Minn.; Kansas City, St. Joseph and Leavenworth, Mo.; Omaha, Nebr. (Burlington Terminal); Hoboken and Jersey City, N. J.; Albany, Buffalo, New York and Utica, N. Y.; Cincinnati and Cleveland, Ohio; Harrisburg, Philadelphia, and Pittsburg, Pa.; Chattanooga and Nashville, Tenn.; Fort Worth and Houston, Tex.; Ogden, Utah; Spokane, Wash., and Milwaukee, Wis.

Anybody in this locality who wishes to take the examination may secure application blanks from the local postoffice. The cities in Wisconsin in which examinations will be held are as follows: Appleton, Ashland, Chippewa Falls, Eau Claire, Fond du Lac, Green Bay, Janesville, LaCrosse, Madison, Marinette, Milwaukee, Oshkosh, Racine, Superior, Waukesha and Wausau.

FINALLY GOT THE MILK

A story that is told on Leo A. Borchardt, a Stevens Point boy, who served with the A. E. F. in France, demonstrates that the boy from the day stars know what to do when they want to say milk in the sign language. Here's what Borchardt did:

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"GUN SETTER" ARRESTED

Oscar Crawford, who resides near Boulder Junction, in the northern part of the state, was arrested recently on the charge of having placed two set guns in the woods near his home. The arrests were made by Conservation Wardens Gwilt of Rhinelander and Weaver of Woodville, who luckily discovered the guns without firing them. The pieces were heavily loaded with slugs and it was evident that they had been placed there with the intention of killing deer. Crawford being one of the closest residents, suspicion pointed toward him. When accused he readily admitted his guilt. The family being in very poor circumstances the man was allowed to plead guilty to a less serious charge and fined.

Scandinavian Moravian Church

9:30 A. M. Sunday school.
10:30 A. M. English preaching service every Sunday but the first in the month when the Norwegian language is used.
8:00 P. M. evening worship.
Sunday, Feb. 16th service in the Saratoga Union church at 3 P. M.

MARKET REPORT

Potatoes, stray beauties, cwt.	\$1.00
Spring Roosters	22c
Geese	15c
Eggs	32c
Beef	15-16c
Hides	18-20c
Pork, dressed	16-17c
Veal	16-17c
Butter	36-40c
Hay, Timothy	\$20-\$22
Rye	\$1.00
Buckwheat, cwt.	\$2.00
Wheat Flour	\$11.60
Oats	52c
Rye Flour	\$10.50

New Spring Petticoats

Guaranteed Silk Petticoats

Never heard of guaranteed Silk Petticoats before, but we have such a line now, in Taffetas, Satins and Knit Silks at remarkably low prices ranging from:

2:75 up to 12:50

Among these are very pretty novelties one of a kind so we advise you to choose early. Pantaloons Flesh Color Silk

75c to 3.75

Clearing Sale Offerings

All Light and Dark Galicos per yard 15c
Apron Gingham at 22 and 19c
Short Ends Silkaline and Comforter Voiles 32c Value per yard 19c.

DRESS GOODS CLEARANCE, REMNANTS OF:

Dress Goods, Silks, Voiles, Gingham, Curtain Goods etc.
Muslin, Etc., Ready to Wear Clearance on Furs, Coats, Suits, Dresses, Skirts, clearance of Underwear, Hose and Socks.

Our Spring Dress and Skiing Silks are ready for you.

W. C. Weisel

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Choice Tender Round Steak	25c
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Hamburger	20c
Choice Boneless Roast Beef	25c
Beef Stew	20c
PORK	
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Pork Chops	28c
Pork Steak	27c
Fresh Spareribs	18c
Fresh Side Pork	28c
Fresh Back Bones	28c
Fresh Pig Tails	8c
Fresh Hog Liver	6c
Ham Pork Roast	27c
Pork Loin Roast	28c
Pork Rib Roast	28c
Fresh Pig Tails	15c
Plate Sausage, all Pork	22c
VEAL	
Choice Leg Veal Roast	25c
Choice Loin Veal Roast	22c
Choice Shoulder Veal Roast	20c
Veal Chops	25c
Veal Stew	15c
Veal Cutlets	25c
CHOICE LAMB	
Halfquarter Lamb	22c
Short Leg Lamb	25c
Choice Shoulder Lamb	20c
Lamb Stew	15c
Lamb Chops	25c
SMOKED AND SALT MEATS	
No. 1 Hams	33c
No. 1 Picnic Hams	25c
Very Good Bacon Lean	30c
Salt Pork	22c
Salt Side Pork	25c
Lean Salt Pork	25c
Salt Spareribs	15c
SAUSAGE	
Home Made Bologna Sausage	18c
Home Made Liver Sausage	15c
Frankforta	20c
Head Cheese	15c
Smoked Liver Sausage	25c
Summer Sausage	25c
Mince Ham	20c
HOME RENDERED LARD	
Fresh Leaf Lard	23 1/2c
No. 3 pails Home Made Lard	8c
No. 5 pails Home Made Lard	\$1.35
No. 10 pails Home Made Lard	\$2.70
Nut Butter	32c
Oleomargarine 1 pound print	30c
Oleomargarine 2 pound print	60c
Oleomargarine 5 lb. print	\$1.45

JOHNSON & HILL CO.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

GROCERY DEPARTMENT

Business, with us, is the best we have ever had. THERE IS A REASON! Our prices are the lowest—the quality of our goods are the best for the money. Our service is good. Then why shouldn't we do a large business?

Some of Our Snaps:

TOILET SOAP

Palm Olive Soap per bar	11c
Kirk's Jap Rose Soap per bar	11c
Rice, a good lot at per pound	8c
Calumet Baking Powder 30c cans our price	19c
Royal Baking Powder, 45c cans	30c
Royal Baking Powder, 25c cans	16c
Dill Pickles per dozen	12c
Sour Pickles per dozen	9c
10c Bottle Pickles	7c
35c Jars Libby's Dried Beef	25c
45c bottles Durkes Salad Dressing	31c
25c bottle Durkes Salad Dressing	17c
Jello and Tryphosa per package	9c
Corn Flakes per package	12c
Puffed Rice per package	12c
Puffed Wheat per package	12c
Shredded Wheat per package	13c
25c Postum Cereal per package	19c
Post Toasties, large, special lot	13c
Post Toasties, large regular	18c
Post Toasties, small regular	12c
Post Toasties, small regular	11c
Grape Nuts per package	11c
Dr. Price's Corn Flakes per package	22c
National Rolled Oats per package	5c
Arm & Hammer Saleratus, 1 lb. package, lot No. 1 per pkg.	5c
Arm & Hammer Saleratus 1 lb. packages, lot No. 2 pkg.	4c
Arm & Hammer Saleratus, 1 lb. packages, lot No. 3, per pkg.	3c
1 lot of Gum, 2 packages for	5c

SMOKING TOBACCO

Standard 16 oz. package	42c
Standard 8 oz. package	21c
35c package Nigger Hair Tobacco	29c
30 package P. S. or Badger Tobacco	12c
15c package P. S. or Badger Tobacco	12c
15c tins Velvet, Tuxedo and Prince Albert	12 1/2c
All 7c packages of Smoking Tobacco	6c
Sugar 100 lbs.	\$9.88
10 lbs.	\$1.00
5 lbs.	52c

We give 2% on all cash purchases in this store. Makes sugar cost \$9.67 for cash.

FLOUR! FLOUR!

Get our special prices on Flour and Feeds

EXTRA SPECIAL

Only 100 grape pattern cut bottoms, 1/2 gallon glass water pitchers, specially priced at each.....59c
100 grape pattern cut bottoms, 2 quart glass berry dishes at only.....49c
Only 100 of each, first come, first served

SOAP PRICES

Get your soap at these figures

7c bars Classic soap	5c
7c bars Electric Spark soap	5 1/2c
7c bars Bob White Soap	6c
7c bars Sunny Monday Soap	6c
7c bars Grandma's White Laundry	6c
7c package Washing Powder	4c
7c bar Scouring Soap	4c
15c package Lux, per package	10c
12c package Ivory Flakes	8c
1 lot Bon Ami, per cake	6 1/2c
50c package 20 Mule Team Soap Chips	34c
15c package 20 Mule Team Soap Chips	10c
18c package 20 Mule Team Borax	11c
1 lot canned Lye per can	6 1/2c

STOVE POLISH

Vulconal Stove Polish, 10c size	6 1/2c
Rising Sun Stove Polish 10c size	6c
E-Z Stove Polish 10c size	6 1/2c
12c cans Lye, a special lot at	6 1/2c

JOHNSON & HILL COMPANY

The Store that saves you time, trouble and money